



May 13, 2005

Mr. Donald C. Howard, Regional Supervisor Field Operations Minerals Management Service Gulf of Mexico OCS Region 1201 Elmwood Park Blvd. New Orleans, Louisiana 70123

Attention:

Mr. Alex Alvarado

MS 5232

RE:

Application for a dual diameter 8-Inch/10-inch Bulk Gas Right-of-Way Pipeline (Jubilee/Vortex/Cheyenne 8/10" East Flowline) and associated electric/hydraulic umbilical to be installed in the Lloyd Ridge, Atwater Valley and Mississippi Canyon Areas, OCS Federal Waters, initiating in Lloyd Ridge Area Block 399 and terminating in Mississippi Canyon Area Block 920 at a proposed Floating Production Platform (Independence Hub), Gulf of Mexico, Federal Waters.

#### Gentlemen,

Pursuant to the authority granted Section 5 (e) the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (67 Stat. 462)(43 U.S.C. 1331), as amended (92 Sta. 629), and in compliance with the regulations contained in Title 30 CFR Part 250 Subpart J, Anadarko Petroleum Corporation (Anadarko) is filing this application, in quadruplicate (original and three copies), for a Right-of-Way two hundred feet (200') in width for the construction, maintenance and operation of a dual diameter 10/8-inch bulk gas pipeline to be installed in and/or through Lloyd Ridge Area Blocks 399, 398, 354, and 353; Atwater Valley Area Blocks 393, 349, 305, 261, 217, 173, 129, 128, 84, 40, and 39; Mississippi Canyon Area Blocks 1007, 963, 964, and 920, OCS Federal Waters, Gulf of Mexico. Anadarko agrees that said Right-of-Way, if approved, will be subject to the terms and conditions of said regulations. The associated electric/hydraulic umbilical will be installed in and/or through Lloyd Ridge Area Blocks 399, 398, 354, 353 and 309; Atwater Valley Area Blocks 349, 305, 261, 217, 173, 129, 85, 41 and 40; Mississippi Canyon Area Blocks 1008, 964, and 920, OCS Federal Waters, Gulf of Mexico.

The bulk gas pipeline, which is approximately 44.84 miles or 236,767 feet long, will be utilized to transport bulk gas production from a subsea Pipeline End Termination sled, located in LL-399 to the proposed floating production platform located in MC-920. The electric/hydraulic umbilical, which is approximately 41.89 miles or 221,164 feet long, will be utilized to provide electric and hydraulic control as well as methanol and chemical injection to subsea wells from the proposed floating production platform located in MC-920. The umbilical consists of two sections, namely the Cheyenne umblical (12.89 miles) and the Jubilee umbilical (29.00 miles).

Anadarko will be the designated operator of the subject Right-of-Way bulk gas pipeline. The proposed pipeline will be designed, constructed operated and maintained in accordance with Title 30 CFR Part 250. The pipeline is to be located in a maximum water depth of 8,961 feet and a minimum water depth of

7913 feet. Since the entire pipeline is in water depths in excess of 200 feet, the pipeline will be installed without burial below the seabed.

Installation of the proposed bulk gas pipeline and associated electric/hydraulic umbilical will be accomplished by utilizing a Dynamically Positioned (DP) lay vessel and will not require the use of anchors for positioning. The estimated project duration is a total of 30 days commencing with pipeline installation around November 1, 2005 (21 days), followed by installation of the Steel Catenary Riser (SCR) installation around August 1, 2006 and installation of the umbilical around August 15, 2006. Startup is expected around July 1, 2007.

The operations base for Anadarko is located in Houma, Louisiana. During construction for this project, the base of operations will be Fourchon, Louisiana.

The proposed pipeline crosses nineteen (19) Lloyd Ridge, Atwater Valley and Mississippi Canyon blocks (Lloyd Ridge Area Blocks 399, 398, 354, and 353; Atwater Valley Area Blocks 393, 349, 305, 261, 217, 173, 129, 128, 84, 40, and 39; Mississippi Canyon Area Blocks 1007, 963, 964, and 920). The proposed umbilical crosses seventeen (17) Lloyd Ridge, Atwater Valley and Mississippi Canyon blocks (Lloyd Ridge Area Blocks 399, 398, 354, 353 and 309; Atwater Valley Area Blocks 349, 305, 261, 217, 173, 129, 85, 41 and 40; Mississippi Canyon Area Blocks 1008, 964, and 920). Neither the pipeline nor the umbilical cross any pipelines. In accordance with applicable regulations, Anadarko has forwarded a copy of this proposed pipeline application by Certified Mail, Return Receipt Requested, to each designated Oil and Gas Lease Operator whose lease is so affected. Copies of these letters and copies of the unsigned requested Return Receipt are attached for reference. A list of Designated Operators and Right-of-Way or Easement Holders is also attached. Copies of the Return Receipts showing dates and signatures as evidence of service upon such Operators and Right-of-Way or Easement Holders will be forwarded to your office upon receipt. In the event Anadarko cannot obtain completed return receipt cards, we understand that a letter from the Lessee expressing no objection to the proposed project is acceptable. In order to expedite the permit process, Anadarko has requested a letter from the Operator expressing no objection to the proposed project. When obtained, these letters will be forwarded to your office.

The proposed route of the Right-of-Way does not adjoin or subsequently cross state-submerged lands.

Anadarko hereby certifies that the proposed activity described in this application complies with and will be conducted in a manner consistent with the Coastal Management Program for the affected states (Louisiana and Florida). A copy of the letter and consistency certifications are attached for your review. C&C Technologies conducted a pipeline Pre-Lay Survey and Hazards Study for the proposed Operations. The survey report prepared by C&C Technologies, and submitted with this application, identifies side-scan sonar contacts within the surveyed area. The coordinates of the side scan sonar contacts will be recorded into the installation vessels on-board navigation and position system and avoided during pipelay. Anadarko has reviewed the hazard survey and will comply with all recommendations found therein.

This pipeline will be inspected after installation on the seabed, by use of a Remote Operated Vehicle (ROV), to determine if any spanning has occurred. Any excessive spanning will be rectified by installing adequate supports or Vortex Induced Vibration (VIV) suppression. The location of any spans will be identified, reported, and records maintained in Anadarko's as-built construction report.

If any site, structure or object of historical or archaeological significance should be discovered during the conduct of any operations within the permitted Right-of-Way, Anadarko shall report such findings immediately, to the Director, Gulf of Mexico OCS Region, and make every reasonable effort to preserve and protect the cultural resources from damage until the Director has given directions as to its preservation.

The calculated worst-case discharge for the proposed Right-of-Way Oil Pipeline is less than 1,000 barrels. Worst-case Oil Spill calculations are included.

Please refer to Anadarko's New Orleans Miscellaneous File No. 981 for a copy of a resolution approved by the Board of Directors authorizing the undersigned to sign for and on behalf of Anadarko. Additionally, Anadarko has an approved \$300,000 Right-of-Way Grant Bond (Bond No. 945480) on file with the MMS, covering installation of right-of-way pipelines in Federal Waters, Gulf of Mexico.

Applicant agrees to be bound by the foregoing regulations, and further agrees to comply with the application stipulations as set forth in Title 30 CFR 250 (Subpart J).

Anadarko requests the following departures:

- 1. Anadarko hereby requests a waiver from NTL 98-20, Section IV.B, which requires the buoying of all existing pipeline(s) and other potential hazards located within 150 meters (490 feet) of the proposed operations. Utilizing the on-board graphic system during construction operations, Anadarko will comply with the recommended avoidance criteria of any magnetic anomalies found in the Pipeline Pre-Lay Survey Report along the proposed pipeline route.
- 2. The American National Standards Institute (ANSI) B31.8 design code and 30 CFR 250 will be used in setting the internal design pressure for the steel pipe used in the pipeline and riser. Where ANSI B31.8 does not provide specific guidance, a limit state design philosophy will be adopted. API RP 1111 will be referred to for external pressure collapse calculations, as B31.8 does not adequately address these for deepwater applications. For this reason, Anadarko hereby requests approval for the utilization of API RP 1111 for the design against collapse of the pipeline due to external hydrostatic pressure. Pertinent calculations are included for reference.
- 3. Anadarko hereby requests a waiver from recording magnetometer data as part of the shallow hazards survey in water depths beyond 600 feet.

In support of our application and for your review and use, the following exhibits have been enclosed herewith and made a part hereof:

- 1. Attachment A List of Lease Operators and Right-of-Way Holders
- 2. Attachment B Pipeline Design Criteria
- 3. Attachment C Signed copies of Nondiscrimination in Employment statement (one original and 3 copies)
- 4. General Permit Information:
  - a. Attachment D Vicinity Layout
  - b. Attachment E Route and Profile Maps
  - c. Attachment F Safety Flow Schematic

- d. Attachment G Steel Catenary Riser at MC-920
- e. Attachment H Umbilical Data Sheets
- 5. Attachment I Copies of Lease and Pipeline crossing "Request for No Objection" letters and requested Return Receipts.
- 6. Attachments J Copies of the affected states Consistency Certification and letter of request for determinations.
- 7. Enclosure 1 MMS Checklist.
- 8. Enclosure 2 Check in the amount of \$5,725.00 of which \$2,350.00 covers the application fee and \$3,375.00 (\$675/year) covers the first five (5) year's rental payment on 44.84 miles of Right-of-Way.
- 9. Enclosure 3 High Resolution Geophysical Survey Report (plus one diskette with ASCII file for the flowline and umbilical route prepared by C&C Technologies

Anadarko hereby agrees to keep open at all reasonable times for inspection by the Minerals Management Service, the area covered by this Right-of-Way and all improvements, structures, and fixtures thereon and all records relative to the design, construction, operation, maintenance and repairs, or investigations on or with regard to such area.

Contacts on technical points or other information should be directed to:

Susan Hathcock Anadarko Petroleum Corporation P. O. Box 1330 Houston, TX 77251-1330 (832) 636-8758 susan\_hathcock@anadarko.com

Your efforts to approve the installation of the subject pipeline in a timely fashion would be most appreciated.

Very truly yours,

Charles G. Hughes

Agent & Attorney-in-Fact

Attachments and Enclosures

#### ATTACHMENT A

# LIST OF LEASE OPERATORS AND RIGHT OF WAY HOLDERS ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

8/10-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE (JVC EAST) AND UMBILICAL LLOYD RIDGE AREA BLOCK 399 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

# A. Lease Operators

# 8/10" Bulk Gas Pipeline

The following lease operators are being notified of the proposed pipeline route in accordance with the "No Objection" requirements:

BLOCK	LEASE	LEASE HOLDER		
LL - 399	OCS-G-23480	Anadarko Petroleum Corporation		
LL - 398		Open		
LL - 354	OCS-G-23476	Anadarko Petroleum Corporation		
LL - 353	·	Open		
AT - 393		Open		
AT - 349	OCS-G-18577	Anadarko Petroleum Corporation		
AT - 305	OCS-G-18556	Anadarko Petroleum Corporation		
AT - 261	OCS-G-16890	BHP Billiton Petroleum (GOM) Inc.		
AT - 217	OCS-G-16879	BHP Billiton Petroleum (GOM) Inc.		
AT - 173		Open		
AT - 129	OCS-G-20137	Nexen Petroleum U.S.A. Inc.		
AT - 128	OCS-G-18501	Nexen Petroleum U.S.A. Inc.		
AT - 84	OCS-G-16859	BHP Billiton Petroleum (GOM) Inc.		
AT - 40	OCS-G-20131	Woodside Energy (USA) Inc.		
AT - 39	OCS-G-24211	Devon Louisiana Corporation		
MC -1007	OCS-G-20016	Devon Louisiana Corporation		
MC - 963		Open		
MC - 964		Open		
MC - 920		Open		

#### ATTACHMENT A

# LIST OF LEASE OPERATORS AND RIGHT OF WAY HOLDERS ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION 8/10-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE (JVC EAST) AND UMBILICAL

LLOYD RIDGE AREA BLOCK 399 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

# Electric/Hydraulic Umbilical

The following lease operators are being notified of the proposed umbilical route in accordance with the "No Objection" requirements:

BLOCK	LEASE	LEASE HOLDER		
LL - 399	OCS-G-23480	Anadarko Petroleum Corporation		
LL - 398	÷	Open		
LL - 354	OCS-G-23476	Anadarko Petroleum Corporation		
LL - 353		Open		
LL - 309	OCS-G-23473	Anadarko Petroleum Corporation		
AT - 349	OCS-G-18577	Anadarko Petroleum Corporation		
AT - 305	OCS-G-18556	Anadarko Petroleum Corporation		
AT - 261	OCS-G-16890	BHP Billiton Petroleum (GOM) Inc.		
AT - 217	OCS-G-16879	BHP Billiton Petroleum (GOM) Inc.		
AT - 173		Open		
AT - 129	OCS-G-20137	Nexen Petroleum U.S.A. Inc.		
AT - 85		Open		
AT - 41		Open		
AT - 40	OCS-G-20131	Woodside Energy (USA) Inc.		
MC -1008	OCS-G-20017	Woodside Energy (USA) Inc.		
MC - 964		Open		
MC - 920		Open		

# ATTACHMENT A

# LIST OF LEASE OPERATORS AND RIGHT OF WAY HOLDERS ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

8/10-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE (JVC EAST) AND UMBILICAL LLOYD RIDGE AREA BLOCK 399 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

#### **Pipeline Operators** В.

The following pipeline operators are being notified of the proposed pipeline route in accordance with the "No Objection" requirements:

ROW HOLDER	PIPELINE SIZE/PRODUCT	OCS ROW NO.	SEG. NO.	AREA/BLOCK
None				
				,
/				

#### ATTACHMENT B

#### PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

#### ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

# 8/10-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE (JVC EAST) AND UMBILICAL

# LLOYD RIDGE AREA BLOCK 399 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

#### A. INTRODUCTION

This proposed dual diameter 8-inch and 10-inch bulk gas pipeline will be utilized to transport production from the Cheyenne, Jubilee and Vortex Fields located in the Lloyd Ridge and Atwater Valley Areas, Gulf of Mexico. This pipeline will be part of an overall gathering system for these fields, as part of the Independence Project, and is shown on the attached Safety Flow Schematic.

#### B. DESIGN INFORMATION

Design of the flowline system will be in accordance with 30 CFR 250. The maximum wellhead Shut-in Tubing Pressure(SITP) of any source for this pipeline is 8100 psig. When applicable, the effects of external pressure in the design are considered.

1. Product to be transported:

**Bulk Gas** 

2. Pipeline and Riser Specifications:

PARAMETER	PIPELINE 8-inch/Section	PIPELINE 10-inch-Section	STEELICATENARY RISER (SCR) AT MC - 920
Water Depth Range (ft)	8961 to 8634	8634 to 7913	0 - 7913
Length (ft)	77,574 <sup>note 1</sup>	150,153 note 1	14,000 (9000 ft. Horiz. Proj.) note 1
Outside Diameter (in)	8.625	10.75	10.75
Wall Thickness (in)	0.675	0.862	1.180
Buckle Arrestors (in)	0.812	1.000	
Material	API 5L	API 5L	API 5L
Grade	X-65	X-65	X-65

Notes: 1. Total Right of way length is 236,479 ft.

#### 3. Type of Cathodic Protection:

- a. Sacrificial Anode System (480 foot spacing)
- b. Type of Anode: Aluminum-Indium-Zinc Alloy
- c. Two (2) additional anodes will be placed at each end of the pipeline and at each pipeline crossing.
- d. Unit weight of anode:

72.7 lbs. for 8.625-inch diameter pipeline

91.8 lbs. for 10.75-inch diameter pipeline

- e. Platform anodes will not be used to protect the pipeline.
- f. Pipeline anode life: 20 years minimum.

Based on the formula:

 $Le_{(p/1)} = 3.82 \times 10^4 \times w^0/DIR$ 

Where:

#### ATTACHMENT B

#### PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

### ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

# 8/10-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE (JVC EAST) AND UMBILICAL

LLOYD RIDGE AREA BLOCK 399 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

Le<sub>(p/1)</sub> = Life expectancy (years) w<sup>o</sup> = Weight of anode unit (lbs) D = Diameter of pipe (inches)

I = Separation between anodes (ft)

R = Rate of consumption (lbs/amp year)= 7.42 lbs/amp year

8.625-inch Pipeline

 $\overline{\text{Le}_{(p/1)}} = (3.82 \times 10^4)(72.7)/[(8.625)(480)(7.42)] = 90.4 \text{ years}$ 

10.75-inch Pipeline

 $\overline{\text{Le}_{(p/1)}} = (3.82 \times 10^4)(91.8)/[(10.75)(480)(7.42)] = 91.6 \text{ years}$ 

4. Water Depth:

Minimum of 7,913 feet at MC-920 proposed platform

Maximum of 8,961 feet

- 5. Description of Protective Coating:
  - a. Pipeline:

Fusion Bonded Epoxy (FBE) -Minimum 14-16 mils

Concrete Weight Coating (CWC) - None.

b. Riser:

Below Water: Minimum 18 mils of Fusion Bonded Epoxy (FBE) coating plus 2.5 to 4

mils of "Rough Coat" FBE coating. An abrasion resistant coating will be installed for 1000-ft. either side of the SCR touchdown location.

Splash Zone: 0.500 in. of Vulcanized Neoprene

Above Water: 10 mils (3 coat paint system; 2.5 mils Inorganic Zinc, 5 mils

Multipurpose Epoxy, 2.5 mils Aliphide Polyurethane)

- 6. Internal Corrosion Protection: The pipeline will be monitored for corrosion and a chemical injection program instituted if necessary. The pipeline will not be designed for pigging. However, the pipeline will be suitable for pigging if necessary later.
- 7. Specific Gravity: SG = weight in air (empty) / water displacement (in seawater)

#### ATTACHMENT B

# PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

# ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

# 8/10-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE (JVC EAST) AND UMBILICAL

LLOYD RIDGE AREA BLOCK 399 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

Description:	Air Weight (lb/ft)	Water Displacement (lb/ft)	Submerged Empty Weight (lb/ft)	Pipeline/Riser Specific Gravity
PIPELINE Line Pipe: 8.625" O.D. X 0.675" W.T. with FBE Coat.	57.75	26.09	31.65	2.21
PIPELINE Line Pipe: 10.75" O.D. X 0.862" W.T. with FBE Coat.	91.59	40.45	51.14	2.26
SCR 10.75" O.D. X 1.180" W.T. with FBE Coat.	121.20	40.45	80.75	3.00

8. Specific Gravity of Gas (Air = 1.0):

0.65

9. Design Capacity for Pipeline:

210 MMSCFD

Condensate Rate:

2 BBL/MMSCF

10. Flowline System Shut-in Pressure:

The following calculations determine the shut-in pressures between the (+)100-ft. elevation at the host platform (MC-920) and the base of the flowline (-)8,961-ft. For conservatism, the maximum shut-in tubing pressure for any source is utilized and a conservative Methane gas unit weight at shut-in tubing pressure of 15 lb/ft<sup>3</sup> is assumed.

#### ATTACHMENT B

#### PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

#### ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

# 8/10-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE (JVC EAST) AND UMBILICAL

LLOYD RIDGE AREA BLOCK 399 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

$$P_{shut-in} = 8,100 \text{ psig (Wellhead Shut - in Tubing Pressure)} - (\Delta Elevation from \max wd) (\frac{15 \text{ }lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 \text{ }in^2})$$

$$Host Platform + 100 \text{ MSL} \Rightarrow P_{shut-in} = 8,100 \text{ psig (Wellhead Shut - in Tubing Pressure)} - (9,061 \text{ }ft) (\frac{15 \text{ }lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 \text{ }in^2}) = 7,156 \text{ }psig$$

$$Riser - 0 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{shut-in} = 8,100 \text{ psig (Wellhead Shut - in Tubing Pressure)} - (8,961 \text{ }ft) (\frac{15 \text{ }lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 \text{ }in^2}) = 7,167 \text{ }psig$$

$$Riser - 7913 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{shut-in} = 8,100 \text{ psig (Wellhead Shut - in Tubing Pressure)} - (1,048 \text{ }ft) (\frac{15 \text{ }lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 \text{ }in^2}) = 7,990 \text{ }psig$$

$$Flowline - 7913 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{shut-in} = 8,100 \text{ psig (Wellhead Shut - in Tubing Pressure)} - (1,048 \text{ }ft) (\frac{15 \text{ }lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 \text{ }in^2}) = 7,990 \text{ }psig$$

$$Flowline - 8,961 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{shut-in} = 8,100 \text{ psig (Wellhead Shut - in Tubing Pressure)} - (0 \text{ }ft) (\frac{15 \text{ }lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 \text{ }in^2}) = 8,100 \text{ }psig$$

$$Flowline - 8,961 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{shut-in} = 8,100 \text{ }psig \text{ }(\text{Wellhead Shut - in Tubing Pressure)} - (0 \text{ }ft) (\frac{15 \text{ }lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 \text{ }in^2}) = 8,100 \text{ }psig$$

#### 11. Hydrostatic Test Pressure:

The Hydrostatic Test pressure and duration at the (+) 100-ft elevation at the Host platform will be 9,100 psig and 8 hours respectively. This test pressure is based on the meeting 125% of the Maximum Shut-in pressure at any location of the flowline system.

#### Required Hydrostatic Test Pressure

The hydrostatic test pressure is calculated below to ensure that the minimum required test pressure of 125% of the shut-in tubing pressure at any location within the flowline system is met. The calculations below determine the required hydrostatic test pressures at all locations of the flowline.

Test Pressure at Host Platform + 100 MSL 
$$\Rightarrow P_{req\,hyd} = 7,156 \text{ psig x } (125\%) = 8,945 \text{ psig}$$

$$Riser - 0 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{req\,hyd} = 7,167 \text{ psig x } (125\%) = 8,959 \text{ psig}$$

$$Riser - 7,913 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{req\,hyd} = 7,990 \text{ psig x } (125\%) = 9.988 \text{ psig}$$

$$Flowline - 7,913 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{req\,hyd} = 7,990 \text{ psig x } (125\%) = 9,988 \text{ psig}$$

$$Flowline - 8,961 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{req\,hyd} = 8,100 \text{ psig x } (125\%) = 10,125 \text{ psig}$$

#### Minimum Hydrostatic Test Pressure

Based on the above calculations, the minimum hydrostatic test pressure at the top of riser ((+) 100-ft) will ensure that the required hydrostatic test pressure at all locations of the flowline are met. The minimum Hydrostatic test pressure of 8,945 psig will be maintained at the (+) 100-ft. elevation. The calculations below show the actual minimum hydrostatic test pressure at all locations along the flowline, accounting for seawater as the hydrotest medium (64 lb/ft³).

#### ATTACHMENT B

#### PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

# ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

### 8/10-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE (JVC EAST) AND UMBILICAL LLOYD RIDGE AREA BLOCK 399 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

$$\Rightarrow P_{\min hyd} = 8,945 \text{ psig} + (\Delta Elevation from (+)100 ft) (\frac{64 \ lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 \ in^2})$$
Host Platform + 100 MSL  $\Rightarrow P_{\min hyd} = 8,945 \text{ psig} + (0 ft) (\frac{64 \ lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 \ in^2}) = 8,945 \ psig$ 

$$Riser - 0 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{\min hyd} = 8,945 \text{ psig} + (100 ft) (\frac{64 \ lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 \ in^2}) = 8,989 \ psig$$

$$Riser - 7,913 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{\min hyd} = 8,945 \text{ psig} + (8,013 ft) (\frac{64 \ lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 \ in^2}) = 12,506 \ psig$$

$$Flowline - 7,913 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{\min hyd} = 8,945 \text{ psig} + (8,013 ft) (\frac{64 \ lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 \ in^2}) = 12,506 \ psig$$

$$Flowline - 8,961 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow P_{\min hyd} = 8,945 \text{ psig} + (9,061 ft) (\frac{04 \ lb}{ft^3}) (\frac{ft^2}{144 \ in^2}) = 12,972 \ psig$$

#### Effective Hydrostatic Test Pressure

Allowing for external pressure differential, the effective hydrostatic test pressure at any location of the flowline are calculated below. This effective hydrostatic test pressure will be utilized to determine the requirement to maintain a hoop stress of less than 95% of the specified minimum yield strength in the flowline system(section 14).

$$\Rightarrow P_{eff\ lyd} = P_{\min\ lyd} - \text{Water Depth } (ft)(\frac{64\ lb}{ft^3})(\frac{ft^2}{144\ in^2})$$
Host Platform + 100 MSL  $\Rightarrow P_{\min\ lyd} = 8,945\ \text{psig} - (0\ ft)(\frac{64\ lb}{ft^3})(\frac{ft^2}{144\ in^2}) = 8,945\ psig$ 

$$Riser - 0\ \text{fsw} \Rightarrow P_{\min\ lyd} = 8,989\ \text{psig} - (0\ ft)(\frac{64\ lb}{ft^3})(\frac{ft^2}{144\ in^2}) = 8,989\ psig$$

$$Riser - 7913\ \text{fsw} \Rightarrow P_{\min\ lyd} = 12,506\ \text{psig} - (7,913\ ft)(\frac{64\ lb}{ft^3})(\frac{ft^2}{144\ in^2}) = 8,989\ psig$$

$$Flowline - 7913\ \text{fsw} \Rightarrow P_{\min\ lyd} = 12,506\ \text{psig} - (7,913\ ft)(\frac{64\ lb}{ft^3})(\frac{ft^2}{144\ in^2}) = 8,989\ psig$$

$$Flowline - 8,961\ \text{fsw} \Rightarrow P_{\min\ lyd} = 12,972\ \text{psig} - (8,961\ ft)(\frac{64\ lb}{ft^3})(\frac{ft^2}{144\ in^2}) = 8,989\ psig$$

#### 12. Internal Design Pressure of Flowline:

The flowline and riser pipe design pressure and subsequent pipe wall thickness requirements are based on the design equation as required in 30CFR250, Subpart J. The maximum shut-in tubing pressure at any wellhead source is 7,700 psig, and the maximum design pressure is 8,100 psig. The calculations below are for:

- Flowline 8-inch section (All Locations)
- Flowline 10-inch section (All Locations)
- Riser (All Locations)

For the flowline and riser segments, the minimum water depth is utilized to determine the external pressure, yielding the most conservative result.

#### ATTACHMENT B

#### PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

#### ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

# 8/10-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE (JVC EAST) AND UMBILICAL

# LLOYD RIDGE AREA BLOCK 399 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

#### Flowline 8-inch section (All Locations)

$$t_{nom} = \frac{(P_i - P_e)D}{2(F)(E)(T)(S)}$$
  $\Rightarrow$  30 CFR 250, ANSI B31.8 (rearranged)

S = Specified Minimum Yield Strength (SMYS) = 65,000 psi

D = Pipe Outside Diameter= 8.625 in.

F = Construction Design Factor = 0.72 (pipeline per 30 CFR 250)

E = Longitudinal Joint Factor = 1.0 (Seamless Pipe)

T = Temperature Derate Factor = 1.0 (Temp. ≤ 250 °F)

P = Internal Design Pressure= 8100 (psig)

P<sub>e</sub> = External Pressure = P<sub>seawater</sub> (Calculated at minimum water depth)

$$= \left( (8,634 \text{ ft}) \left( \frac{64 \text{ lb}}{\text{ft}^3} \right) \left( \frac{\text{ft}^2}{144 \text{ in}^2} \right) \right) = 3,837 \text{ psig}$$

$$t_{nom} = \frac{\left(8,100 \text{ lb/in}^2 - 3,837 \text{ lb/in}^2\right) \left(8.625 \text{ in}\right)}{2\left(0.72\right) \left(1.0\right) \left(1.0\right) \left(65,000 \text{ lb/in}^2\right)} = 0.393 \text{ in}$$

$$= 0.675 \text{ in. Selected} \implies OK$$

#### Flowline 10-inch section (All Locations)

$$t_{nom} = \frac{(P_i-P_e)D}{2(F)(E)(T)(S)}$$
  $\Rightarrow$  30 CFR 250, ANSI B31.8 (rearranged)

S = Specified Minimum Yield Strength (SMYS) = 65,000 psi

D = Pipe Outside Diameter= 10.75 in.

F = Construction Design Factor = 0.72 (pipeline per 30 CFR 250)

E = Longitudinal Joint Factor = 1.0 (Seamless Pipe)

 $T = Temperature Derate Factor = 1.0 (Temp. \le 250 °F)$ 

 $P_i$  = Internal Design Pressure= 8100 (psig)

 $P_e$  = External Pressure =  $P_{seawater}$  (Calculated at minimum water depth)

$$= \left( (7913 \text{ ft}) \left( \frac{64 \text{ lb}}{\text{ft}^3} \right) \left( \frac{\text{ft}^2}{144 \text{ in}^2} \right) \right) = 3,517 \text{ psig}$$

$$t_{\text{nom}} = \frac{\left(8,100 \text{ lb/in}^2 - 3,517 \text{ lb/in}^2\right) \left(10.75 \text{ in}\right)}{2(0.72)(1.0)(1.0)(65,000 \text{ lb/in}^2)} = 0.526 \text{ in}$$

= 0.862 in. Selected  $\Rightarrow$  OK

#### ATTACHMENT B

#### PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

#### ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

#### 8/10-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE (JVC EAST) AND UMBILICAL LLOYD RIDGE AREA BLOCK 399 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

#### Riser (All Locations)

$$t_{nom} = \frac{(P_i - P_e)D}{2(F)(E)(T)(S)}$$
  $\Rightarrow$  30 CFR 250 , ANSI B31.8 (rearranged)

S = Specified Minimum Yield Strength (SMYS) = 65,000 psi

D = Pipe Outside Diameter= 10.75 in.

F = Construction Design Factor = 0.60 (Riser Pipe per 30 CFR 250)

E = Longitudinal Joint Factor = 1.0 (Seamless Pipe)

T = Temperature Derate Factor = 1.0 (Temp. ≤ 250 °F)

P<sub>i</sub> = Internal Design Pressure= 8100 (psig)

P = External Pressure = P<sub>seawater</sub>

$$= \left( (0 \text{ ft}) \left( \frac{64 \text{ lb}}{\text{ft}^3} \right) \left( \frac{\text{ft}^2}{144 \text{ in}^2} \right) \right) = 0 \text{ psig (calculated at minimum water depth)}$$

$$t_{nom} = \frac{\left(8,100 \text{ lb/in}^2 - 0 \text{ lb/in}^2\right) \left(10.75 \text{ in}\right)}{2\left(0.60\right) \left(1.0\right) \left(1.0\right) \left(65,000 \text{ lb/in}^2\right)} = 1.12 \text{ in}$$

$$= 1.18 \text{ in, Selected} \implies OK$$

13. Pipe Design Pressure (P) of Flanges, Fittings and Valves in Pipeline and Riser:

Valves:

API Rating:

10,000 psig

Flanges, etc:

API Rating:

10,000 psig

14. Pipeline Hoop Stress During Hydrotest:

In order to verify that 95% of the material Specified Minimum Yield Strength is not exceeded during hydrotesting, the calculations below were performed for each location along the riser and flowline system. The effective hydrotest pressure determined in section 11 above were utilized.

#### ATTACHMENT B

#### PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

#### ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

# 8/10-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE (JVC EAST) AND UMBILICAL

LLOYD RIDGE AREA BLOCK 399 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

% SMYS at Hydrotest = 
$$\frac{P_{eff\ hyd}D}{2tS} \times 100\%$$

D = Outside Pipe Diameter = varies 8.625 or 10.75 (in)

t = Pipe Wall Thickness = varies (in) (8" pipeline = 0.675 in., 10" pipeline = 0.862 in., 10" Riser = 1.18

S = Specified Minimum Yield Strength (SMYS) = 65,000 psi

Peff hyd = EffectiveHydrostaticTestPressure = varies (lb/in2) (refer to section 12 above)

Host Platform +100 MSL (10" Riser) 
$$\Rightarrow$$
 % SMYS at Hydrotest  $=(\frac{8,945 \text{ lb}}{\text{in}^2})(\frac{10.75 \text{ in}}{1})(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{1.18 \text{ in}})(\frac{\text{in}^2}{65,000 \text{ lb}}) \times 100\% = 62.7\%$ 

$$10"Riser -0 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow \% \text{ SMYS at Hydrotest} = (\frac{8,989 \text{ lb}}{\text{in}^2})(\frac{10.75 \text{ in}}{1})(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{1.18 \text{ in}})(\frac{\text{in}^2}{65,000 \text{ lb}}) \times 100\% = 63.0\%$$

$$10"Riser -7,913 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow \% \text{ SMYS at Hydrotest} = (\frac{8,989 \text{ lb}}{\text{in}^2})(\frac{10.75 \text{ in}}{1})(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{1.18 \text{ in}})(\frac{\text{in}^2}{65,000 \text{ lb}}) \times 100\% = 63.0\%$$

$$10"Flowline -7,913 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow \% \text{ SMYS at Hydrotest} = (\frac{8,989 \text{ lb}}{\text{in}^2})(\frac{10.75 \text{ in}}{1})(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{0.862 \text{ in}})(\frac{\text{in}^2}{65,000 \text{ lb}}) \times 100\% = 86.2\%$$

$$10"Flowline -8,634 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow \% \text{ SMYS at Hydrotest} = (\frac{8,989 \text{ lb}}{\text{in}^2})(\frac{10.75 \text{ in}}{1})(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{0.862 \text{ in}})(\frac{\text{in}^2}{65,000 \text{ lb}}) \times 100\% = 86.2\%$$

$$8"Flowline -8,634 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow \% \text{ SMYS at Hydrotest} = (\frac{8,989 \text{ lb}}{\text{in}^2})(\frac{8.625 \text{ in}}{1})(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{0.675 \text{ in}})(\frac{\text{in}^2}{65,000 \text{ lb}}) \times 100\% = 88.4\%$$

$$8"Flowline -8,961 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow \% \text{ SMYS at Hydrotest} = (\frac{8,989 \text{ lb}}{\text{in}^2})(\frac{8.625 \text{ in}}{1})(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{0.675 \text{ in}})(\frac{\text{in}^2}{65,000 \text{ lb}}) \times 100\% = 88.4\%$$

$$8"Flowline -8,961 \text{ fsw} \Rightarrow \% \text{ SMYS at Hydrotest} = (\frac{8,989 \text{ lb}}{\text{in}^2})(\frac{8.625 \text{ in}}{1})(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{0.675 \text{ in}})(\frac{\text{in}^2}{65,000 \text{ lb}}) \times 100\% = 88.4\%$$

# 15. Maximum Allowable Operating Pressure (MAOP):

For this design, the Maximum Allowable Operating Pressure of the flowline and riser will be based on the lesser of the following at each location in the flowline system:

- 80% of Hydrostatic test Pressure (Determined Below)
- Design Pressure (Determined in Section 12)

#### MAOP Based on 80% of Hydrostatic Testing

The Maximum Allowable Operating Pressure for this flowline system is based upon the design pressure of 8,100 psig. This pressure, however, would not be experienced for the entire length of the flowline due to the internal and external hydrostatic pressures. The presence of Hydrotest Water, and/or Product Gas can reduce the pressure at the top of the riser significantly. Based upon the fluid hydrostatic pressure calculations, the situation with the entire pipeline filled with Methane gas is taken as the "worst" case. Although it is extremely unlikely that this condition would ever occur, it would not be possible to have any fluid combination in the flowline that could produce a higher shut-in pressure at the top of the riser. If one assumes that this is in fact the "worst" case, the following calculations show the Maximum Allowable Operating Pressure (MAOP) based upon the "effective" hydrotest pressure at designated location along the flowline system.

#### ATTACHMENT B

#### PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

# ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

# 8/10-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE (JVC EAST) AND UMBILICAL

LLOYD RIDGE AREA BLOCK 399 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

MAOP = 80% Effective Hydrotest Pressure + External Pressure = 
$$(P_{eff\ hyd} \times 80\%) + P_e$$
  
 $P_{eff\ hyd} = P_{Ibyd} - H_e$  (See Section 11 Above)  
 $P_e = \text{External Pressure} = (\Delta E_e)(\frac{64lb}{ft^3})(\frac{ft^2}{144in^2})$   
 $\Delta E_e = \text{Depth}$  of sea water outside pipeline

Host Platform + 100 MSL 
$$\Rightarrow$$
 MAOP =  $\left[ (8,945 \, psig \times 80\%) + \left[ (0 \, ft) \left( \frac{64 \, lb}{ft^3} \right) \left( \frac{ft^2}{144 \, in^2} \right) \right] = 7,156 \, psig$   
Riser -0 fsw  $\Rightarrow$  MAOP =  $\left[ (8,989 \, psig \times 80\%) + \left[ (0 \, ft) \left( \frac{64 \, lb}{ft^3} \right) \left( \frac{ft^2}{144 \, in^2} \right) \right] = 7,191 \, psig$   
Riser -7913 fsw  $\Rightarrow$  MAOP =  $\left[ (8,989 \, psig \times 80\%) + \left[ (7913 \, ft) \left( \frac{64 \, lb}{ft^3} \right) \left( \frac{ft^2}{144 \, in^2} \right) \right] = 10,708 \, psig$   
Flowline -7913 fsw  $\Rightarrow$  MAOP =  $\left[ (8,989 \, psig \times 80\%) + \left[ (7913 \, ft) \left( \frac{64 \, lb}{ft^3} \right) \left( \frac{ft^2}{144 \, in^2} \right) \right] = 10,708 \, psig$   
Flowline -8,961 fsw  $\Rightarrow$  MAOP =  $\left[ (8,989 \, psig \times 80\%) + \left[ (8,961 \, ft) \left( \frac{64 \, lb}{ft^3} \right) \left( \frac{ft^2}{144 \, in^2} \right) \right] = 11,174 \, psig$ 

#### **MAOP Evaluation:**

Location Along Pipeline	Flowline System Shut-in Pressure (Methane Filled) (psig)	80% Hydrostatic Test Pressure  **  (psig)	Design Pressure (psig)	Maximum Allowable Operating Pressure (MAOP)*** (psig)
Riser Pipe @ +100' MSL	7,156	7,156	8,100	7,156
Riser Pipe @ -0' MSL	7,167	7,191	8,100	7,191
Riser Pipe @ –7,913' MSL	7,990	10,708	8,100	8,100
Flowline @ -7,913' MSL	7,990	10,708	8,100	8,100
Flowline @ -8,961 MSL	8,100	11,174	8,100	8,100

- \* The operating pressure is the pressure seen at the point in the riser/flowline based upon a Methane gas filled flowline system
- \*\* The 80% hydrotest pressure is the pressure determined by 80% of the effective hydrostatic test pressure plus the external seawater pressure.
- \*\*\* The Maximum Allowable Operating Pressure is determined by the minimum of:
  - a. 80% Hydrostatic Test Pressure
  - b. Design Pressure
- 16. Riser Protection: The Steel Catenary Risers(SCR's) will be suspended from the floating production platform. From the top of the SCR, piping for the risers will be located within the confines of the production platform structure and thus protected by the host structure. Therefore, "Riser Guards" will not be required.

#### ATTACHMENT B

#### PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

# ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

# 8/10-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE (JVC EAST) AND UMBILICAL

LLOYD RIDGE AREA BLOCK 399 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

- 17. On Bottom Stability: Stability against effects of water currents and storms has been evaluated. The specific gravity of the operational oil pipeline is more than adequate to ensure on-bottom pipeline stability in these water depths.
- 18. Pipeline Spanning: A pipeline span analysis has been conducted along the entire route. Although the analysis indicates the possible existence of pipeline spans after installation, these spans are within allowable limits for installation, operation and hydrostatic testing. The analysis accounts for static and dynamic stresses as well as vortex induced vibrations. All stresses for installation, operation and hydrostatic testing are within allowable limits. The potential spans lengths identified are short enough such that Vortex Induced Vibrations (VIV) are not expected. Should spans which exceed allowable limits be found after installation, these will be rectified with placement of intermediate supports, or VIV suppression.
- 19. Collapse Due to External Pressure: The riser and flowline pipe has been designed to resist collapse due to external pressure. Evaluation has been performed in accordance with API Recommended Practice 1111 (Third Edition). The evaluations for both the riser pipe and flowline pipe were conducted based on the maximum associated water depth. Results are provided below:

#### ATTACHMENT B

#### PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

#### ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

# 8/10-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE (JVC EAST) AND UMBILICAL

# LLOYD RIDGE AREA BLOCK 399 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

#### 10 - inch Riser Pipe:

P = ExternalPressure (Sea Water Hydrostatic Pressure)

$$P_e = (D_{H_10})(\rho \rho_{H_10})$$

D<sub>H-0</sub> = Water Depth (ft)

 $\rho \rho_{\rm H_20} = \text{Sea Water Density} (64 \text{ lb/}_{\rm ft^3})$ 

$$P_{e} = \left[ (7,913 \text{ ft}) \left( \frac{64 \text{ lb}}{\text{ft}^{3}} \right) \left( \frac{\text{ft}^{2}}{144 \text{ in}^{2}} \right) \right] = 3,517 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in}^{2}}$$

 $P_e = 3,517 psig$ 

$$P_s = \frac{(P_y)(P_{ins})}{\sqrt{(P_v^2 + P_{ins}^2)}} = \text{Collapse Pressure of Pipe}$$

$$P_y = Plastic Yield Pressure = \frac{2St}{D}$$

S = Pipe Yield Strength 
$$\binom{lb}{in^2}$$
 = 65,000  $\binom{lb}{in^2}$ 

$$t = Pipe Wall Thickness (in) = 1.18 in$$

$$D = Pipe Outside Diameter (in) = 10.75 in$$

$$P_y = (\frac{2}{1})(\frac{65,000 \text{ lb}}{\text{in}^2})(\frac{1.18 \text{ in}}{1})(\frac{1}{10.75 \text{ in}}) = 14,270 \text{ lb/in}^2$$

$$P_v = 14,270 \text{ psi}$$

$$P_{ins}$$
 = Elastic Instability Pressure = (2.2)(E)  $\left(\frac{t}{D}\right)^3$ 

E = Elastic Modulus = 29,000,000 
$$\lim_{i \to i}^{b}$$
 (for steel)

$$P_{ins} = (2.2)(\frac{29,000,000 \text{ lb}}{\text{in}^2})(\frac{1.18 \text{ in}}{10.75 \text{ in}})^3 = 84,380 \text{ lb/in}^2$$

$$P_{ing} = 84,380 \text{ psi}$$

$$P_{s} = \frac{(14,270 \text{ lb/in}^{2})(84,380 \text{ lb/in}^{2})}{\sqrt{((14,270 \text{ lb/in}^{2})^{2} + (84,380 \text{ lb/in}^{2})^{2})}} = 14,070 \text{ lb/in}^{2}$$

$$P = 14.070 \text{ psi}$$

Safety Factor Against Casing Collapse = 
$$\frac{P_s}{P_a} = \frac{14,070 \text{ psi}}{3,517 \text{ psi}} = 4.00 \implies \text{OK}$$
: Safety Factors > 1.5 are adequate

#### ATTACHMENT B

#### PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

# ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

# 8/10-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE (JVC EAST) AND UMBILICAL

# LLOYD RIDGE AREA BLOCK 399 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

#### 10-inch Flowline Pipe:

P. = ExternalPressure (Sea Water Hydrostatic Pressure)

$$P_e = (D_{H_20})(\rho \rho_{H_20})$$

$$\rho \rho_{\rm H_20} = \text{Sea Water Density} (64 \text{ lb/ft}^3)$$

$$P_e = \left[ (8,634 \text{ ft}) \left( \frac{64 \text{ lb}}{\text{ft}^3} \right) \left( \frac{\text{ft}^2}{144 \text{ in}^2} \right) \right] = 3,837 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in}^2}$$

$$P_{e} = 3,837 \, psig$$

$$P_s = \frac{(P_y)(P_{ins})}{\sqrt{(P_v^2 + P_{ins}^2)}} = Collapse Pressure of Pipe$$

$$P_y = Plastic Yield Pressure = \frac{2St}{D}$$

S = Pipe Yield Strength 
$$\binom{lb}{\ln^2}$$
 = 65,000  $\binom{lb}{\ln^2}$ 

$$t = Pipe Wall Thickness (in) = 0.862 in$$

$$D = Pipe Outside Diameter (in) = 10.75 in$$

$$P_y = (\frac{2}{1})(\frac{65,000 \text{ lb}}{\text{in}^2})(\frac{0.862 \text{ in}}{1})(\frac{1}{10.75 \text{ in}}) = 10,424 \text{ lb/in}^2$$

$$P_v = 10,424 \text{ psi}$$

$$P_{ins}$$
 = Elastic Instability Pressure = (2.2)(E) $\left(\frac{t}{D}\right)^3$ 

$$E = Elastic Modulus = 29,000,000 \frac{1b}{in^2}$$
 (for steel)

$$P_{ins} = (2.2)(\frac{29,000,000 \text{ lb}}{in^2}) \left(\frac{0.862 \text{ in}}{10.75 \text{ in}}\right)^3 = 32,894 \text{ lb/in}^2$$

$$P_{ins} = 32,894 \text{ psi}$$

$$P_{s} = \frac{(10,424 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in}^{2}})(32,894 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in}^{2}})}{\sqrt{((10,424 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in}^{2}})^{2} + (32,894 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in}^{2}})^{2})}} = 9,937 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in}^{2}}$$

$$P_{s} = 9,937 \text{ psi}$$

Safety Factor Against Casing Collapse = 
$$\frac{P_s}{P_e} = \frac{9,937 \text{ psi}}{3,837 \text{ psi}} = 2.59 \implies \text{OK: Safety Factors} > 1.5 \text{ are adequate}$$

#### ATTACHMENT B

#### PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

#### ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

8/10-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE (JVC EAST) AND UMBILICAL

# LLOYD RIDGE AREA BLOCK 399 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

#### 8-inch Flowline Pipe:

$$P_{e} = (D_{H_{2}0})(\rho \rho_{H_{2}0})$$

$$\rho \rho_{\rm H_20} = \text{Sea Water Density} (64) \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3}$$

$$P_e = \left[ (8,961 \text{ ft}) \left( \frac{64 \text{ lb}}{\text{ft}^3} \right) \left( \frac{\text{ft}^2}{144 \text{ in}^2} \right) \right] = 3,983 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{in}^2}$$

$$P_{e} = 3,983 \, psig$$

$$P_s = \frac{(P_y)(P_{ins})}{\sqrt{(P_v^2 + P_{ins}^2)}} = Collapse$$
Pressure of Pipe

$$P_y$$
 = Plastic Yield Pressure =  $\frac{2St}{D}$ 

S = Pipe Yield Strength 
$$\binom{lb}{in^2}$$
 = 65,000  $\binom{lb}{in^2}$ 

$$D = Pipe Outside Diameter (in) = 8.625 in$$

$$P_{y} = (\frac{2}{1})(\frac{65,000 \text{ lb}}{\text{in}^{2}})(\frac{0.675 \text{ in}}{1})(\frac{1}{8.625 \text{ in}}) = 10,174 \text{ lb/in}^{2}$$

$$P_{v} = 10,174 \text{ psi}$$

$$P_{ins}$$
 = Elastic Instability Pressure = (2.2)(E) $\left(\frac{t}{D}\right)^3$ 

E = Elastic Modulus = 29,000,000 
$$\lim_{i \to i}^{b}$$
 (for steel)

$$P_{ins} = (2.2)(\frac{29,000,000 \text{ lb}}{\text{in}^2})(\frac{0.675 \text{ in}}{8.625 \text{ in}})^3 = 30,581 \text{ lb/in}^2$$

$$P_{ins} = 30,581 \text{ psi}$$

$$P_{s} = \frac{(10,174 \text{ lb/in}^{2})(30,581 \text{ lb/in}^{2})}{\sqrt{((10,124 \text{ lb/in}^{2})^{2} + (30,581 \text{ lb/in}^{2})^{2})}} = 9,658 \text{ lb/in}^{2}$$

$$P_{s} = 9,937 \text{ psi}$$

Safety Factor Against Casing Collapse = 
$$\frac{P_s}{P_e} = \frac{9,658 \text{ psi}}{3,983 \text{ psi}} = 2.43 \implies \text{OK: Safety Factors} > 1.5 \text{ are adequate}$$

# ATTACHMENT B PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

# ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

# 8/10-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE (JVC EAST) AND UMBILICAL

LLOYD RIDGE AREA BLOCK 399 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

- 20. Buckle Arrestors: The riser pipe has been designed to resist a propagating buckle if initiated. The flowline pipe has not been designed to resist a propagating buckle if initiated. The flowline will be installed with buckle arrestors designed to arrest propagating buckles and spaced at 1000-foot spacings.
- 21. Pipeline Crossings: There are no crossings of existing pipelines associated with this installation.
- Worst Case Discharge: As this is a "dry" gas flowline, oil spill volumes due to a leak in the flowline system would be minimal. However, the worst case oil spill calculations take into account potential retrograde condensate trapped in the pipeline. The potential "worst case" calculation is summarized below:

System leak detection plus shutdown response time:

1.5 minutes

Predicted oil(condensate) flow rate:

0.291 bbl/min

Flowing volume loss:

1 bbl

Longest untrapped volume:

5 bbl

Worst Case Discharge:

6 bbl

#### 23. Steel Catenary Riser

The riser for this flowline, which connects to a floating semi-submersible production platform will be a Steel Catenary Riser (SCR) connected to the platform hull. The SCR riser will be designed for a minimum life of 20-years with a minimum fatigue life of 200-years, providing a factor of safety against fatigue of 10. In order to reduce the Vortex Induced Vibration contribution to the fatigue damage, Helical Strakes or Fairings will be installed on the upper portions of the riser.

#### 24. Control Umbilical

There will be a control umbilical associated with this pipeline. An umbilical cross section and data sheet are included as an attachment to this permit application. This umbilical will consist of two sections, namely the Chevenne Umbilical and the Jubilee Umbilical.

# ATTACHMENT B PIPELINE DESIGN CRITERIA

# ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

# 8/10-INCH BULK GAS PIPELINE (JVC EAST) AND UMBILICAL

# LLOYD RIDGE AREA BLOCK 399 TO MISSISSIPPI CANYON AREA BLOCK 920 PROPOSED PLATFORM

#### C. INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

The pipeline will be installed in a water depths to 8,961 feet. The pipeline is located in water depths greater than 200 feet, therefore pipeline burial is not required.

The 8/10-inch line will be electrically isolated from the platforms.

#### D. CONSTRUCTION INFORMATION

- 1. Proposed Construction Commencement date is November 1, 2005.
- 2. Shore Construction Base to be located in Fourchon, Louisiana.
- 3. The pipeline and spools will be installed by a dynamically positioned S-lay lay vessel. The SCR riser will be installed by a dynamically positioned Derrick Semi Submersible vessel.
- 4. The pipeline will not be buried.
- 5. Time Required for Construction: Pipeline :3 weeks (Approx. November/December 2005), SCR Hangoff: 1 week (Approx. August 2006)

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR MINERALS MANAGEMENT SERVICE

# NONDISCRIMINATION IN EMPLOYMENT

As a condition precedent to the approval of the granting of the subject pipeline right-of-way, the grantee, Anadarko Petroleum Corporation hereby agrees and consents to the following stipulation which is to be incorporated into the application for said right-of-way.

During the performance of this grant, the grantee agrees as follows:

During the performance under this grant, the grantee shall fully comply with paragraphs (1) through (7) of section 202 of Executive Order 11246, as amended (reprinted in 41 CFR 60-1.4(a)), which are for the purpose of preventing discrimination against persons on the basis of race, color, religion, sex or national origin. Paragraphs (1) through (7) of section 202 of Executive Order 11246, as amended, are incorporated in this grant by reference.

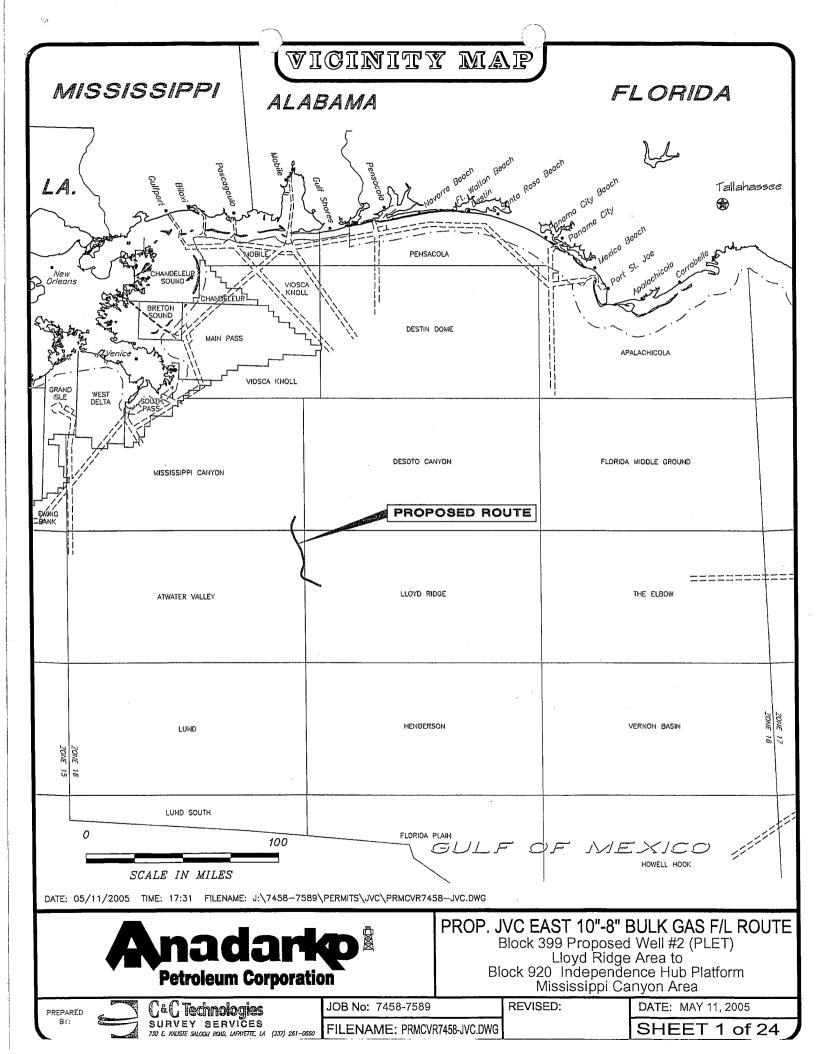
Anadarko Petroleum Corporation - Grantee

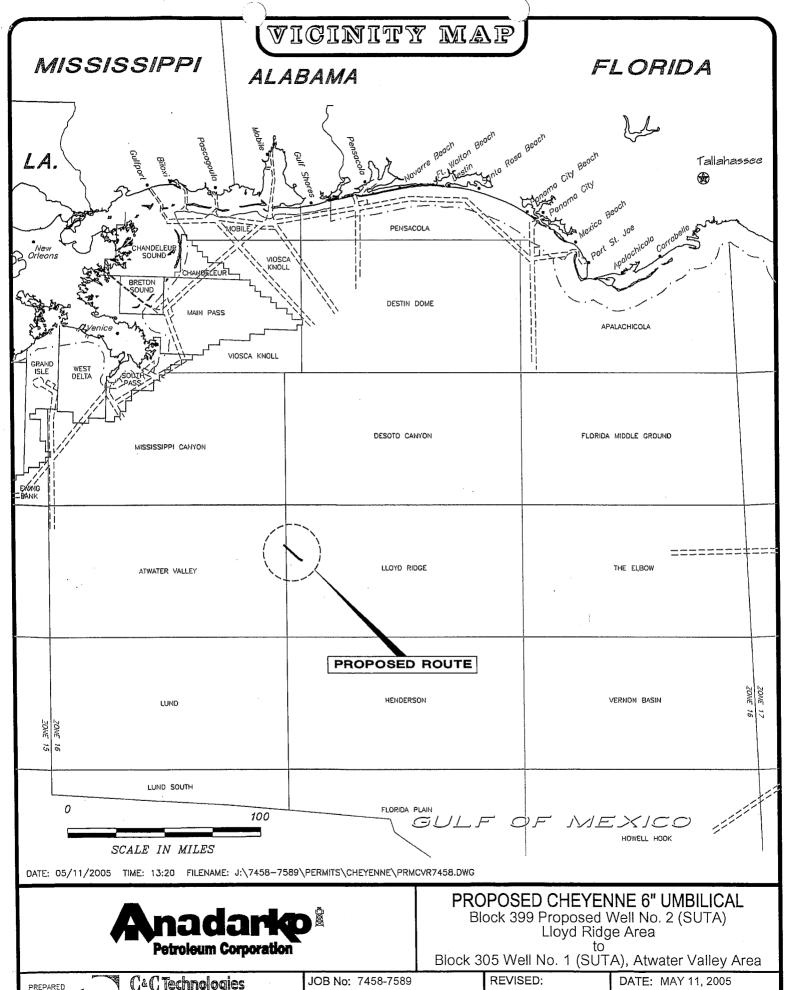
Charles G. Hughes

Agent & Attorney-in-fact

May 13, 2005

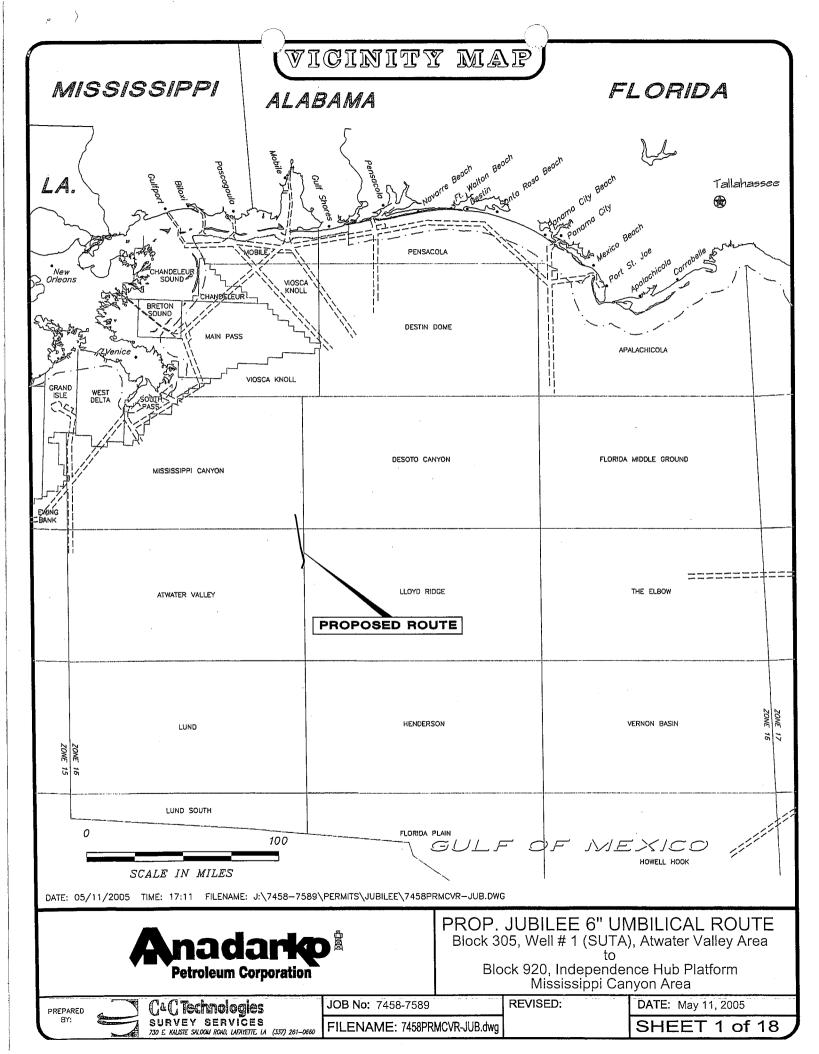
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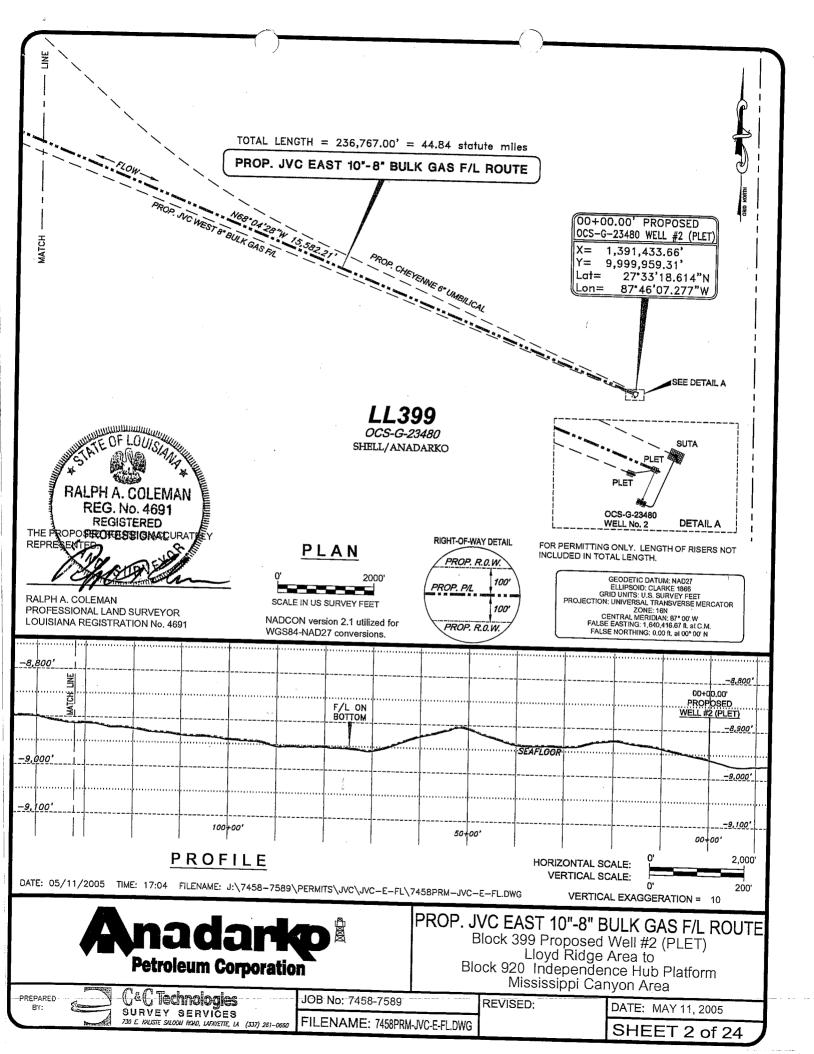


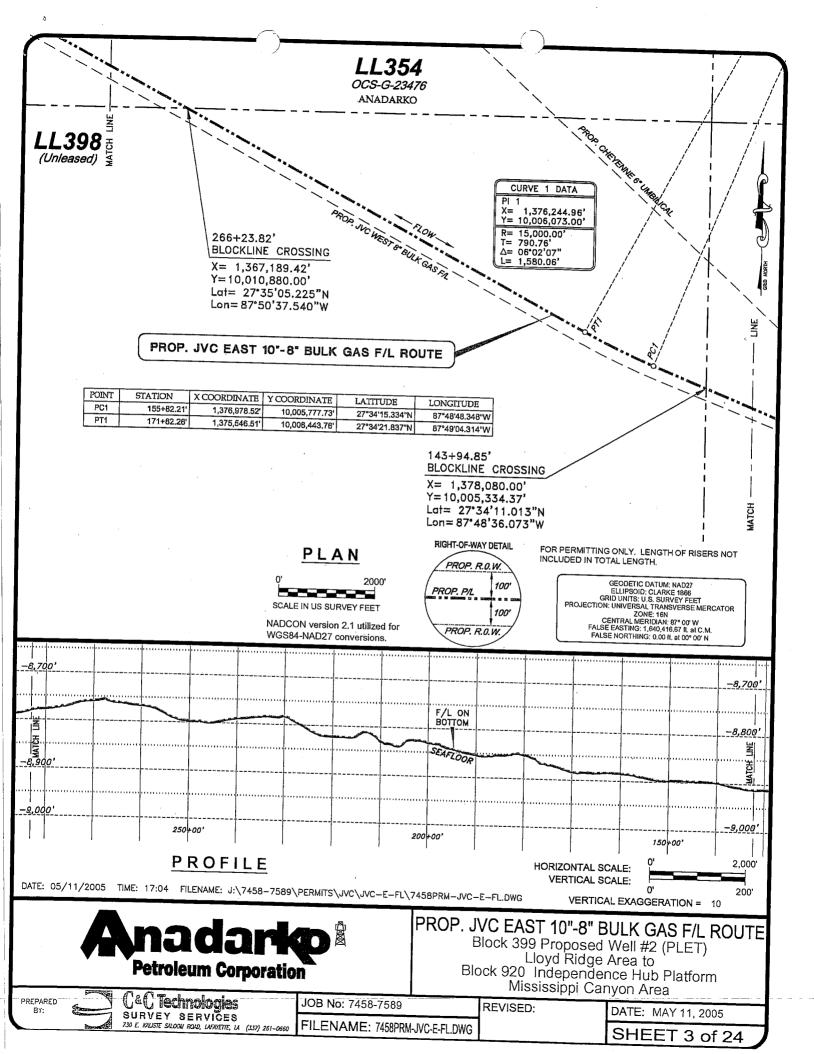


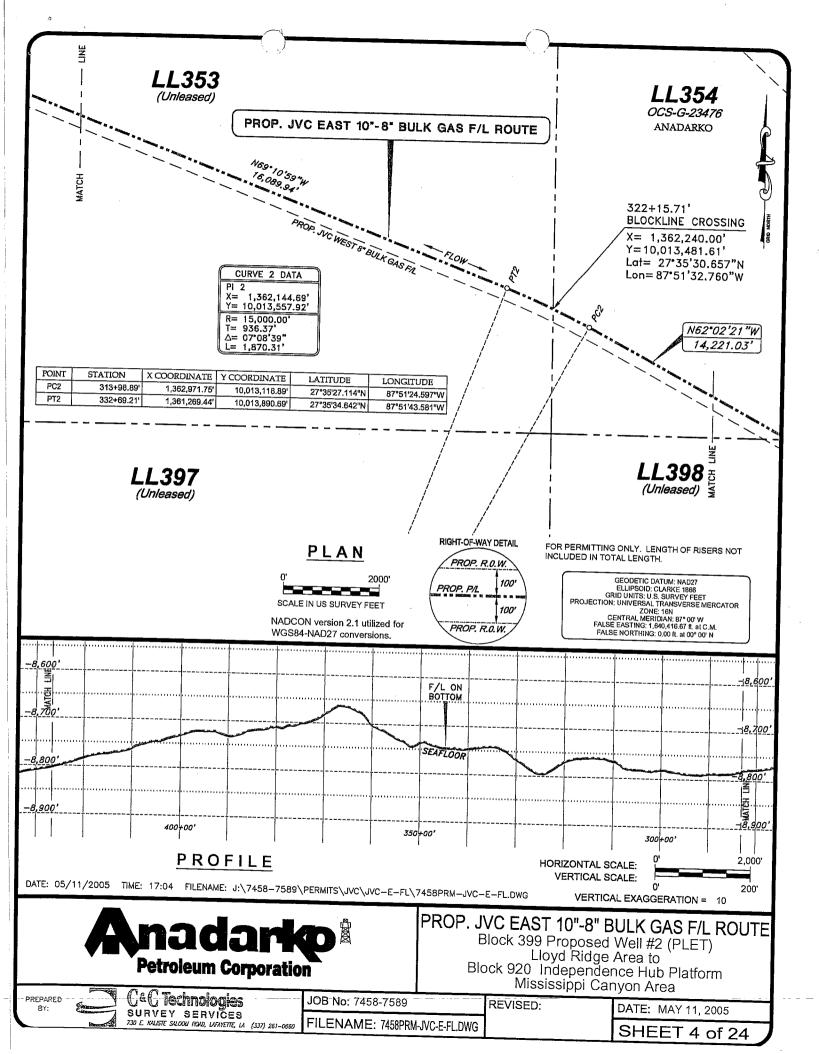
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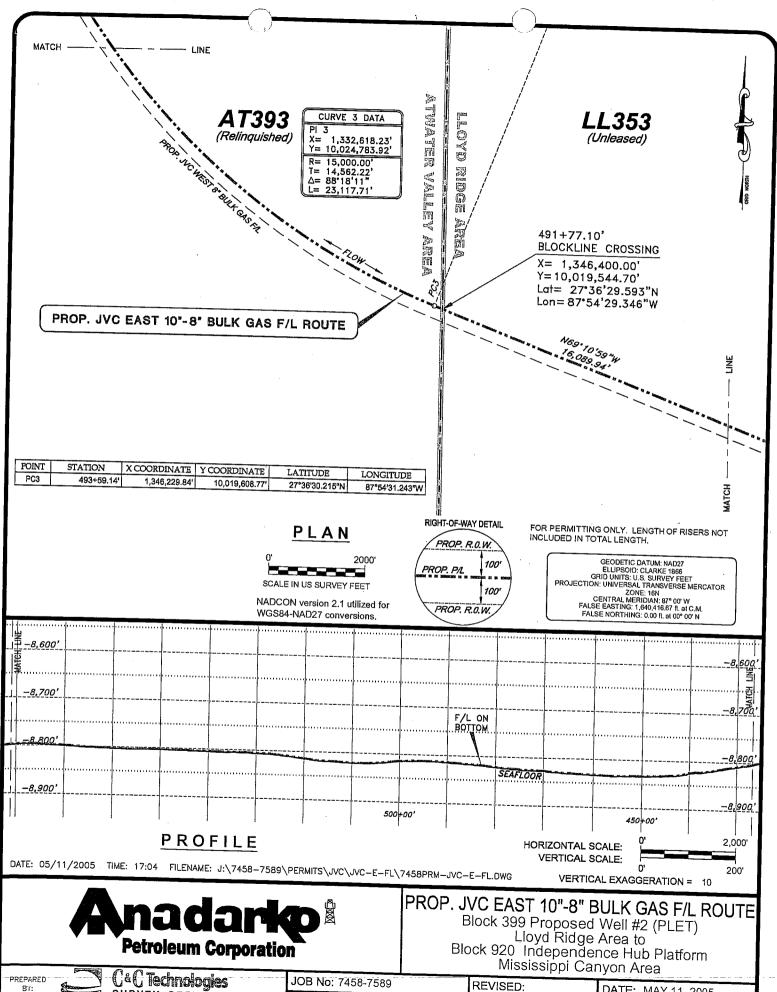
SHEET 1 of 7









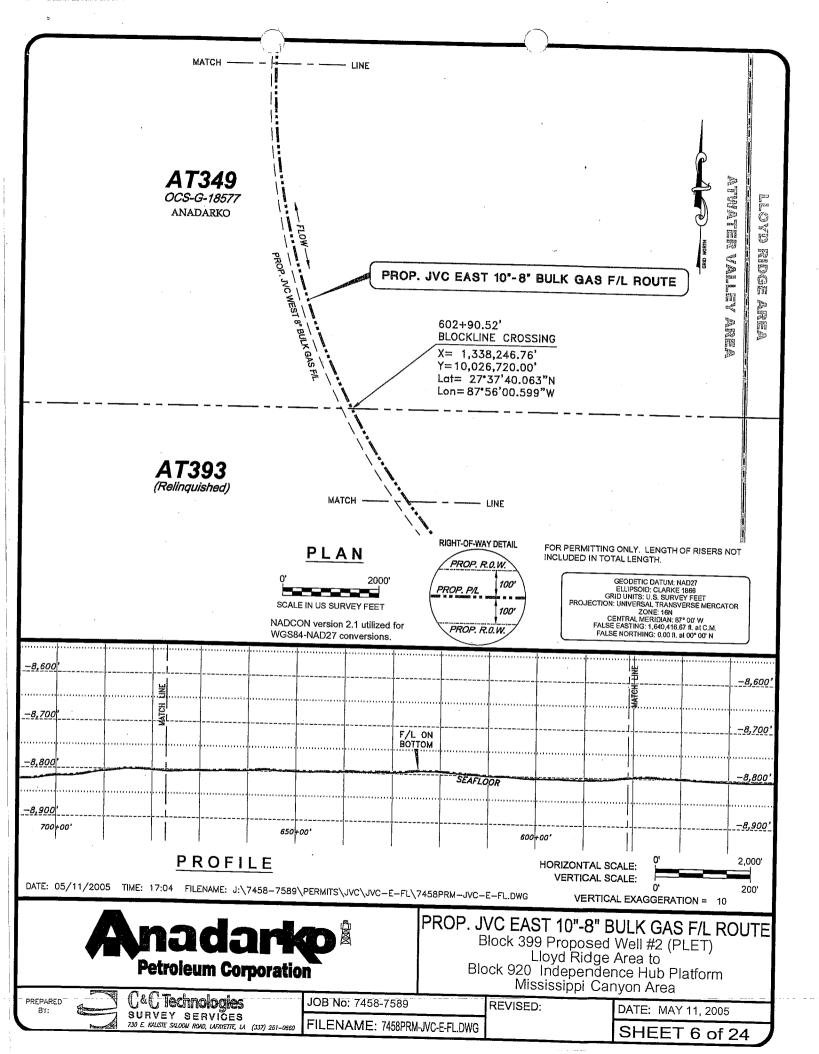


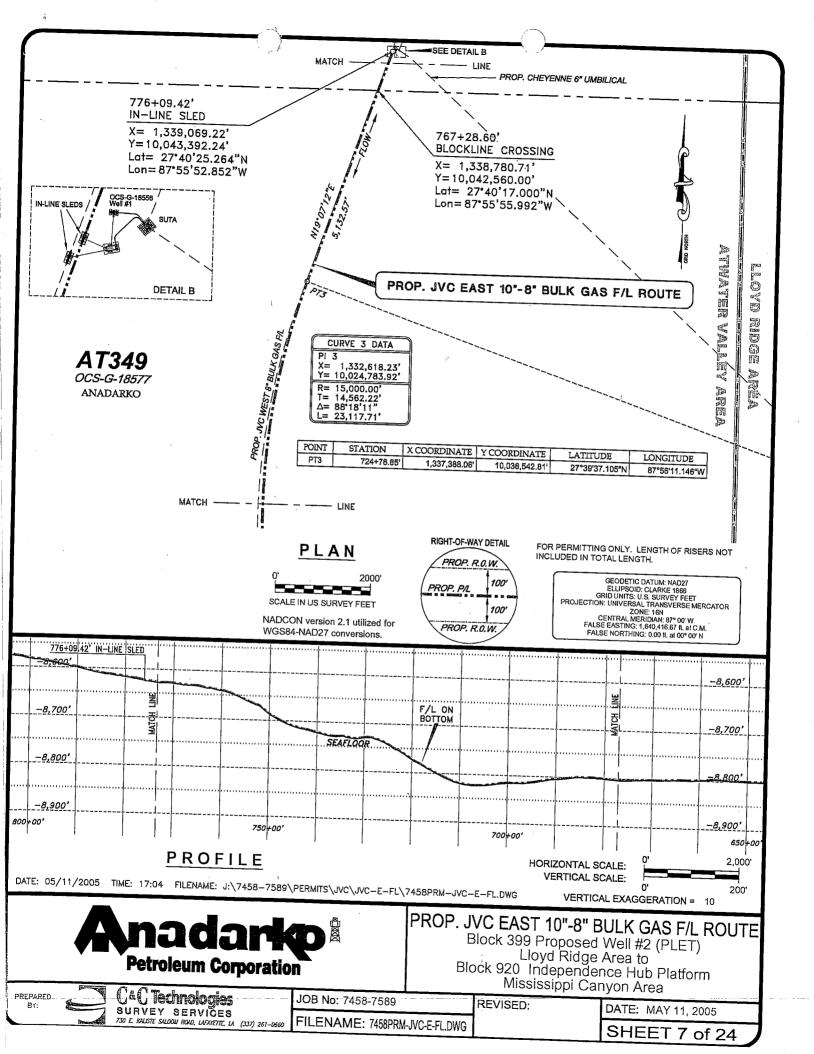
SURVEY SERVICES

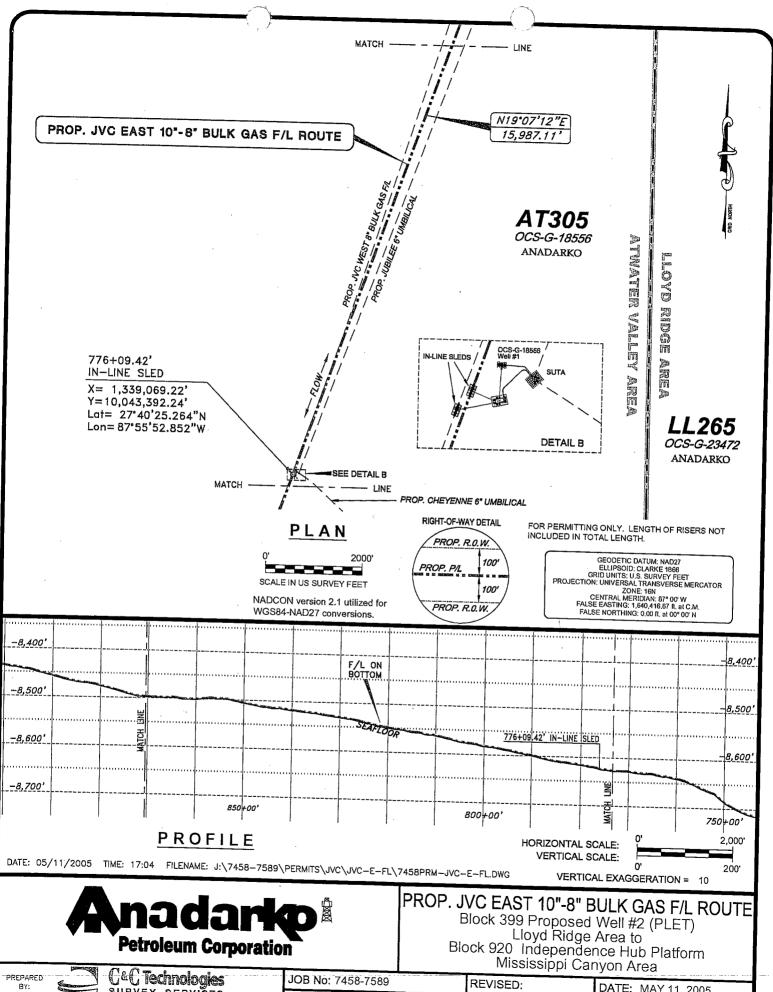
FILENAME: 7458PRM-JVC-E-FL.DWG

DATE: MAY 11, 2005

SHEET 5 of 24







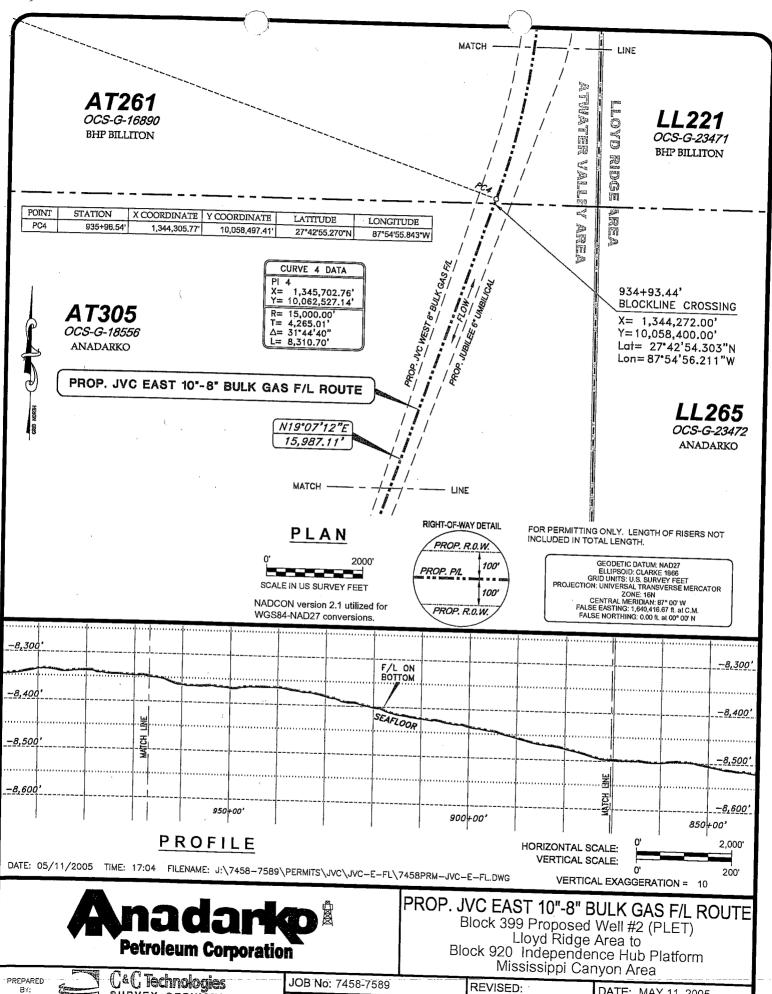
BY:

SURVEY SERVICES 730 E. KNUSTE SALOON ROAD, LAFAYETTE, LA. (337) 261-0660

FILENAME: 7458PRM-JVC-E-FL.DWG

DATE: MAY 11, 2005

SHEET 8 of 24

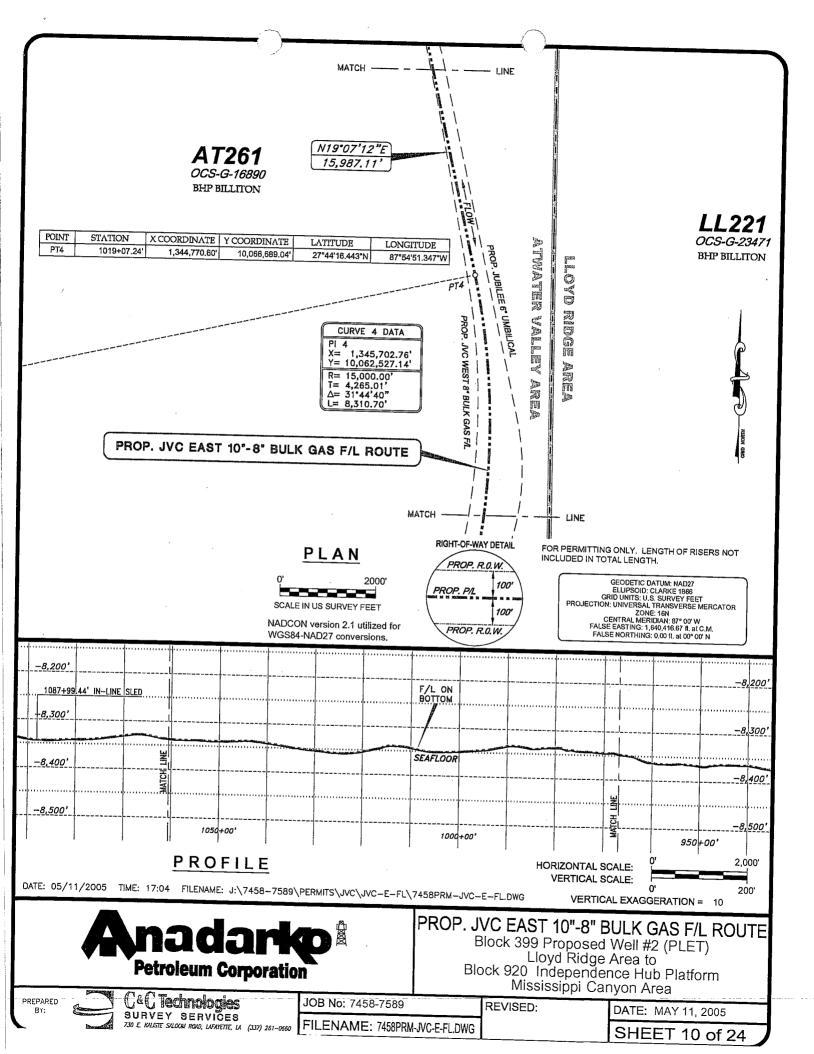


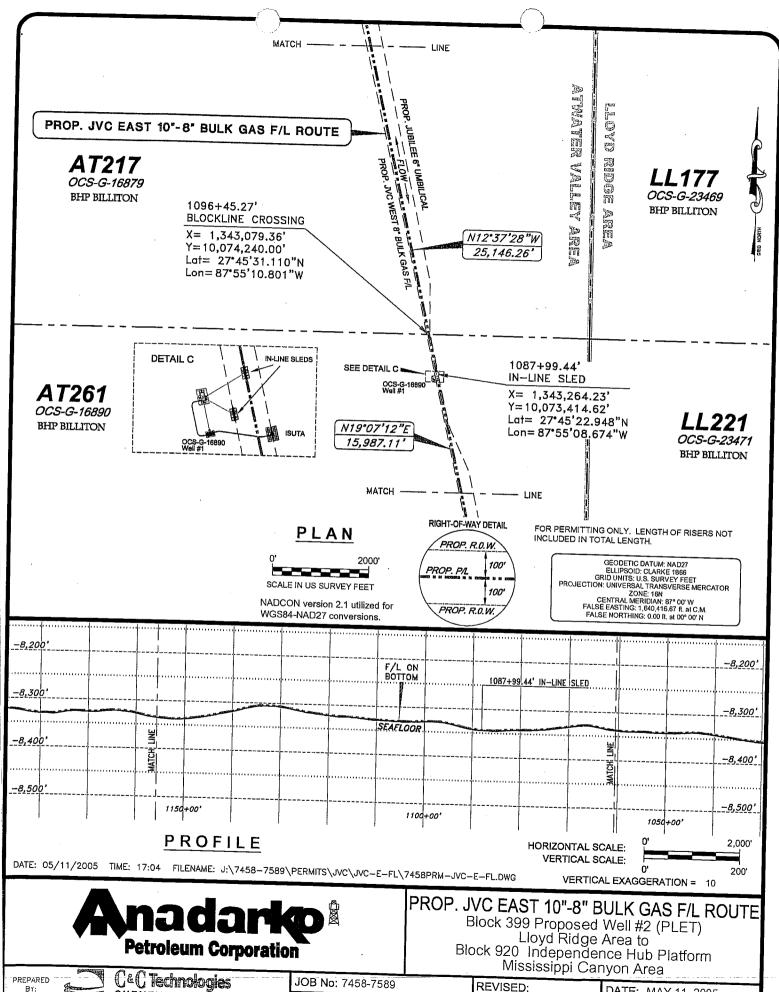
SURVEY SERVICES
730 E KULSTE SULOU KOND, LATATIE, LA (337) 261-0650

FILENAME: 7458PRM-JVC-E-FL,DWG

DATE: MAY 11, 2005

SHEET 9 of 24





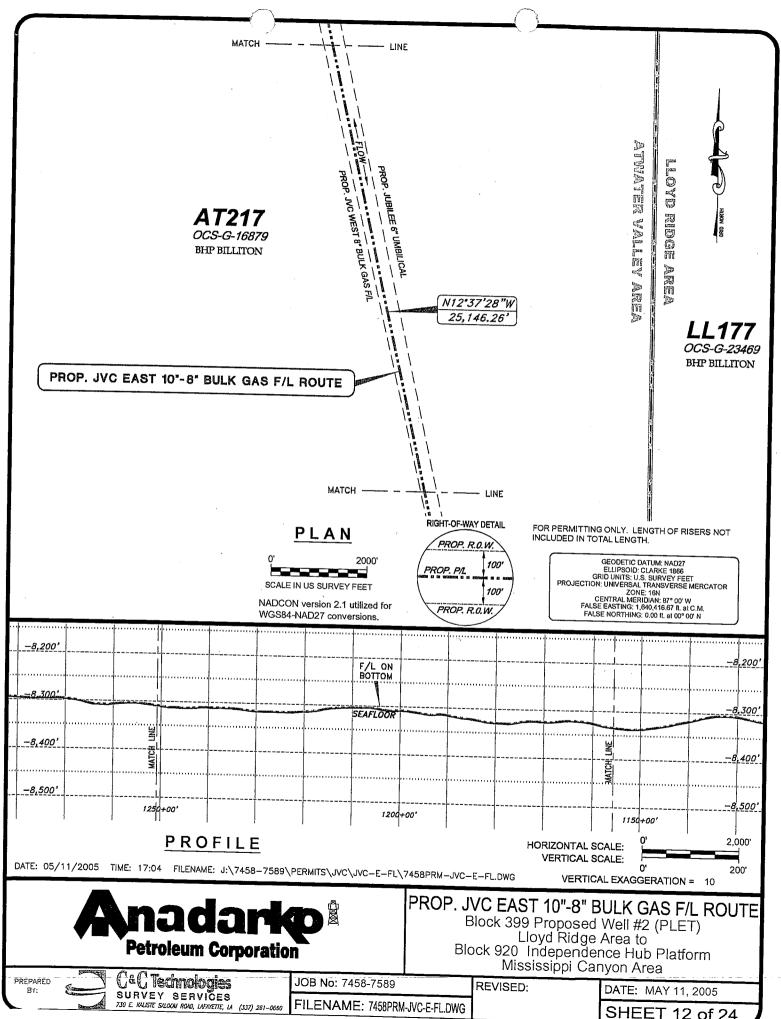
BY:

 $\mathbb{C}^{\epsilon}\mathbb{C}$  Technologies SURVEY SERVICES 730 E. KALISTE SYLOOU ROAD, LAFAYETTE, LA (337) 251-0650

FILENAME: 7458PRM-JVC-E-FL.DWG

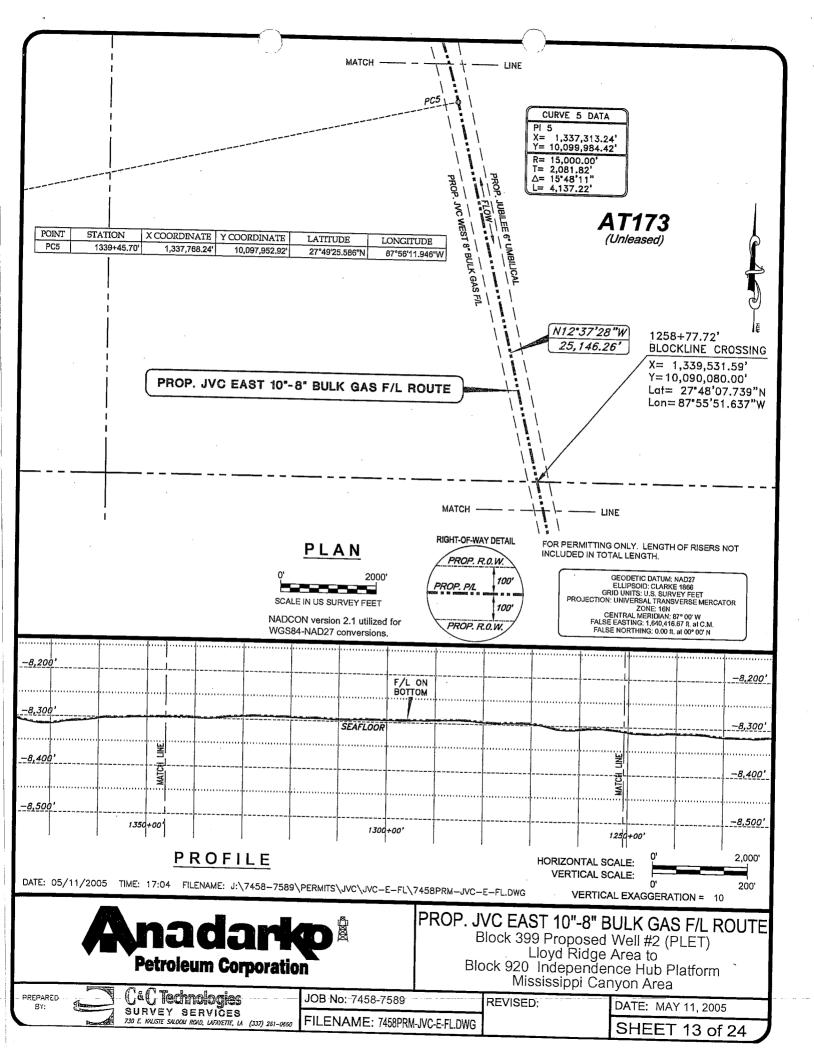
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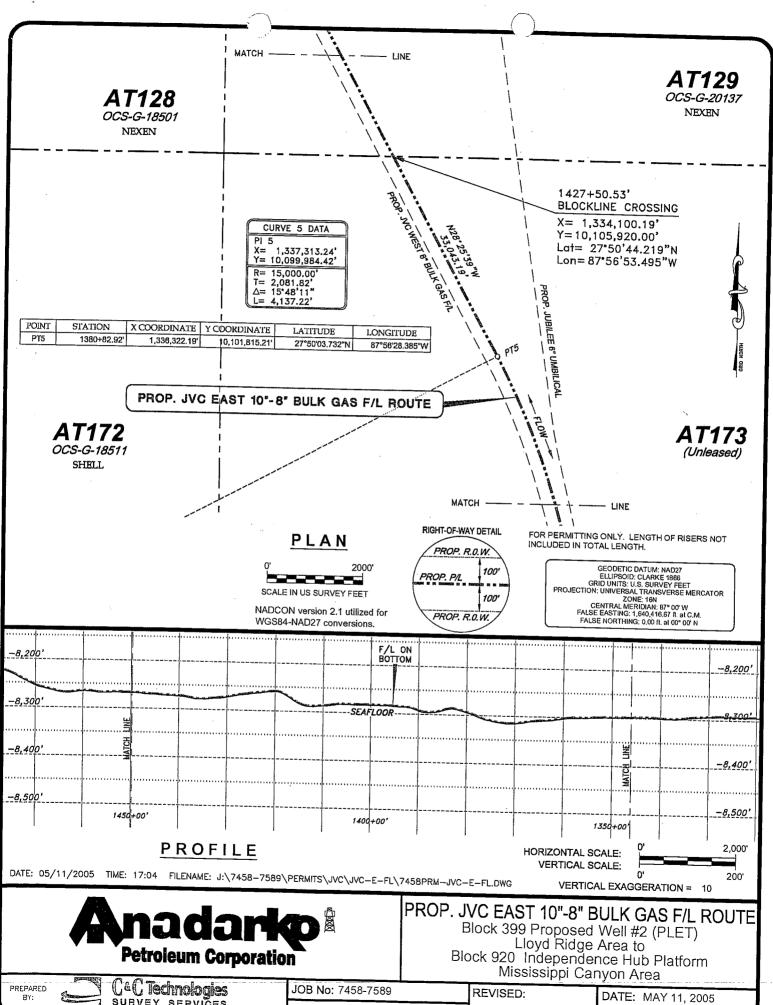
SHEET 11 of 24



FILENAME: 7458PRM-JVC-E-FL.DWG

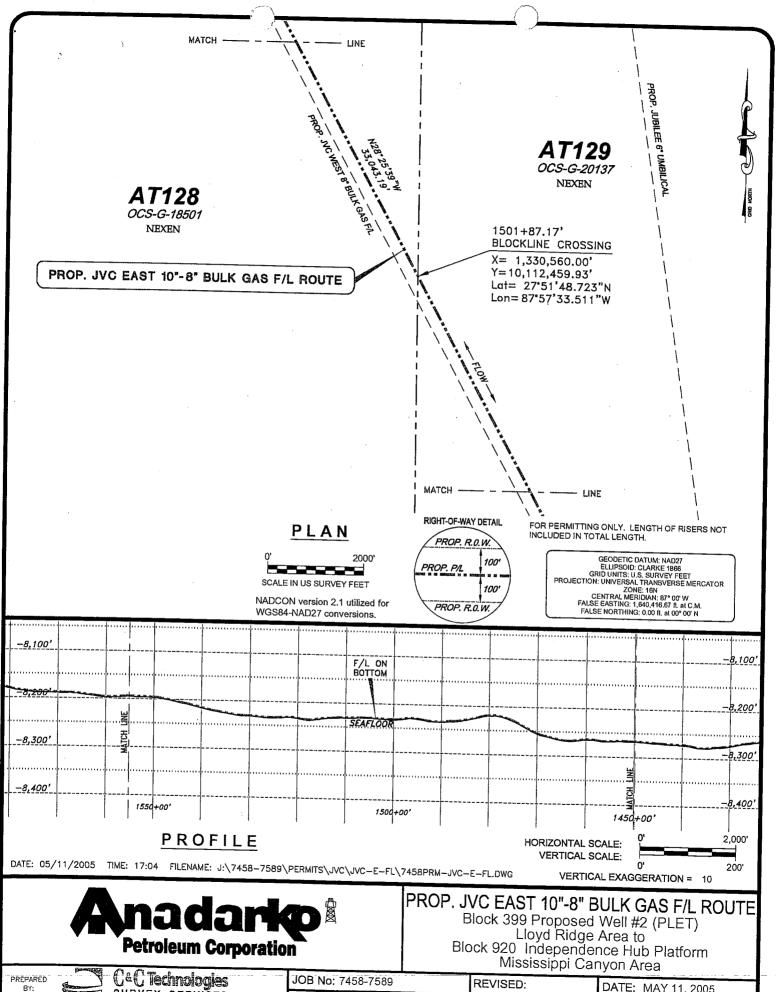
SHEET 12 of 24







SHEET 14 of 24

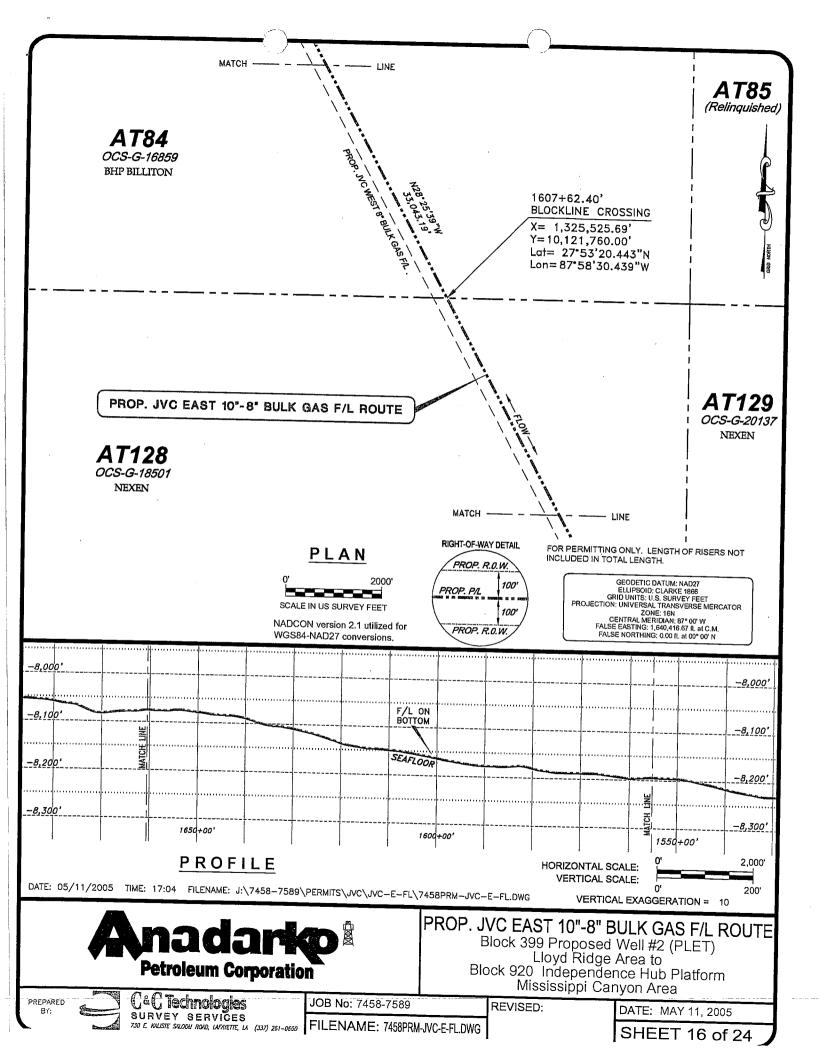


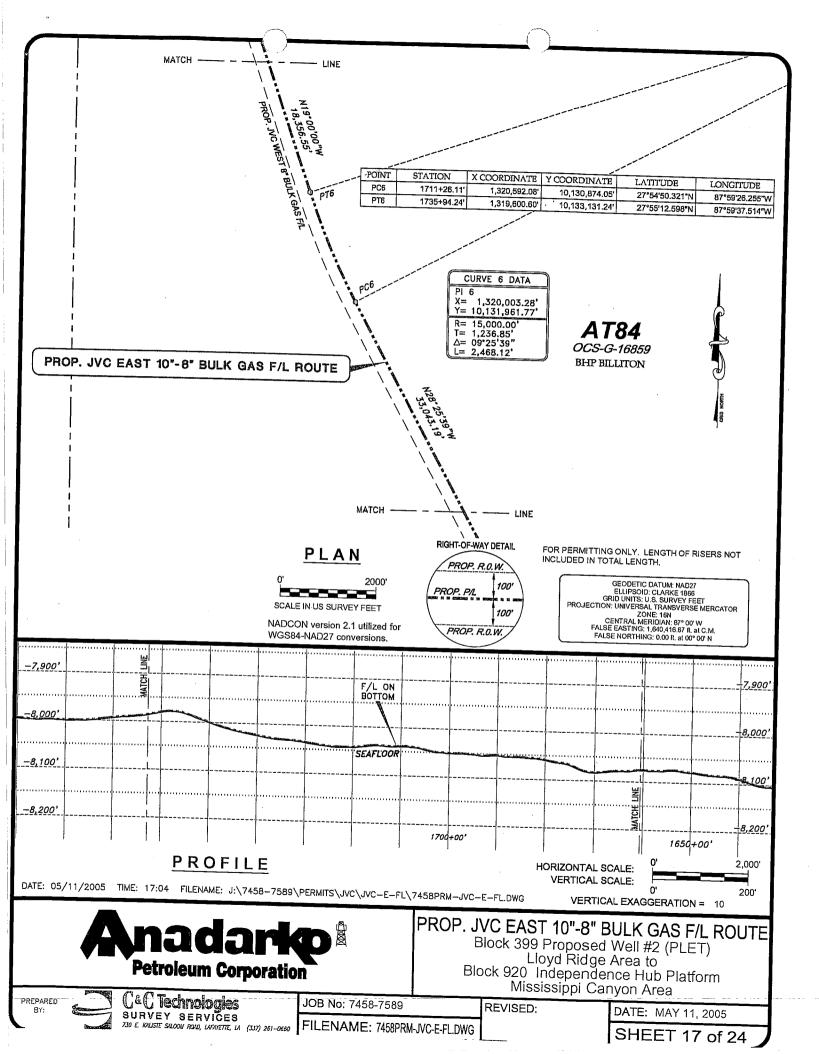
SURVEY SERVICES 730 E. KALISTE SALOON ROAD, LAFAYETTE, LA (337) 261-0660

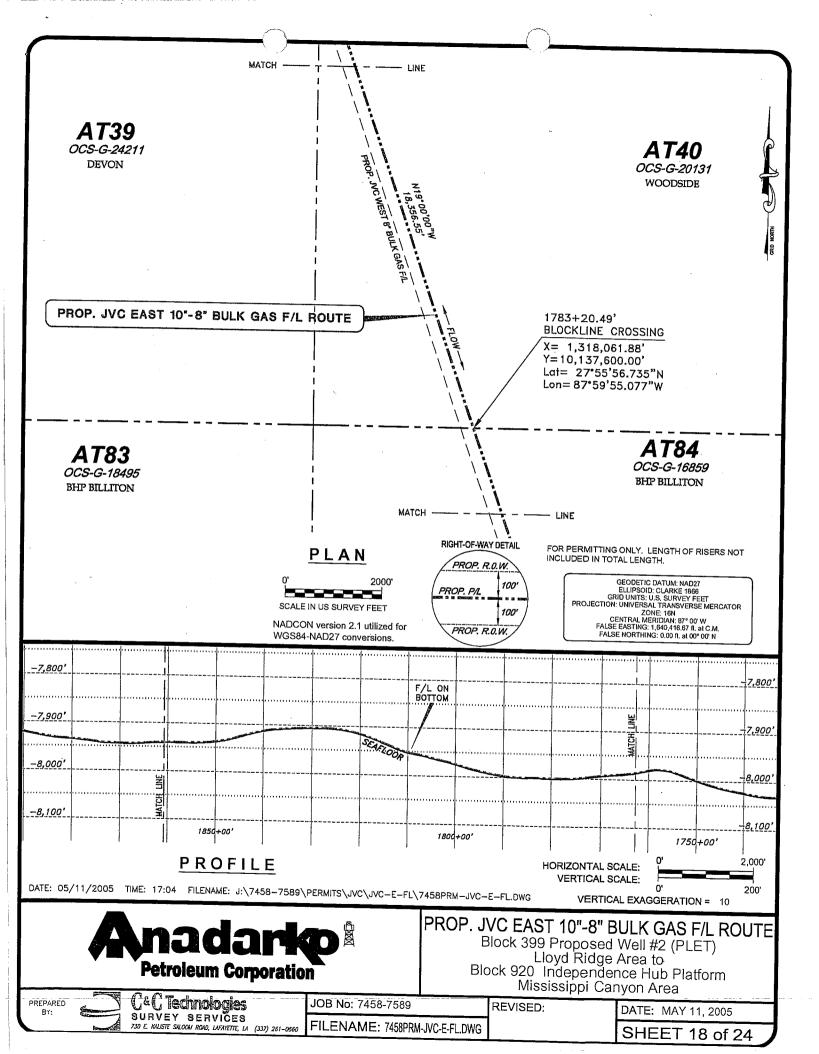
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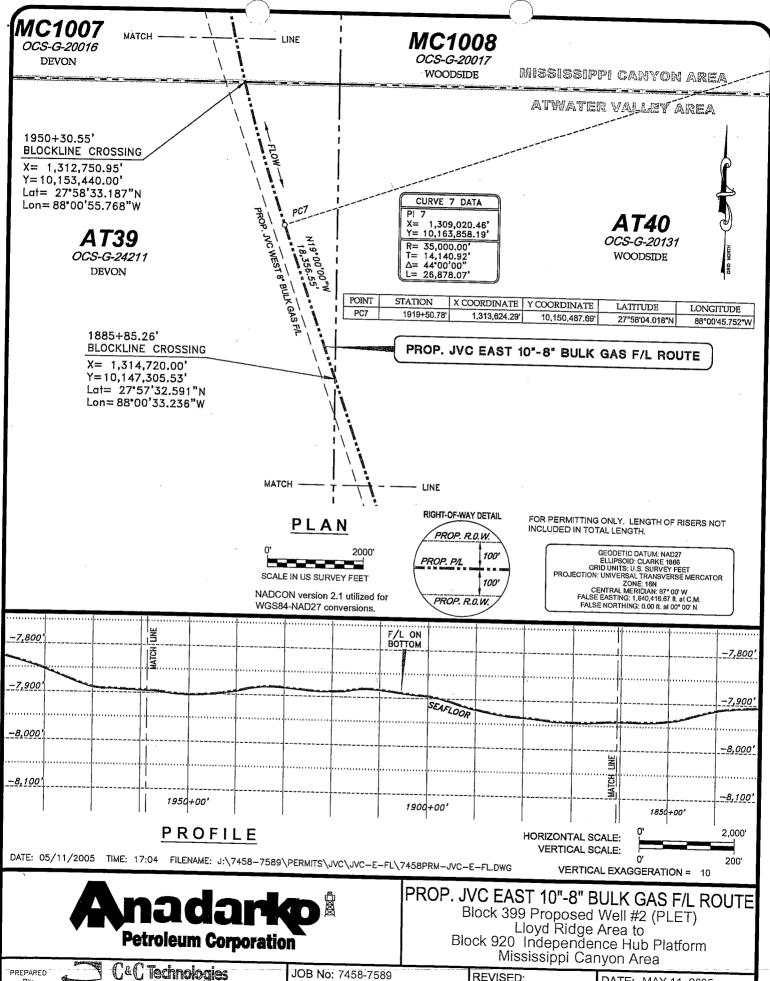
DATE: MAY 11, 2005

SHEET 15 of 24









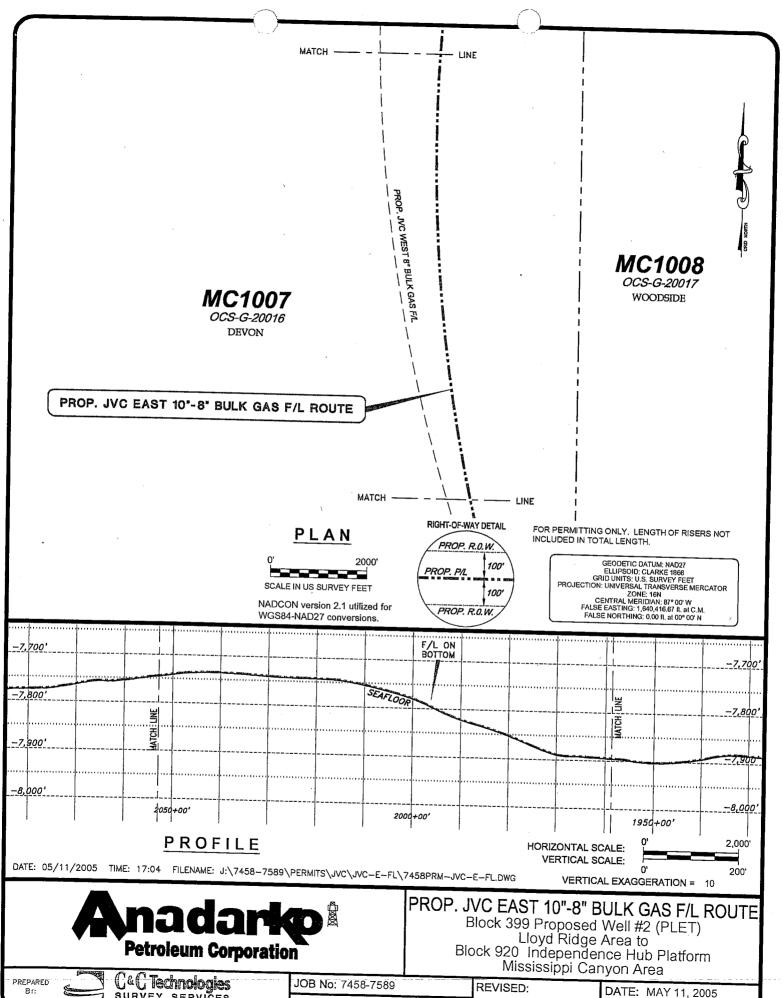
PREPARED BY:

C&C Technologies SURVEY SERVIČES 730 E. KALISTE SALOOM ROAD, LAFAYETTE, IA (337) 261-0650

FILENAME: 7458PRM-JVC-E-FL,DWG

REVISED: DATE: MAY 11, 2005

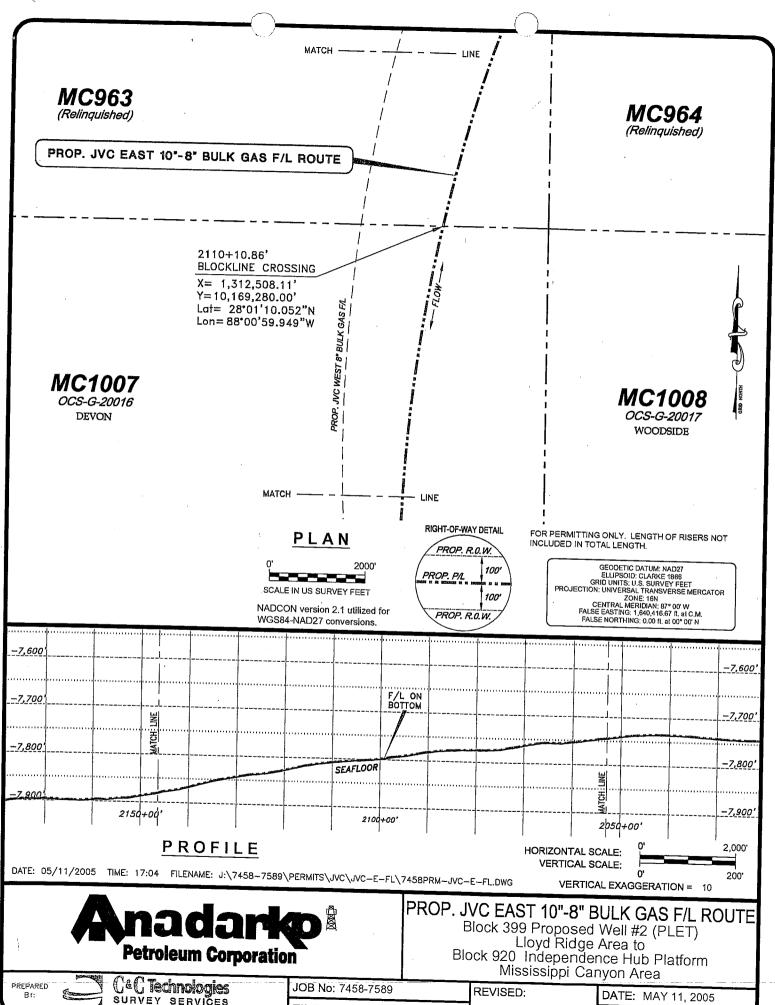
SHEET 19 of 24



SURVEY SERVICES 730 E. KALISTE SALOOM ROAD, LAFAYETTE, LA (337) 261-0560

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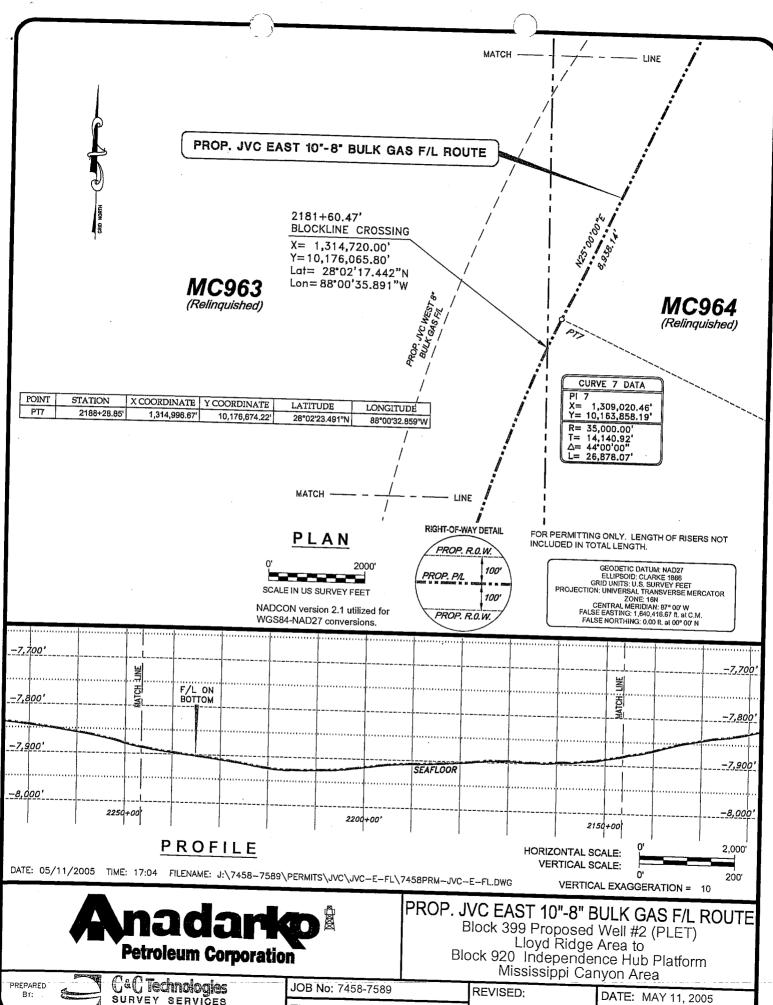
SHEET 20 of 24



SURVEY SERVIČES 730 E KALISTE SILOON ROAD, LAFAYETTE, IA (337) 261-0660

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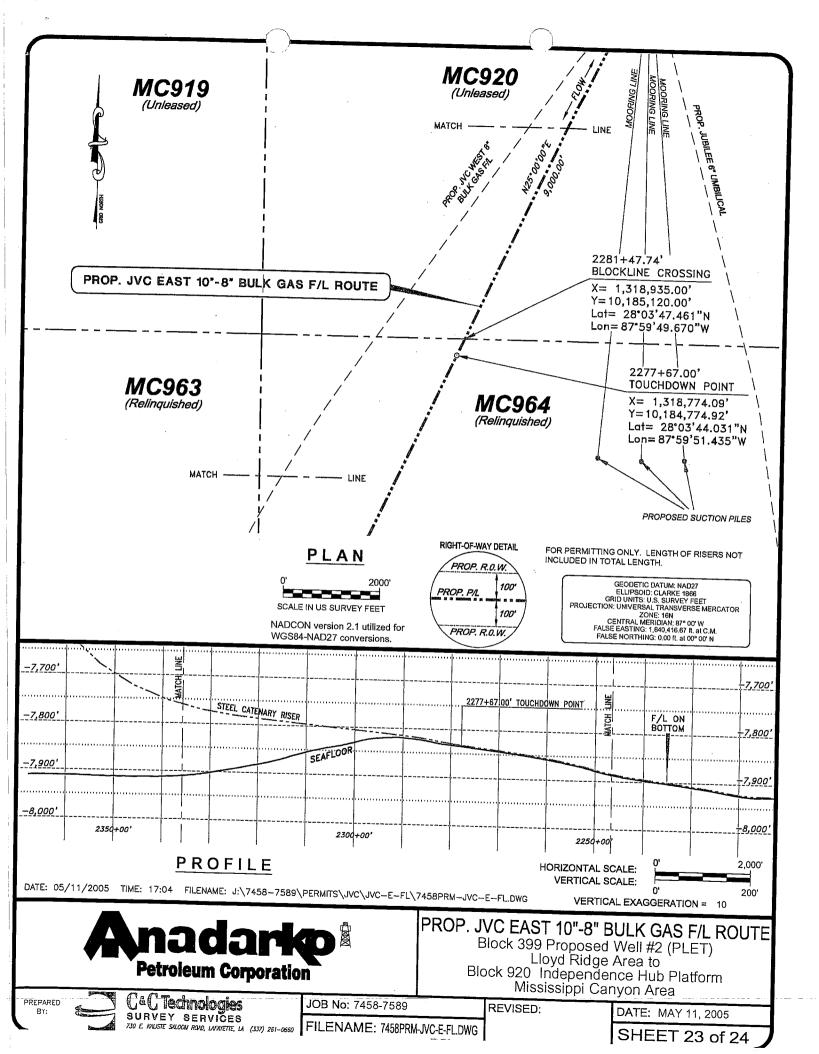
SHEET 21 of 24

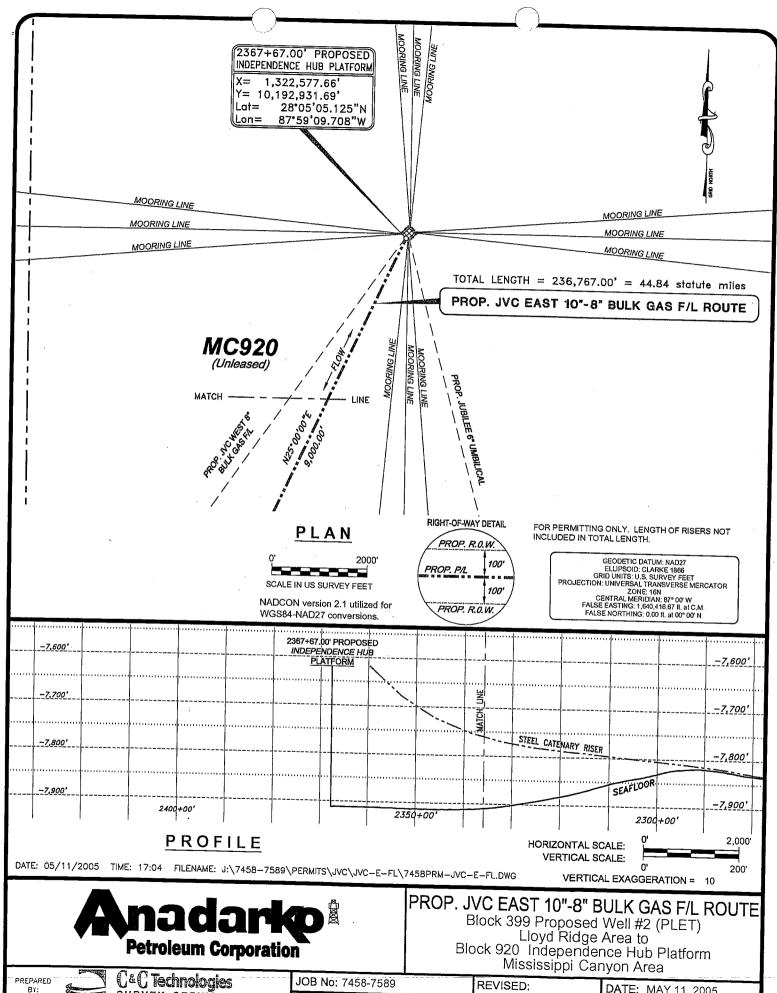


SURVEY SERVICES

730 E KALISTE SALOGIA ROAD, LAFAYETTE, LA (337) 261-0660 FILENAME: 7458PRM-IVC-E-FL.DWG

SHEET 22 of 24





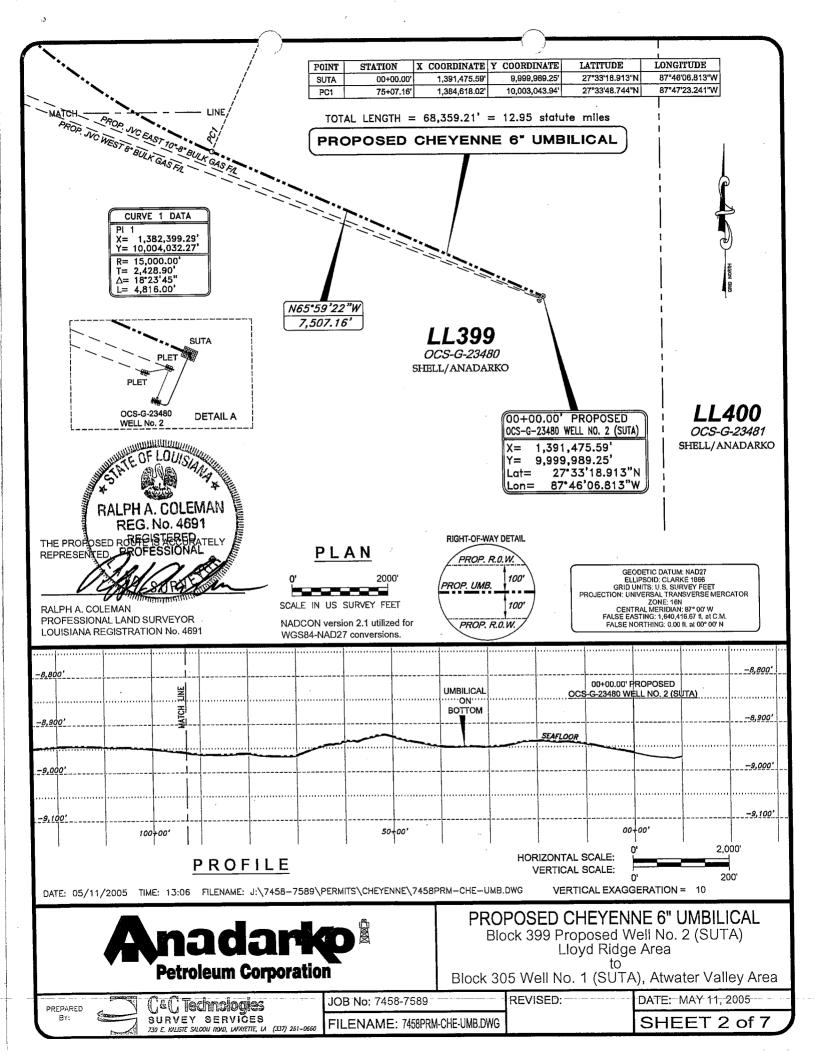
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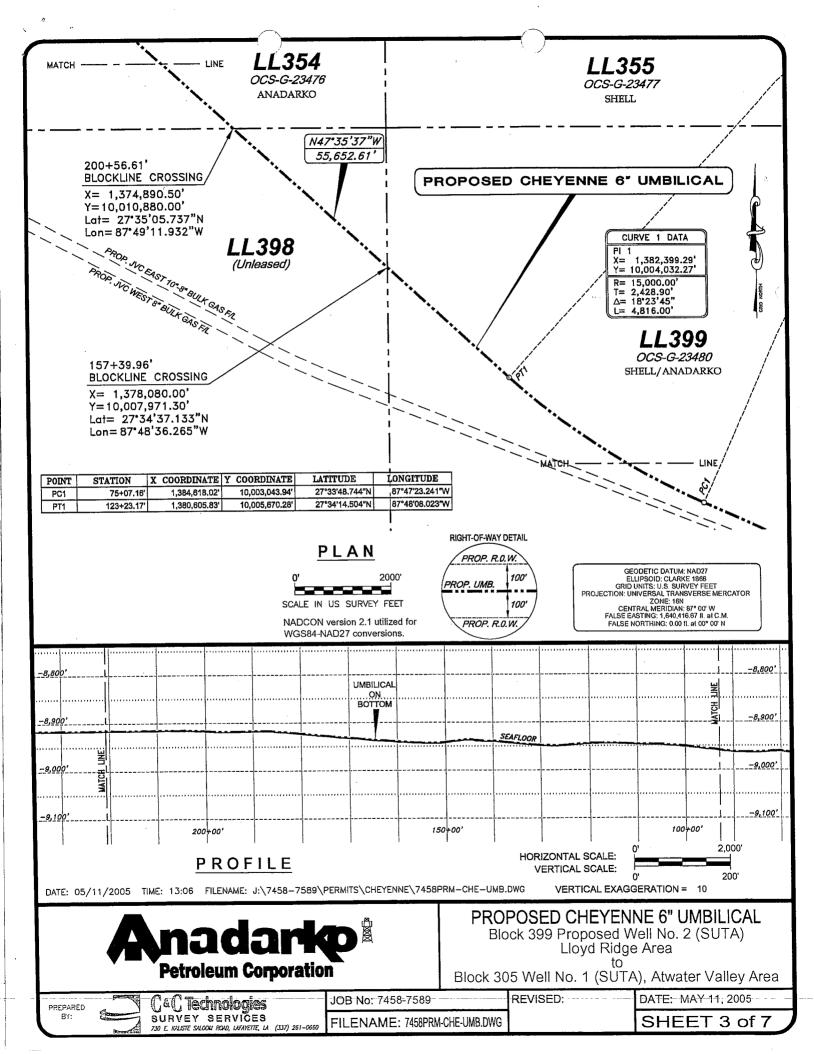
C&C Technologies survey services

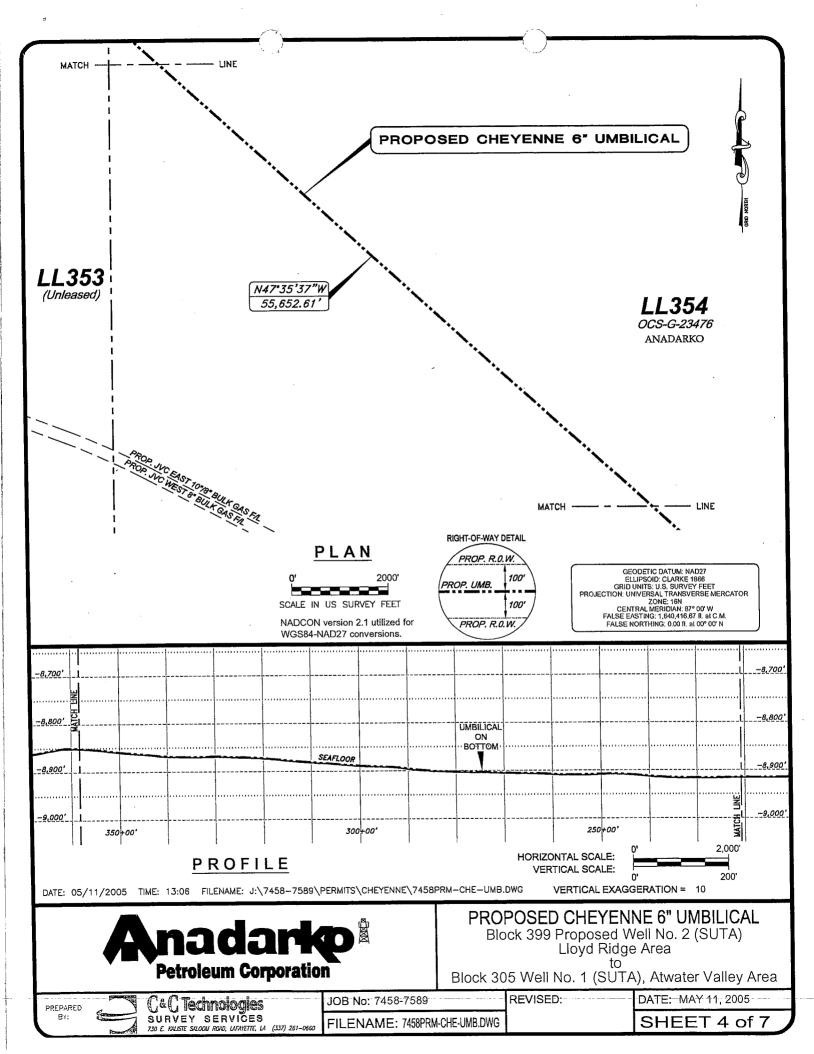
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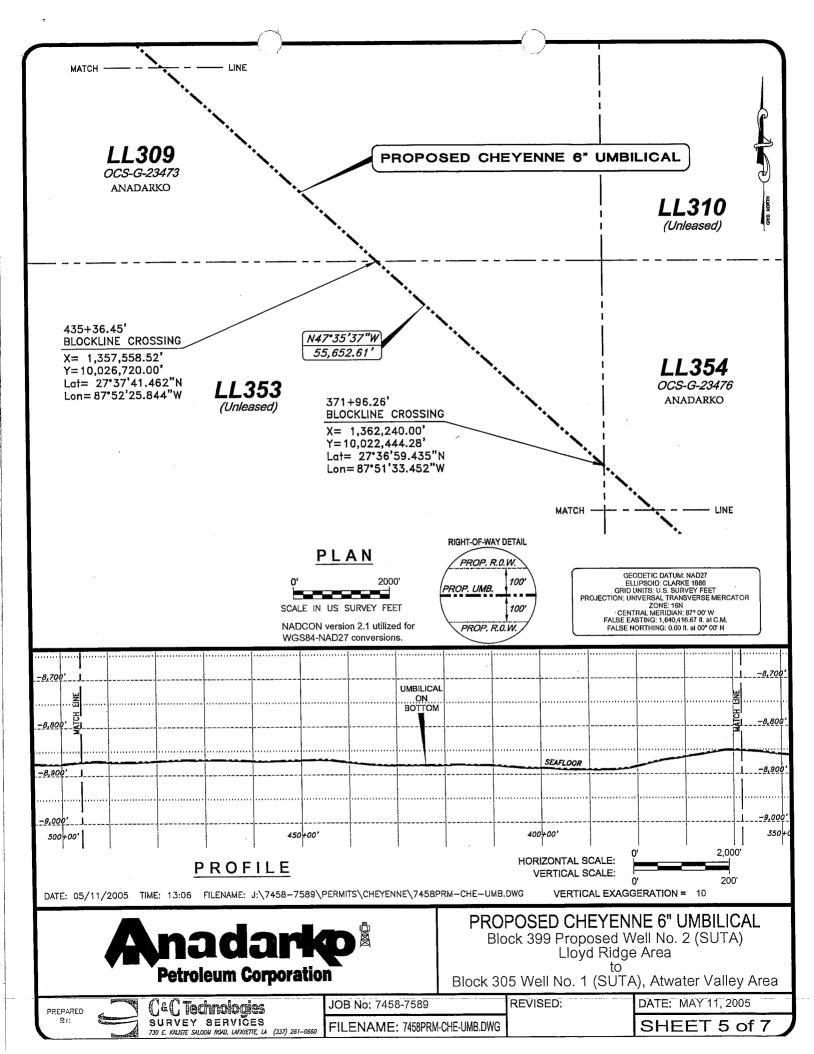
DATE: MAY 11, 2005

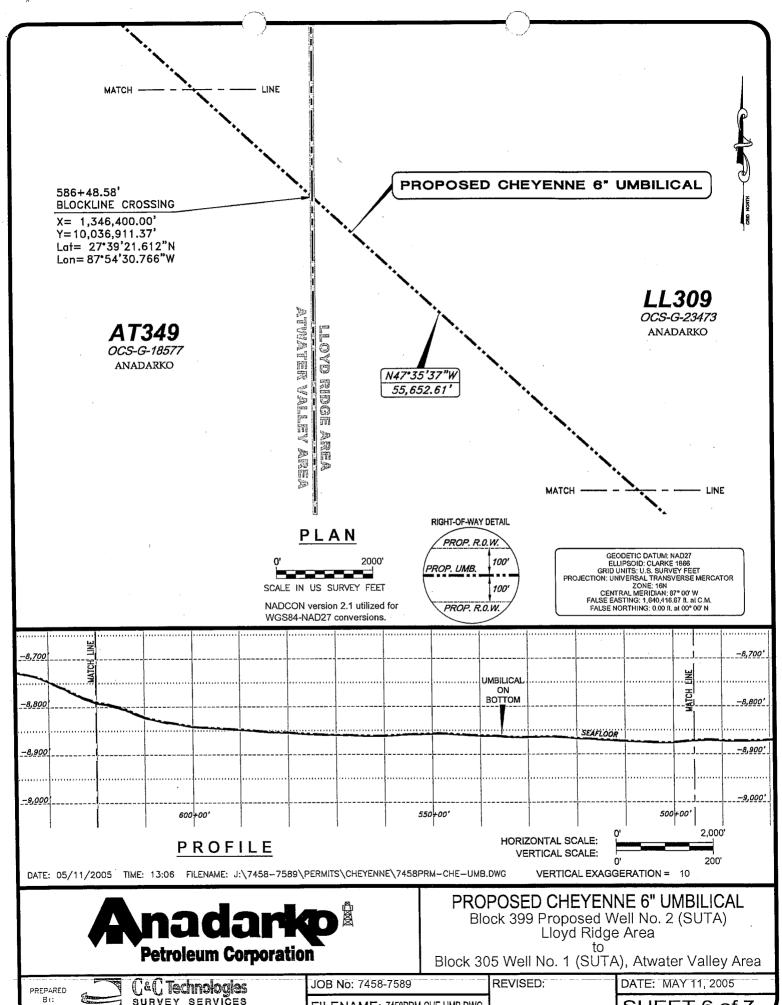
SHEET 24 of 24







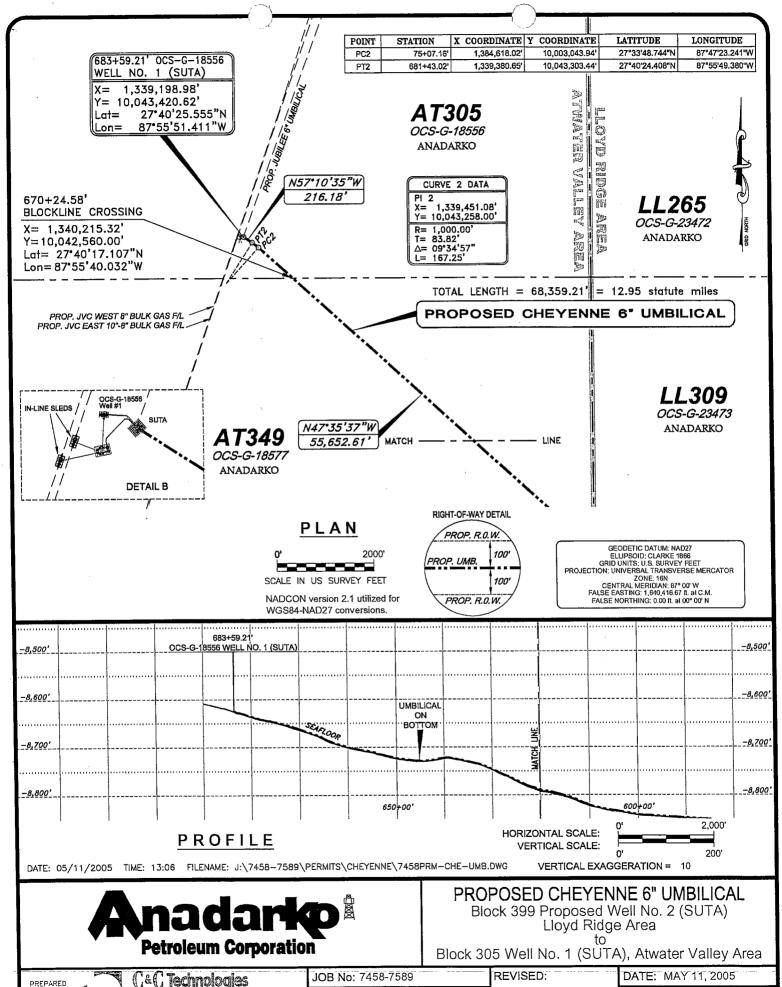




SURVEY SERVICES 730 E. KALISTE SALOON ROAD, LAFAYETTE, LA (337) 261-0660

FILENAME: 7458PRM-CHE-UMB.DWG

SHEET 6 of 7

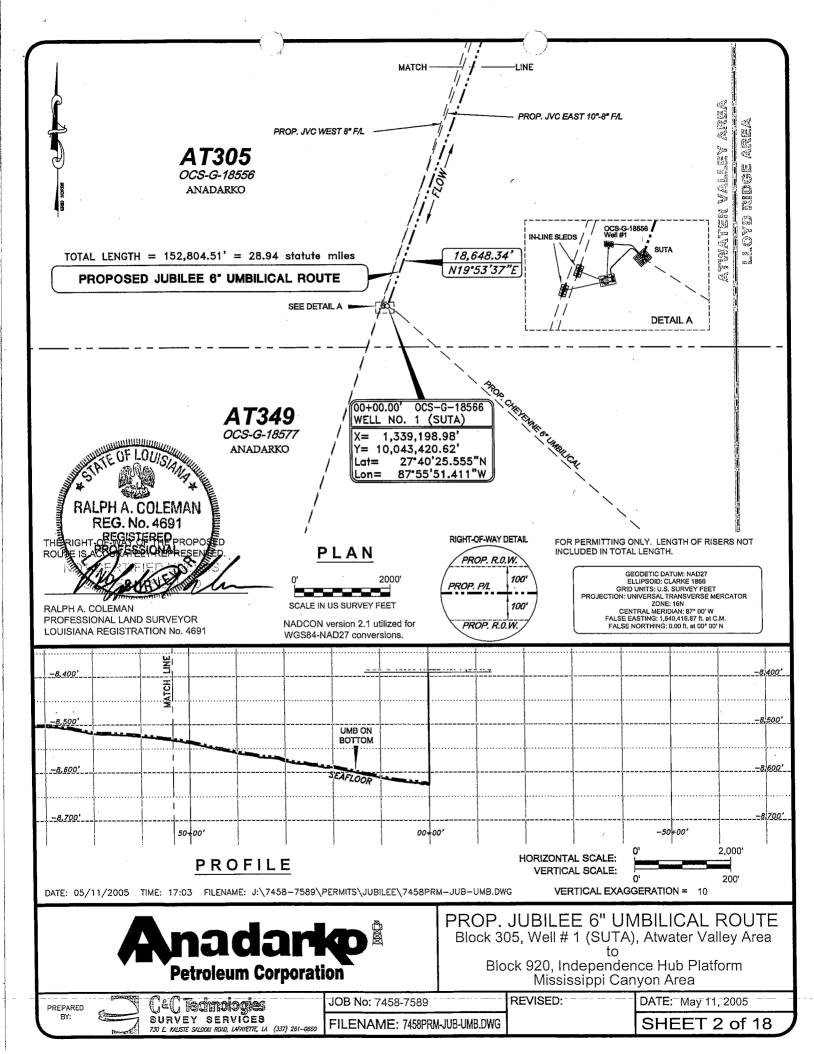


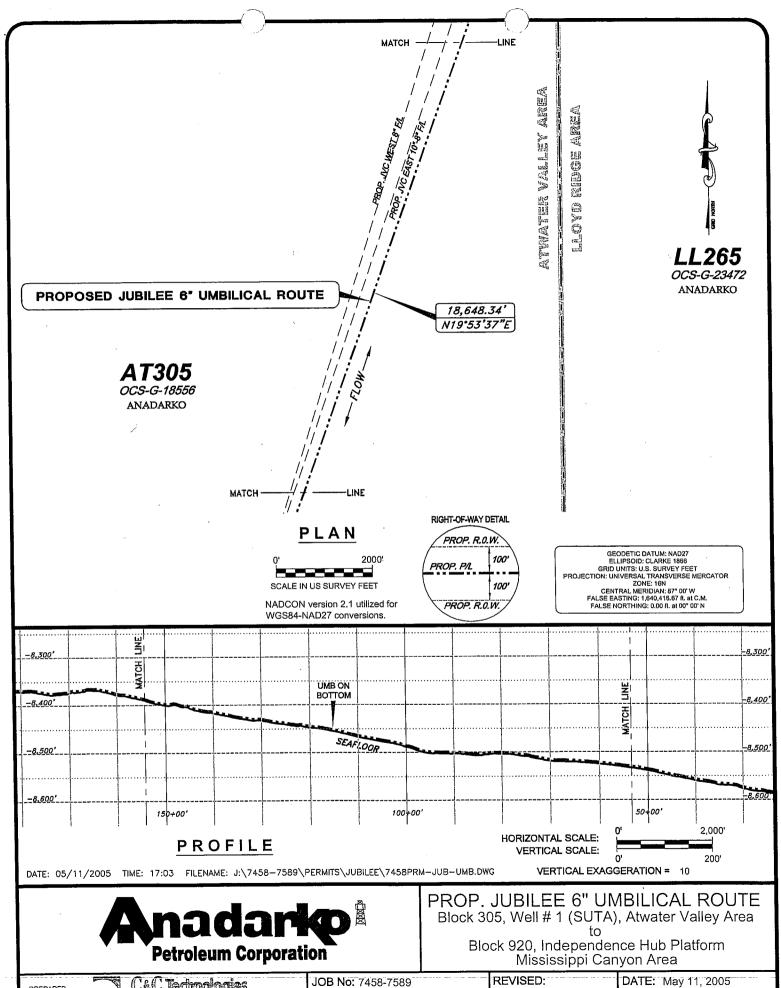
BY:

C&C Technologies SURVEY SERVICES 730 E. KALISTE SALOON ROAD, LAFAYETTE, LA

FILENAME: 7458PRM-CHE-UMB.DWG

SHEET 7 of 7



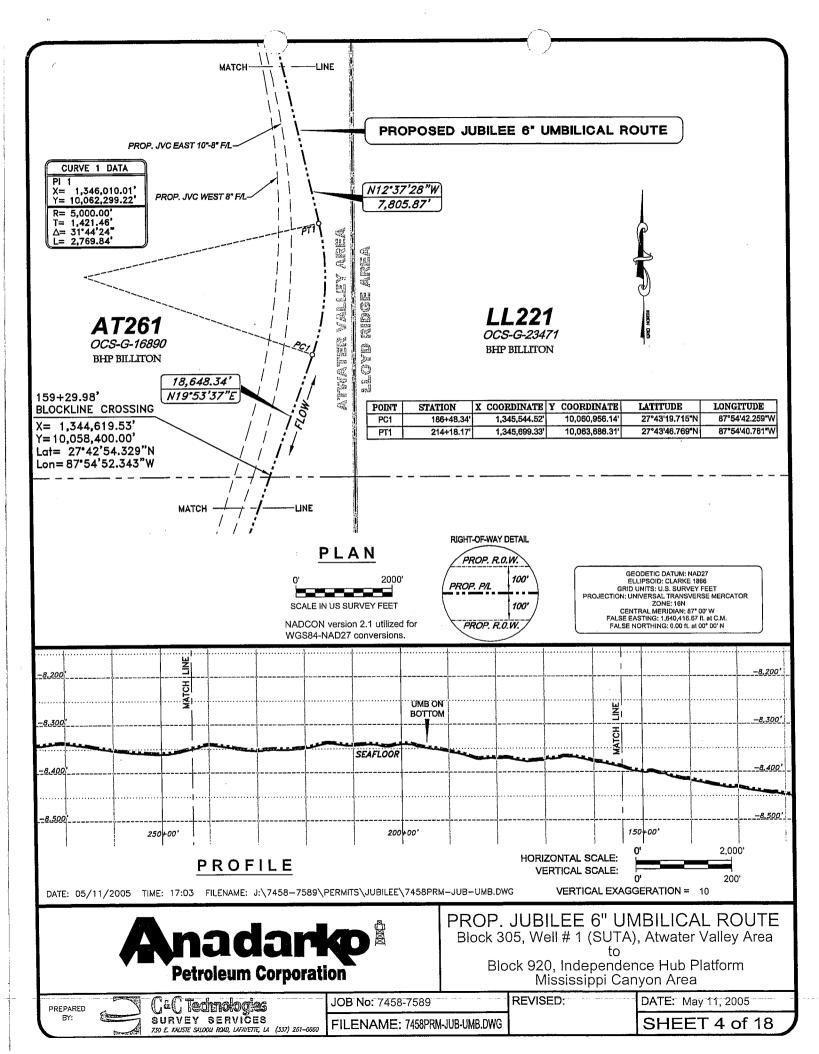


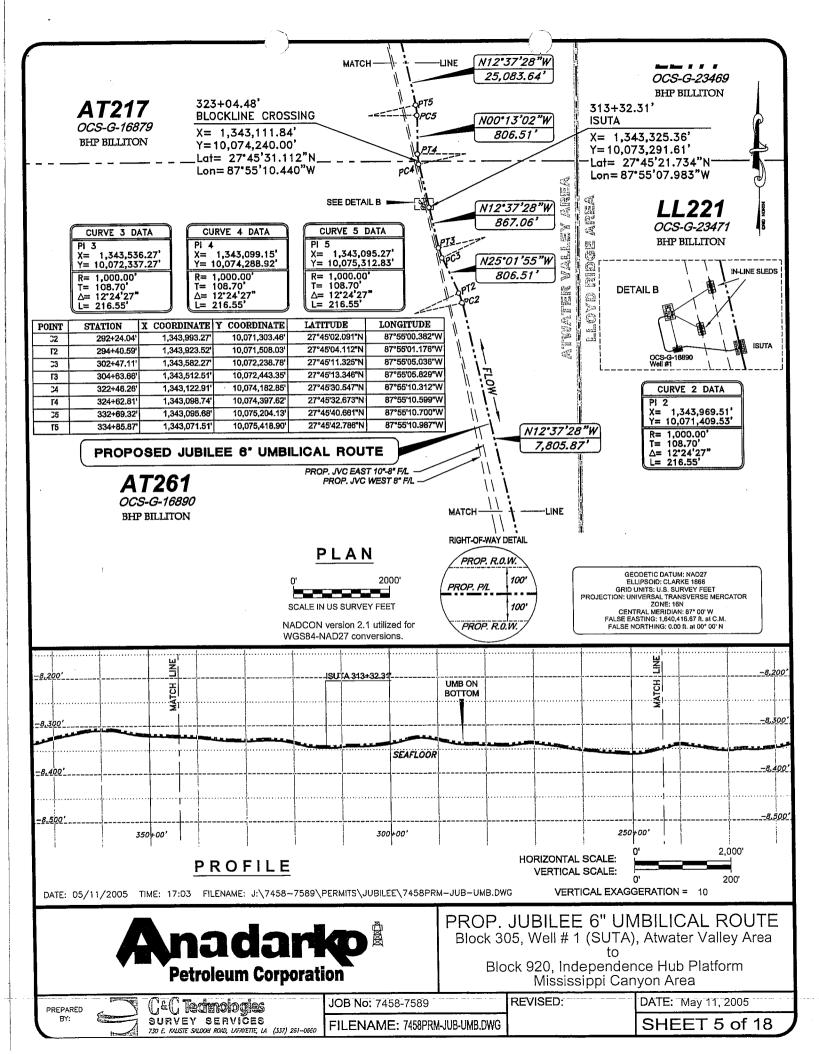
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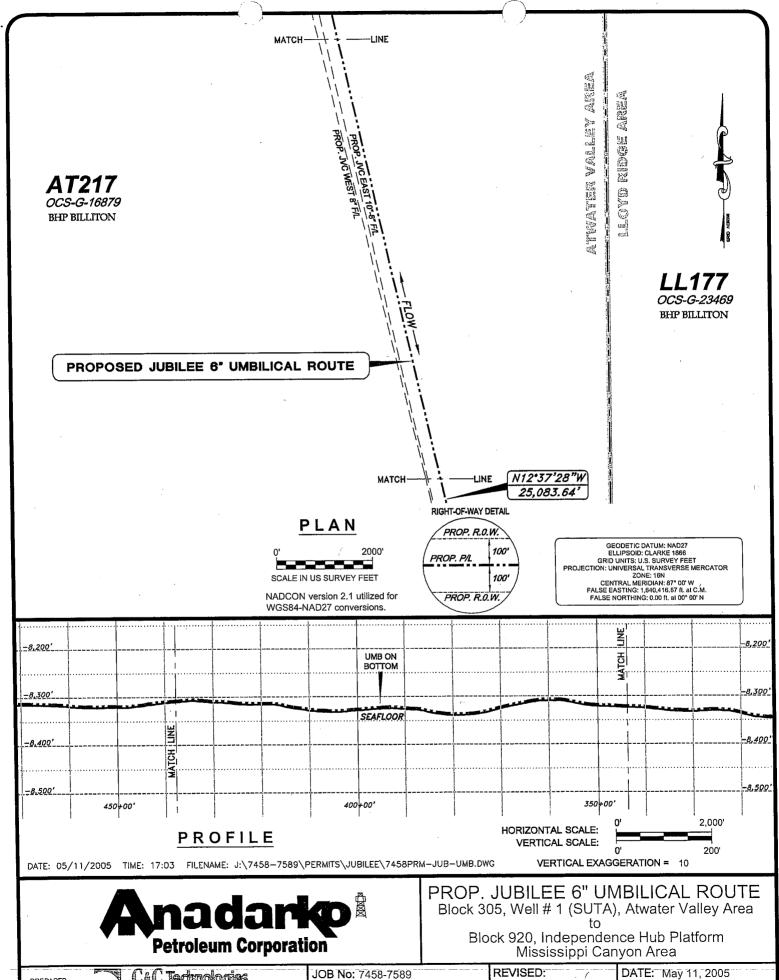


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SHEET 3 of 18







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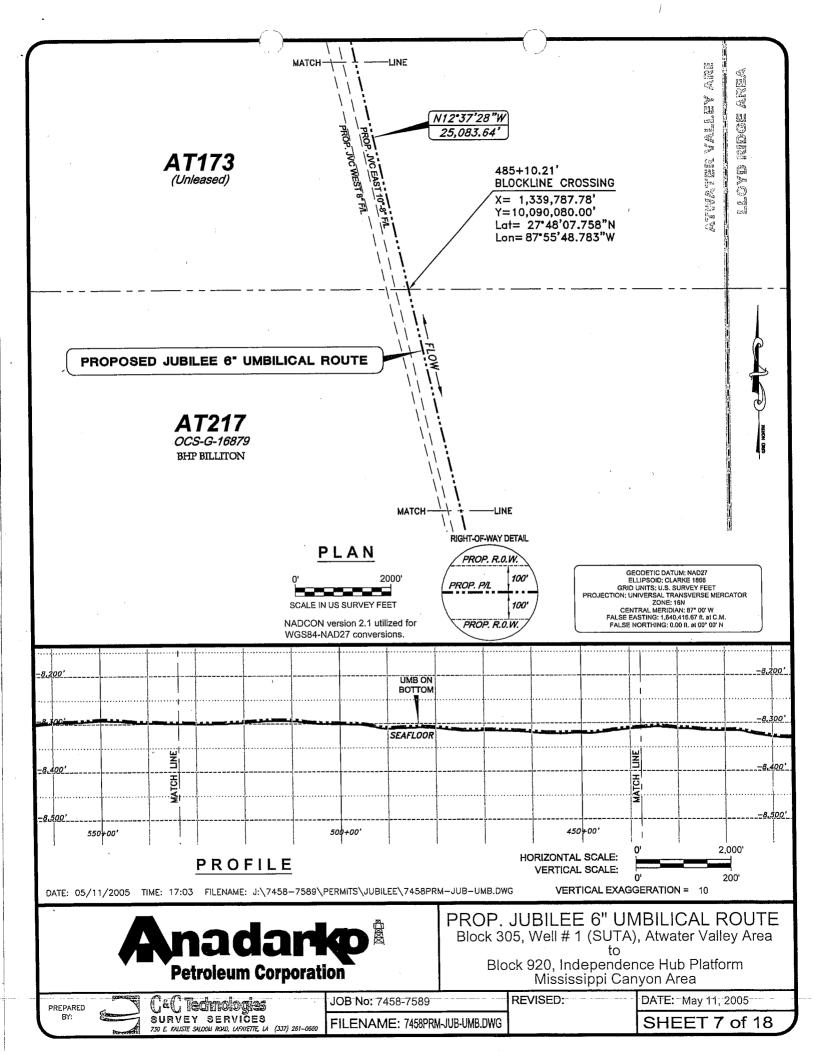
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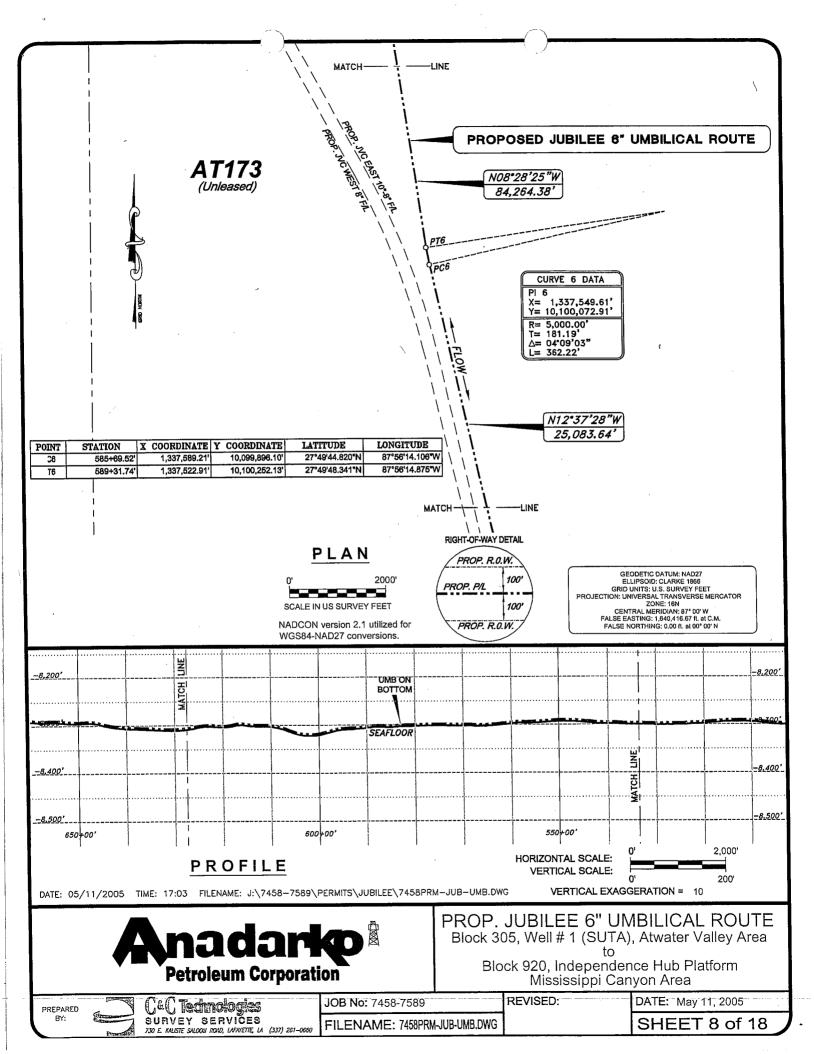
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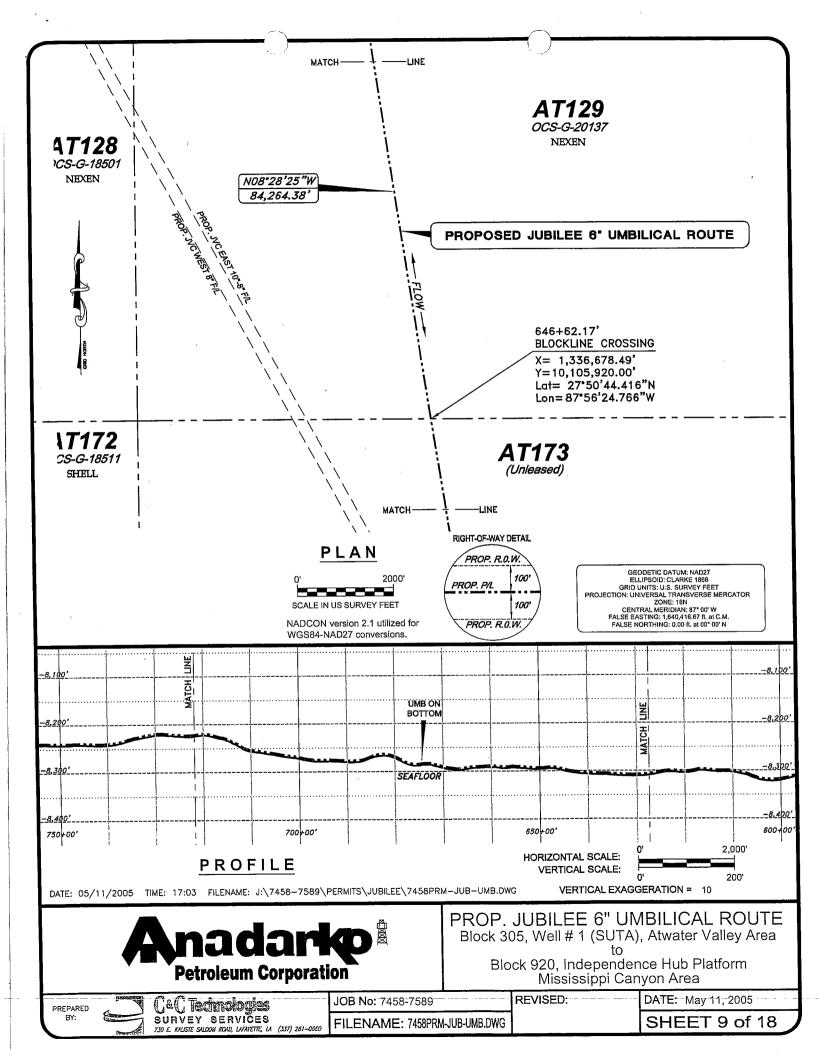
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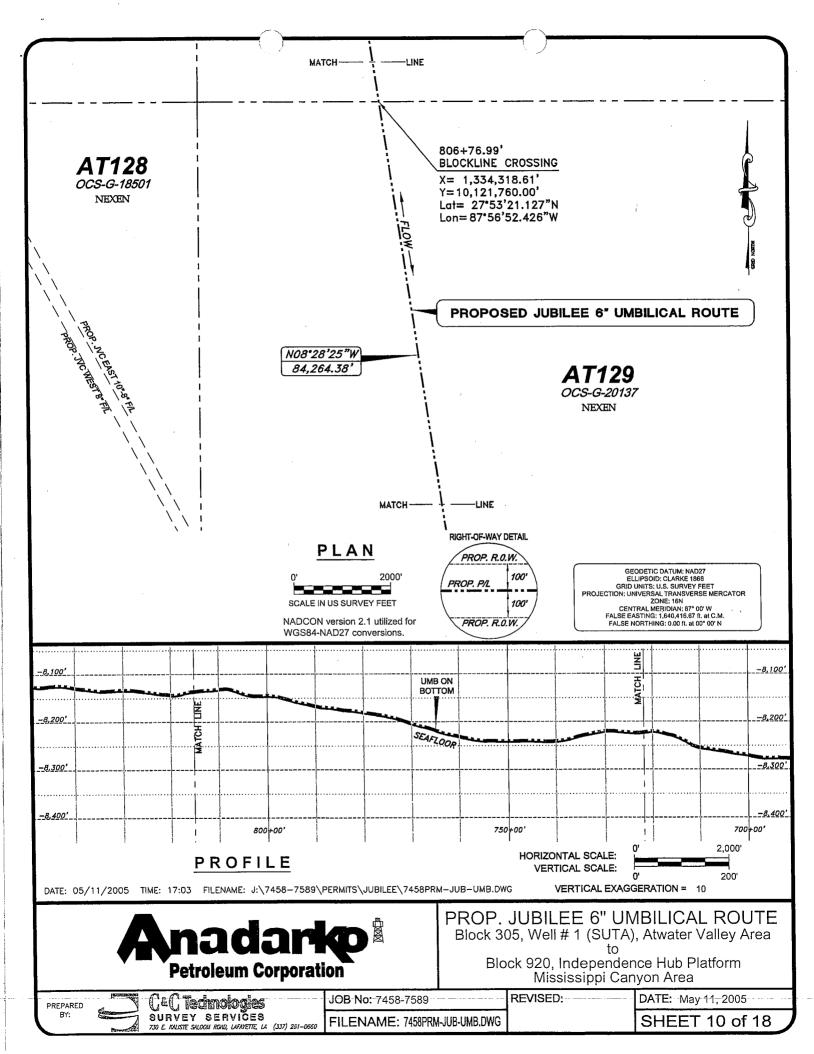
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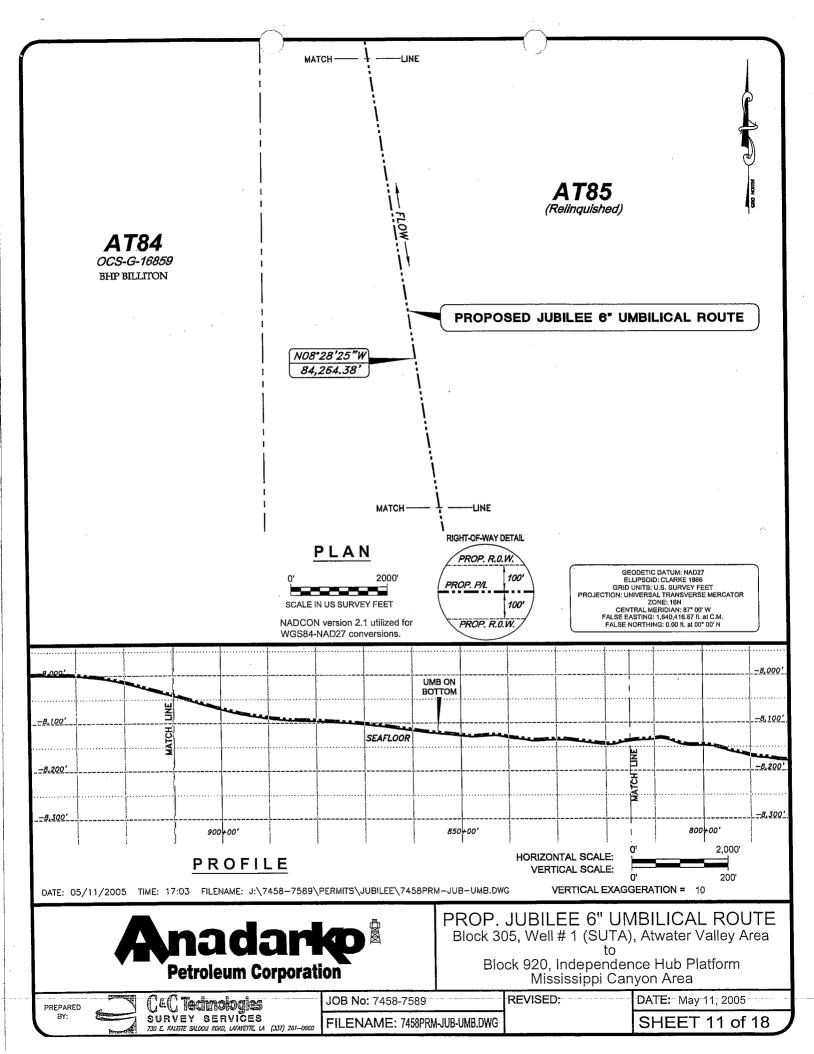
SHEET 6 of 18

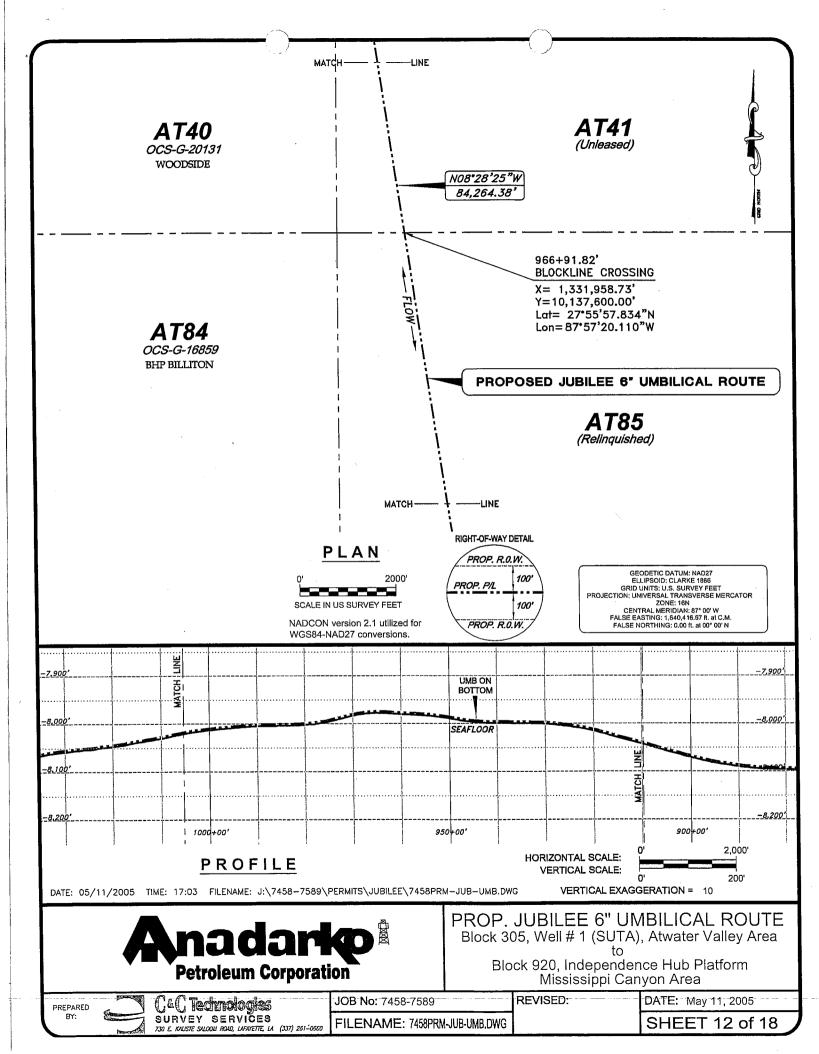


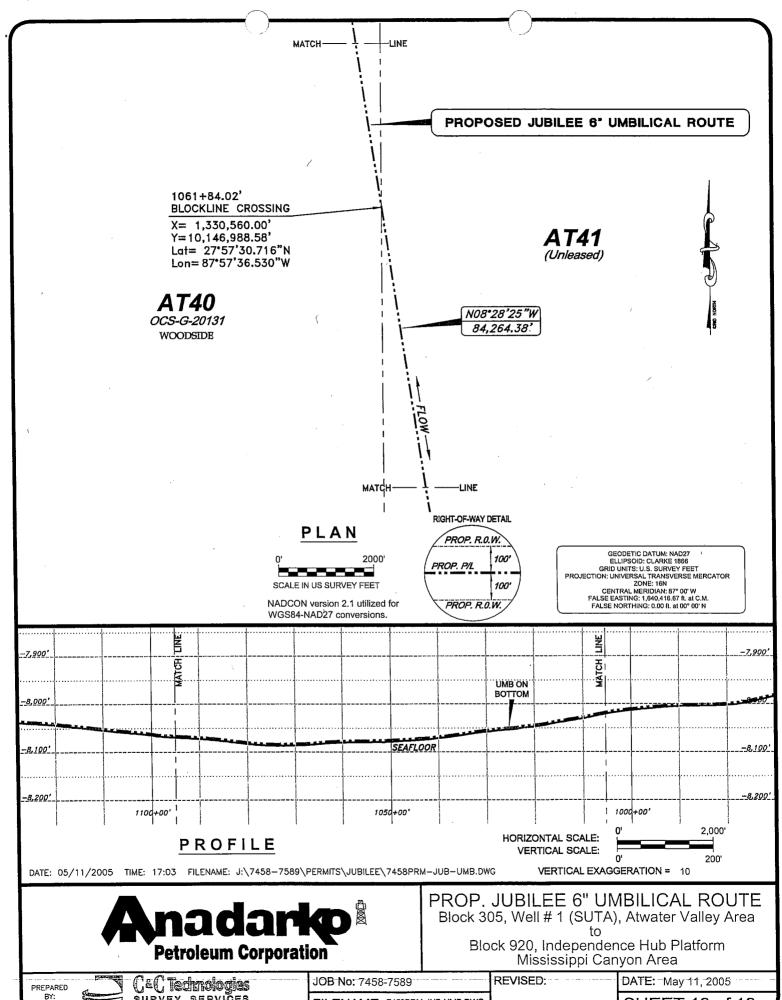








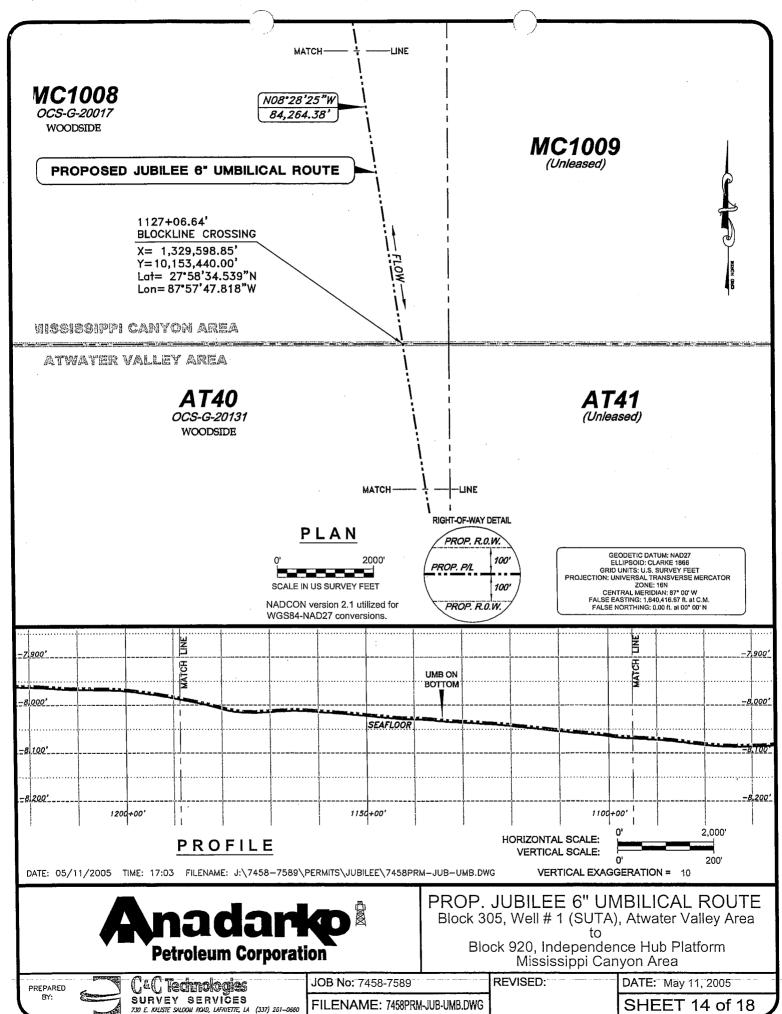


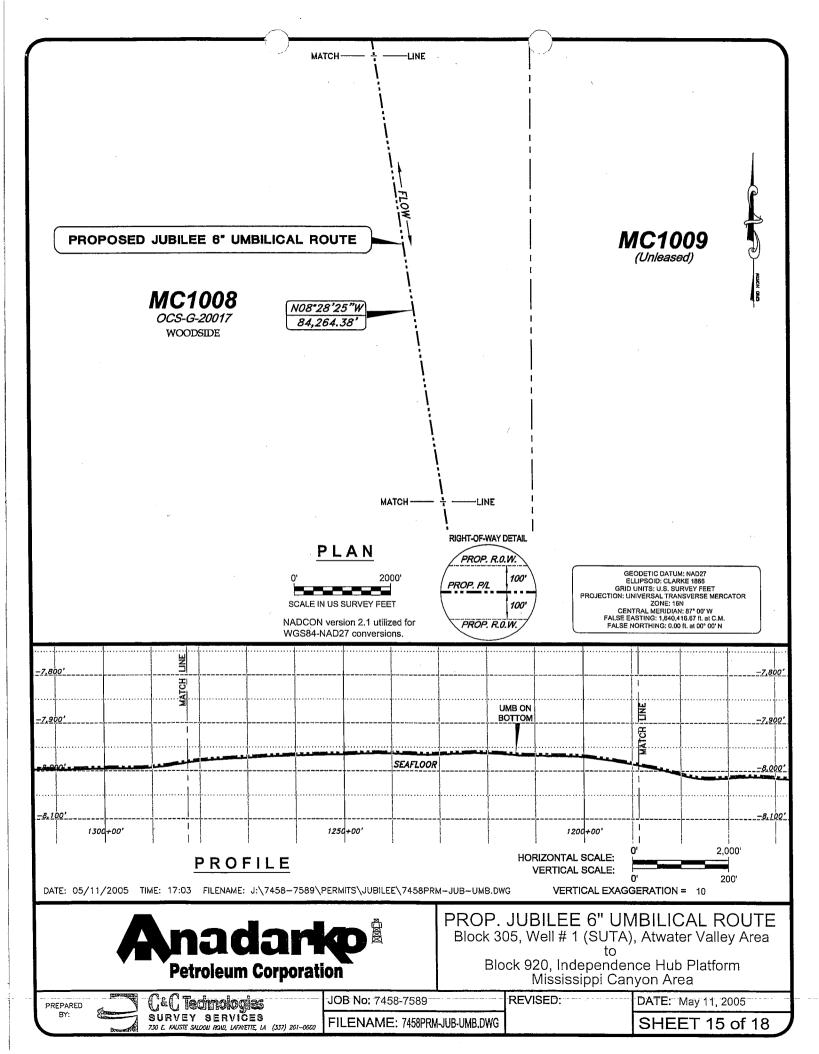


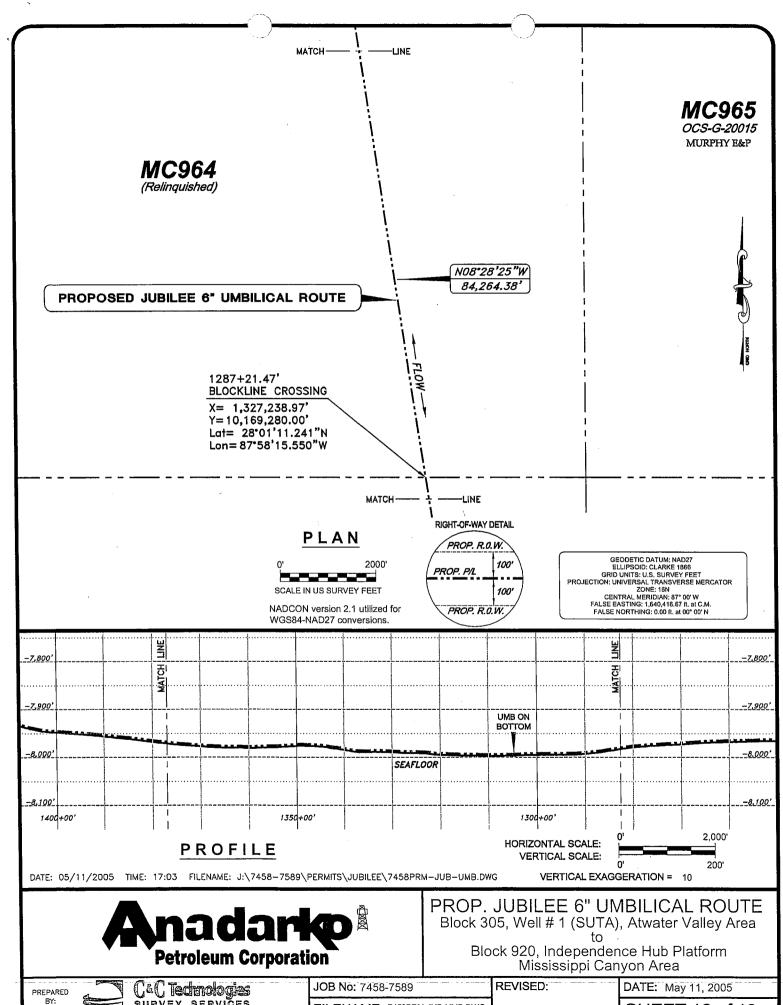
SURVEY SERVICES
730 E KUISTE SULOON ROND, LAFATETE, LA (337) 261-0660

FILENAME: 7458PRM-JUB-UMB.DWG

**SHEET 13 of 18** 



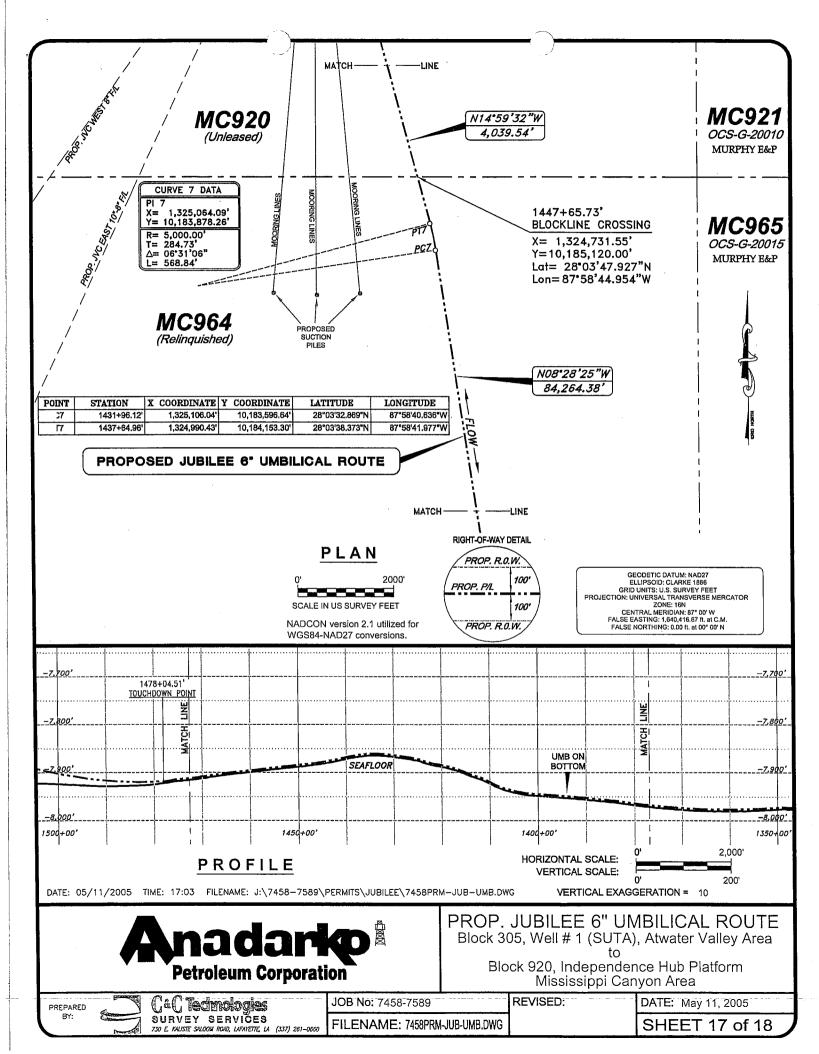


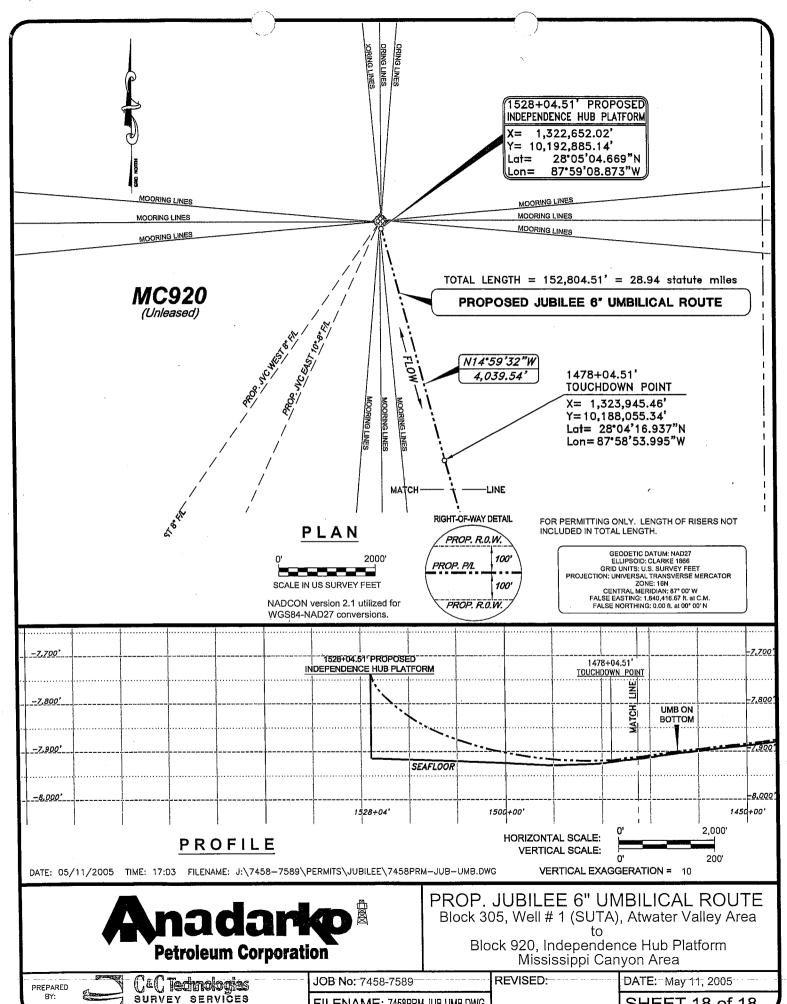


SURVEY SERVICES
730 E MUSTE SULDON ROND, UFNTETTE, U (337) 261-0560

FILENAME: 7458PRM-JUB-UMB,DWG

**SHEET 16 of 18** 

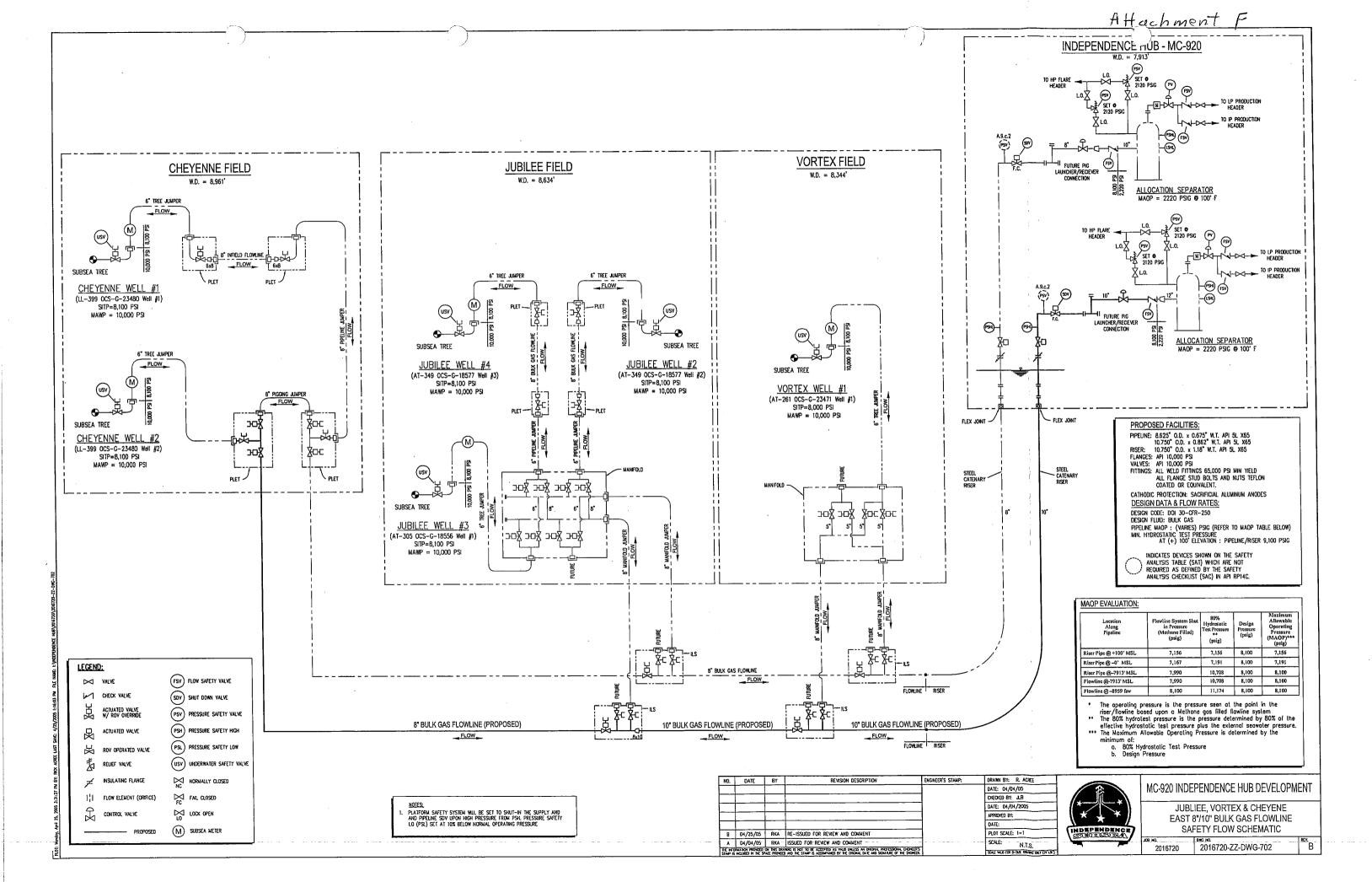


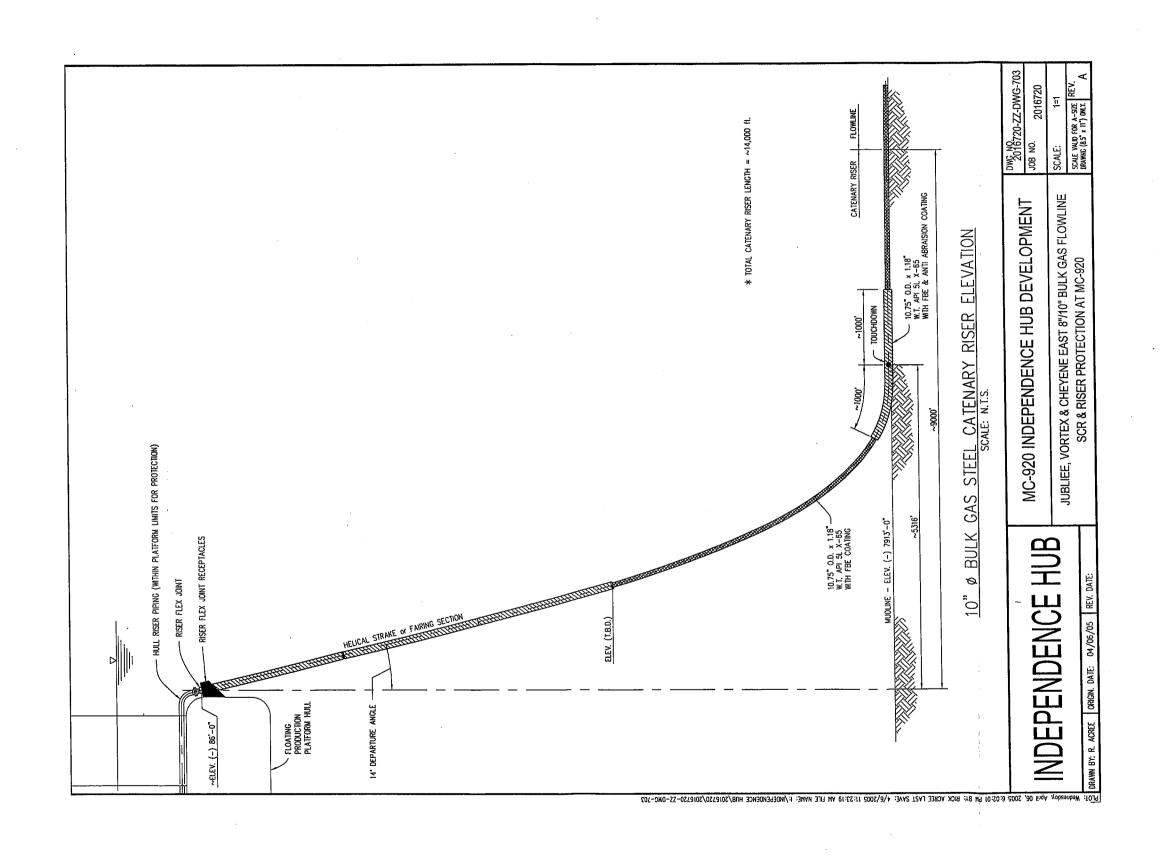


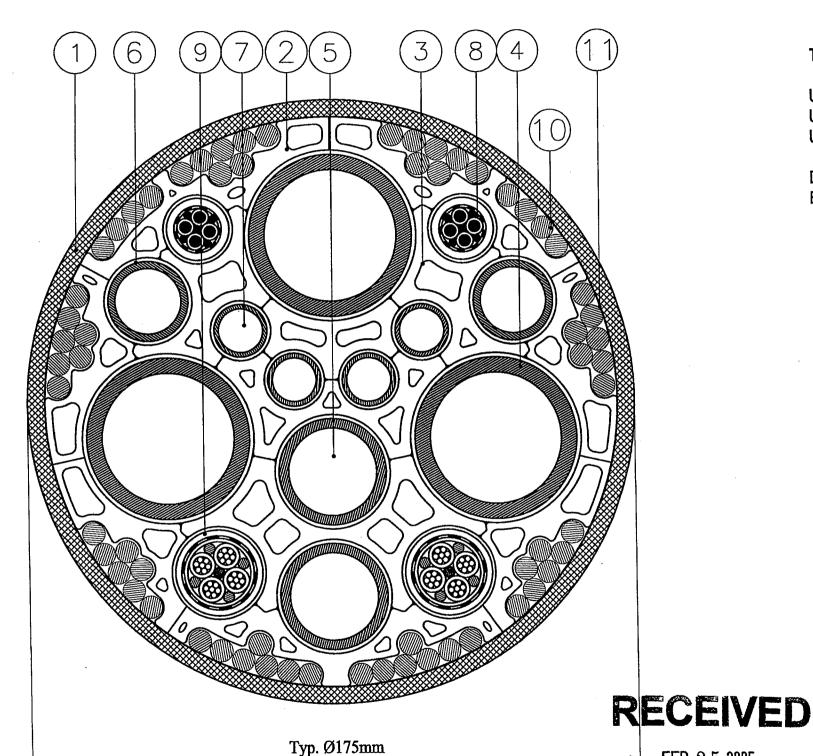
SURVEY SERVICES
730 E KAUSTE SALOON ROAD, LARNETTE, LA (337) 261-0660

FILENAME: 7458PRM-JUB-UMB.DWG

**SHEET 18 of 18** 







**TECHNICAL DATA** 

373 N/m Umbilical weight in air, empty: Umbilical weight in air, fluid filled: Umbilical weight in water, fluid filled:

437 N/m 194 N/m

Design tension capacity of umbilical: Breaking strenght of umbilical:

1146 kN 2228 kN

11 Bonding 0D=6.5 mm 10 Carbon Fibre Rods 16mm2 TSQ 9 Electric Cable OD=23 mm 6mm2 TSQ 2 B Electric Cable 00=18 mm Super Duplex 7 Steel Tube 1/2" x 1.27 mm 10000 psi 3/4" x 2.05 mm Super Duplex 2 6 Steel Tube 10000 ps Super Duplex 2 5 Steel Tube 1" x 2.97mm 10000 ps 1 1/2" x 4.4 mm Super Duplex 4 Steel Tube 10000 psi PVC 3 Internediate Conduit 2 Outer Conduit PE 1 Outer Sheathing,

FEB 2 5 2005

**KVAERNER OILFIELD PRODUCTS** MOBILE UMBILICAL U.S.

Drowing no. 11-MB0261-00 Kværner Oilfield Products a.s

MC-920 POWER HUB

PHG Issued for IDC

DYNAMIC SPIDERMAN&VORTEX

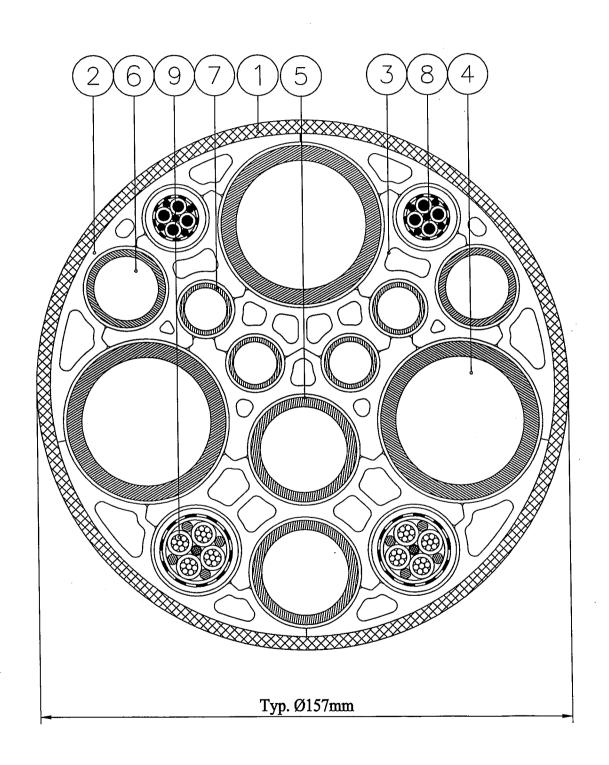
23.02.2005

BASE CASE

 $\Diamond$ 

1/1

**A3** 



## TECHNICAL DATA

Umbilical weight in air, empty: Umbilical weight in air, fluid filled: 300 N/m Umbilical weight in water, fluid filled:

363 N/m 168 N/m

Design tension capacity of umbilical: Breaking strenght of umbilical:

1016 kN 1969 kN

	2	9	Electric Cable	16mm	2 TSQ				
				. OD=	25 mm			<u> </u>	
	2	8	Electric Cable	-	2 TSQ			İ	
					7.5 mm				
	4	7	Steel Tube	<i>""</i> " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	- 1			Super 0	Ouplex
	_				00 psi			-	
	2	6	Steel Tube	3/4" x 1.				Super (	Jupiex
		_			00 psi 61 mm		<del>-</del>	Super (	Juntav
	2	5	Steel Tube		.00 psi		İ	Johen (	Jupier
	3	4	Steel Tube	1 1/2" x 3	<u> </u>			Super I	Duplex
	ر	"	31661 1006		)00 psi				
-	5	3	Intemediate Condu					PVC	
	-								
	4	2	Outer Conduit					PVC	
	1	1	Outer Sheathing,					PE	
			Navn / Type		limens jon	Kg/slk.	Referanse	Materiale	
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May 13, 2005

BHP Billiton Petroleum (Deepwater), Inc. 1360 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 150 Houston, TX 77056-3020

ATTN:

Scott Cornwell

RE:

Application for an 8" x 10" Bulk Gas Right-of-Way Pipeline and associated umbilical to be Installed in and/or Through Block 84 Atwater Valley Area, OCS Federal Waters, Gulf of Mexico, Offshore

Mr. Cornwell:

In accordance with 30 CFR, Part 250.1010(c), Anadarko Petroleum Corporation hereby gives notice we have made application with the Minerals Management Service to install the referenced 8" x 10" bulk gas right-of-way pipeline with associated umbilical. The proposed pipeline crosses BHP Billiton's Atwater Valley Area Block 84, as shown on the attached application.

We hereby request a letter of no objection to this proposal. Please send your response to my attention at the address above. I can be reached at (832) 636-8758 if you have any questions. Your prompt response would be greatly appreciated.

Sincerely,

Susan Hathcock

Supervisor, Regulatory & Environmental

in Hothook

SH:si



May 13, 2005

Devon Energy Production 1200 Smith St., Suite 3300 Houston, TX 77002

ATTN:

Mark Gress

RE:

Application for an 8" x 10" Bulk Gas Right-of-Way Pipeline and associated umbilical to be Installed in and/or Through Block 39 Atwater Valley Area and Block 1007 Mississippi Canyon Area, OCS Federal Waters, Gulf of Mexico, Offshore

Mr. Gress:

In accordance with 30 CFR, Part 250.1010(c), Anadarko Petroleum Corporation hereby gives notice we have made application with the Minerals Management Service to install the referenced 8" x 10" bulk gas right-of-way pipeline with associated umbilical. The proposed pipeline crosses Devon's Atwater Valley Area Block 39 and Mississippi Canyon Area Block 1007, as shown on the attached application.

We hereby request a letter of no objection to this proposal. Please send your response to my attention at the address above. I can be reached at (832) 636-8758 if you have any questions. Your prompt response would be greatly appreciated.

Sincerely,

Susan Hathcock

Supervisor, Regulatory & Environmental

son Hatheach

SH:si



May 13, 2005

Nexen Petroleum USA, Inc. 12790 Merit Dr., Suite 800 Dallas, TX 75251

ATTN:

Bob Baker

RE:

Application for an 8" x 10" Bulk Gas Right-of-Way Pipeline and associated umbilical to be Installed in and/or Through Blocks 128 and 129 Atwater Valley Area, OCS Federal Waters, Gulf of Mexico, Offshore

Mr. Baker:

In accordance with 30 CFR, Part 250.1010(c), Anadarko Petroleum Corporation hereby gives notice we have made application with the Minerals Management Service to install the referenced 8" x 10" bulk gas right-of-way pipeline with associated umbilical. The proposed pipeline crosses Nexen's Atwater Valley Area Blocks 128 and 129, as shown on the attached application.

We hereby request a letter of no objection to this proposal. Please send your response to my attention at the address above. I can be reached at (832) 636-8758 if you have any questions. Your prompt response would be greatly appreciated.

Sincerely,

Susan Hathcock

Supervisor, Regulatory & Environmental

Hatheret

SH:si



May 13, 2005

Woodside Energy (USA), Inc. Sage Plaza 5151 San Felipe, Suite 1200 Houston, TX 77056

ATTN:

Dave Mason

RE:

Application for an 8" x 10" Bulk Gas Right-of-Way Pipeline and associated umbilical to be Installed in and/or Through Block 40 Atwater Valley Area and Block 1008 Mississippi Canyon Area, OCS Federal Waters, Gulf of Mexico, Offshore

Mr. Mason:

In accordance with 30 CFR, Part 250.1010(c), Anadarko Petroleum Corporation hereby gives notice we have made application with the Minerals Management Service to install the referenced 8" x 10" bulk gas right-of-way pipeline with associated umbilical. The proposed pipeline crosses Woodside's Atwater Valley Area Block 40 and Mississippi Canyon Area Block 1008, as shown on the attached application.

We hereby request a letter of no objection to this proposal. Please send your response to my attention at the address above. I can be reached at (832) 636-8758 if you have any questions. Your prompt response would be greatly appreciated.

Sincerely,

Susan Hathcock

Supervisor, Regulatory & Environmental

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SH:si

#### Attachment J

#### CZM CONSISTENCY CERTIFICATION

The Louisiana Coastal Zone Management Program includes the following: general coastal use guidelines, levees, linear facilities (pipelines); dredged soil deposition; shoreline modifications, surface alterations, hydrologic and sediment transport modifications, waste disposal; uses that result in the alteration of waters draining into coastal waters; oil, gas, or other mineral activities; and air and water quality.

Relevant enforceable policies were considered in certifying consistency for Louisiana.

The Florida Coastal Zone Management Program includes the following: The Florida Coastal Zone Management Act authorized the development of the coastal management program. A network of agencies comprises the coastal management agencies to represent a balanced statewide perspective including interests in coastal development, professional/academic coastal science, commercial fishing, environmental/coastal conservation, local government, coast/marine commerce, energy development, recreational fishing/boating, regional planning councils, water management districts, and environmental education. The purpose of the program is to protect historic and archaeological resources, freshwater fish, birds, and both upland game and no-game animals, including endangered species; development, maintenance, and protection of the transportation systems, and the saltwater fisheries and marine mammals.

CZM Consistency Certifications for Louisiana and Florida are enclosed.



May 13, 2005

Coastal Management Division ATTN: OCS Plans P. O. Box 44487 Baton Rouge, LA 70804-4487

RE: CZM Consistency Certification

8"/10" Bulk Gas Pipeline Right-of-Way Application w/Associated Umbilical From Lloyd Ridge Block 399 (Cheyenne) Pipeline End Termination Sled to Mississippi Canyon Block 920 Floating Production Platform (Independence Hub)

#### Gentlemen:

Enclosed is a copy of Anadarko Petroleum Corporation's application to the Minerals Management Service for an 8"/10" bulk gas pipeline right-of-way with associated umbilical to be installed in and/or through Lloyd Ridge Blocks 399, 398, 354, and 353; Atwater Valley Blocks 393, 349, 305, 261, 217, 173, 129, 128, 84, 40, and 39; and Mississippi Canyon Blocks 1007, 963, 964, and 920. The onshore support base for installation of the pipeline is Fourchon, Louisiana. Our check in the amount of \$300.00 is enclosed covering the processing fee for a federal consistency determination for this right-of-way.

If you should have any questions, please call me at 832/636-8758.

Sincerely,

Susan Hathcock

Regulatory & Environmental Coordinator

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SH/me

Enclosures (2)

# COASTAL ZONE MANAGEMENT PROGRAM CONSISTENCY CERTIFICATION

From Lloyd Ridge 399 Well No. 1 Pipeline End Termination Sled

To Mississippi Canyon Block 920 Floating Production Platform

44.84 Length (miles)

The proposed activities described in detail in this right-of-way pipeline application comply with the enforceable policies of Louisiana's approved Coastal Management Program(s) and will be conducted in a manner consistent with such Program(s).

Anadarko Petroleum Corporation Right-of-Way Applicant

Lectifying Official





May 13, 2005

Ms. Lynn Griffin Coastal Program Administrator Florida Department of Environmental Protection 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard, Mail Stop 47 Tallahassee, FL 32399-3000

**CZM Consistency Certification** RE:

8"/10" Bulk Gas Pipeline Right-of-Way Application w/Associated Umbilical From Lloyd Ridge Block 399 (Cheyenne) Subsea Pipeline End Termination Sled to Mississippi Canyon Block 920 Floating Production Platform (Independence Hub)

#### Gentlemen:

Enclosed are seven (7) copies of Anadarko Petroleum Corporation's application to the Minerals Management Service for an 8"/10" bulk gas pipeline right-of-way with associated umbilical to be installed in and/or through Lloyd Ridge Blocks 399, 398, 354, and 353; Atwater Valley Blocks 393, 349, 305, 261, 217, 173, 129, 128, 84, 40, and 39; and Mississippi Canyon Blocks 1007, 963, 964, and 920. The onshore support base for installation of the pipeline is Fourchon, Louisiana.

If you should have any questions, please call me at 832/636-8758.

esor Hothere

Sincerely,

Susan Hathcock

Regulatory & Environmental Coordinator

SH/me

Enclosures (1)

#### **CONSISTENCY CERTIFICATION**

# Anadarko Petroleum Corporation's Certification of Consistency with the State of Florida Coastal Management Program

#### INTRODUCTION

This Consistency Certification is an evaluation by Anadarko Petroleum Corporation (APC) of its proposed right-of-way (ROW) pipeline between APC's Independence Hub in Mississippi Canyon Block 920 and its proposed production subsea facility in Lloyd Ridge Area Block 399 for any reasonably foreseeable coastal effects on the land, water uses, or natural resources of the coastal zone of Florida, pursuant to the enforceable policies of the Florida Coastal Management Program (FCMP).

APC plans to lay a pipeline and an associated umbilical between the Independence Hub in Mississippi Canyon Block 920 and its subsea production facility in Lloyd Ridge Block 399. The pipeline is an 8-inch by 10-inch east flow pipeline. The activities proposed in the ROW pipeline application will occur in outer continental shelf (OCS) waters, offshore Alabama, approximately 214 miles from the nearest Florida shoreline. APC believes that the planned activities will have little, if any, effect beyond the area immediately adjacent to the proposed activity sites, and that the possibility of any impacts to Florida's coastal zone is remote. However, APC has undertaken this consistency evaluation and believes that the proposed activities comply with the enforceable policies of the FCMP and will be conducted in a manner consistent with this Program.

The activities will be conducted in accordance with Minerals Management Service (MMS) and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) regulations, applicable Notices to Lessees (NTLs), conditions in the approved permits, and lease stipulations. All required Federal permits will be obtained, and all activities will be conducted in compliance with such regulations, NTLs, conditions, and stipulations.

#### **CONSISTENCY ANALYSIS**

The FCMP is authorized by the Florida Coastal Management Act, Chapter 380, Land and Water Management, Part II, Coastal Planning and Management, of the Florida Statutes. For this consistency certification, APC has analyzed the proposed action in relation to 16 chapters of the Florida Statutes identified by the State as "core enforceable policies" having specific applicability to offshore oil and gas activity:

- (1) Chapter 161 Beach and Shore Preservation
- (2) Chapter 252 Emergency Management
- (3) Chapter 253 State Lands
- (4) Chapter 258 State Parks and Preserves
- (5) Chapter 259 Land Acquisitions for Conservation or Recreation
- (6) Chapter 260 Recreational Trails System
- (7) Chapter 267 Archives, History, and Records Management
- (8) Chapter 288 Commercial Development and Capital Improvements

- (9) Chapter 370 Saltwater Fisheries
- (10) Chapter 372 Wildlife
- (11) Chapter 373 Water Resources
- (12) Chapter 375 Outdoor Recreation and Conservation
- (13) Chapter 376 Pollution Discharge Prevention and Removal
- (14) Chapter 377 Energy Resources
- (15) Chapter 403 Environmental Control
- (16) Chapter 582 Soil and Water Conservation

#### 1. Chapter 161 - Beach and Shore Preservation

The enforceable policies in this chapter recognize that coastal areas are among the State's most valuable natural, aesthetic, and economic resources and that they protect and provide habitat for a variety of plant and animal life. The State is required to protect beach and dune systems from imprudent activities that could weaken, damage, or destroy the integrity of the system, manage coastal sediments to reduce erosion, and restore and maintain critically eroding beaches. The State also designates coastal areas used, or likely to be used, by sea turtles for nesting and prohibits the removal of vegetative cover that binds sand. This chapter includes Part I, Regulation of Construction, Reconstruction, and Other Physical Activity; Part II, Beach and Shore Preservation Districts; and Part III, Coastal Zone Protection.

As APC will be using the existing dock and port facilities in the Port Fourchon, Louisiana area and helicopter facilities in Galliano, Louisiana during the proposed operations, there will be no new construction, dredging, or filling on Florida's lands or waters that could weaken, damage, or destroy the integrity of the system or cause erosion of beaches. In addition, oil spill impacts on Florida beaches and other coastal areas are highly unlikely due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional Oil Spill Response Plan (OSRP), which addresses procedures for containment, recovery, and removal of an oil spill and (2) the distance from shore (approximately 214 miles). The precautions included in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of protecting beach and dune systems. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 161.

## 2. Chapter 252 – Emergency Management

The enforceable policies of this chapter direct the State to reduce the vulnerability of its people and property to natural and manmade disasters; prepare for, respond to, and reduce the impacts of natural and manmade disasters; and decrease the time and resources needed to recover from disasters. Disaster mitigation is necessary to ensure the common defense of Floridians' lives and to protect the public peace, health, and safety. The policies provide the means to assist in the prevention or mitigation of emergencies that may be caused or aggravated by the inadequate planning or regulation of facilities and land uses. State agencies are directed to keep land uses and facility construction under continuing study and identify areas that are particularly susceptible to natural or manmade catastrophic occurrences.

The proposed activities do not involve construction or operation of any facilities in the State of Florida. Therefore, a large oil spill is the only emergency that is considered relevant to this

analysis. APC has developed a Sub-Regional OSRP that outlines response actions, inspection and maintenance of response equipment, required spill response drills, governmental notification procedures, inventories of response equipment, response team organization, spill movement monitoring, and contingency plans for oil spill containment, recovery, and removal. An oil spill is highly unlikely to reach Florida waters or shorelines due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional OSRP and (2) the distance from shore (approximately 214 miles). The precautions included in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of preparing for and responding to an oil spill and reducing the vulnerability of Florida's people and resources to impacts if such a spill occurred. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 252.

## 3. Chapter 253 - State Lands

This chapter, in part, defines State-owned and State-managed lands and grants authority to acquire and lease lands and to grant rights-of-way and easements. The enforceable policies guide the management of State-owned and sovereign submerged lands and property by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund (Trustees). Lands acquired for preservation, conservation, and recreation serve the public interest by contributing to the public health, welfare, and economy. In carrying out the requirements of this statute, the Trustees are directed to take necessary action to fully conserve and protect State lands, maintain natural conditions, protect and enhance natural areas and ecosystems, prevent damage and depredation, and preserve archaeological and historical resources. All submerged lands are considered single-use lands to be maintained in natural condition for the propagation of fish and wildlife and public recreation. Where multiple-uses are permitted, ecosystem integrity, recreational benefits, and wildlife values are conserved and protected.

During the operations along the pipeline route between Mississippi Canyon Block 920 and Lloyd Ridge Block 399, APC will not seek to lease or acquire rights-of-way across Florida State lands. The proposed operations will be conducted offshore Alabama, and at existing dock and port facilities located in the Port Fourchon, Louisiana area and helicopter facilities at Galliano, Louisiana. There will be no pipeline construction requiring acquisition of rights-of-way or easements on Florida State lands. In addition, oil spill impacts on State-owned and managed lands are highly unlikely due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional OSRP, which addresses procedures for containment, recovery, and removal of an oil spill and (2) the distance from shore (approximately 214 miles). The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies to fully conserve and protect State lands and other natural areas and ecosystems. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 253.

## 4. Chapter 258 - State Parks and Preserves

State parks, aquatic preserves, and recreation areas are acquired to exemplify the State's natural values and to ensure that these values are conserved for all time. Parks and preserves are managed for the non-depleting use, enjoyment, and benefit of Floridians and visitors and to contribute to the State's tourist appeal. Aquatic preserves are recognized as having exceptional biological, aesthetic, and scientific value and are set aside for the benefit of future generations. Disruptive physical activities and polluting discharges are highly restricted in aquatic preserves. State managed wild and scenic rivers possess exceptionally remarkable and unique ecological,

fish and wildlife, and recreational values and are designated for permanent preservation and enhancement for both the present and future.

Chapter 258 specifies limitations on dredge-and-fill activities, discharges, erection of structures, and drilling for oil or gas within aquatic preserves. APC's proposed activities along the proposed pipeline route are not within or adjacent to any State parks or aquatic preserves. Hydrostatic testing discharges for the proposed activity will be governed by the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) General Permit or an Individual Permit; impacts will be localized in deep, offshore waters, and will not have any effect on State parks, aquatic preserves, and recreation areas. Finally, oil spill impacts in these coastal areas are highly unlikely due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional OSRP, which addresses procedures for containment, recovery, and removal of an oil spill and (2) the distance from shore (approximately 214 miles). The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of preserving and protecting the natural resources and aesthetic values of Florida's State parks, aquatic preserves, and recreation areas. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 258.

## 5. Chapter 259 - Land Acquisitions for Conservation or Recreation

This chapter discusses the "Land Conservation Act" and the acquisition of lands or water areas for preservation, conservation, and recreational purposes. The chapter indicates an area is of special importance to the State if it involves an endangered or natural resource in imminent danger of development, is of unique value to the State, will result in irreparable loss to the State, or will impair the State's ability to manage or protect other State-owned lands. The enforceable policies guide the acquisition and management of lands to conserve and maintain the State's unique natural resources, protect environmental quality, and provide recreation opportunities for the benefit of future generations. Florida's legislature and citizens have made a tremendous financial commitment to long-term land acquisitions that will preserve and restore unique ecosystems, habitats, water resources, and recreational lands.

APC will be using existing dock and port facilities in Port Fourchon, Louisiana and helicopter facilities in Galliano, Louisiana during the proposed activities. Therefore, there will be no new development, construction, dredging, or filling on Florida's lands or waters. In addition, hydrostatic testing discharges for the proposed activity will be governed by the NPDES General Permit or an Individual Permit; impacts will be localized in deep, offshore waters and will not have any effect on Florida lands being acquired or managed for preservation, conservation, or recreational purposes. Finally, oil spill impacts in these coastal areas are highly unlikely due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional OSRP, which addresses procedures for containment, recovery, and removal of an oil spill and (2) the distance from shore (approximately 214 miles). The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of managing lands to conserve and maintain the State's unique natural resources, protect environmental quality, and provide recreation opportunities. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 259.

#### 6. Chapter 260 - Recreational Trails System

This chapter discusses the "Florida Greenways and Trails Act," and the State policies to conserve, develop, and use its natural resources for healthful and recreational purposes by the establishment of a "Florida Greenways and Trails System." The System serves to provide recreational opportunities, including, among others, canoeing, jogging, and historical and archaeological interpretation, by acquiring designated lands and waterways for open space to benefit environmentally sensitive lands and wildlife.

As APC will be using existing dock and port facilities in the Port Fourchon, Louisiana area and helicopter facilities in Galliano, Louisiana, there will be no new construction, dredging, or filling on Florida's lands or waters, and no motorized watercraft will conduct any operations within or adjacent to any defined canoe trail necessary to ensure the safe use of a water body for canoes. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with the core policies of Chapter 260.

## 7. Chapter 267 - Archives, History, and Records Management

This chapter discusses the "Florida Historical Resources Act," the State policy to locate, inventory, and evaluate historic properties, and the preservation by the Division of Historical Resources of the Department of State, of all historical property, including sunken or abandoned ships with intrinsic historical or archaeological value. The enforceable policies recognize the State's rich and unique heritage of historic resources and direct the State to locate, acquire, protect, preserve, operate, and interpret historic and archaeological resources for the benefit of current and future generations of Floridians. Objects or artifacts with intrinsic historic or archaeological value located on, or abandoned on, State-owned lands or State-owned submerged lands belong to the citizens of the State. The Act operates in conjunction with the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 to require State and Federal agencies to consider the effect of their direct or indirect actions on historic and archaeological resources. These resources cannot be destroyed or altered unless no prudent alternative exists. Unavoidable impacts must be mitigated.

In compliance with MMS NTL 98-20, APC engaged C & C Technologies, Inc. (C&C) to evaluate 3-D seismic data in the preparation of a Shallow Hazards Report, in order to identify and assess the seafloor and shallow geologic conditions along the pipeline route.

The blocks along the pipeline route are not on the MMS list of blocks determined to have a high probability of either prehistoric or historical archaeological resources. Therefore, no archaeological survey or report is required under NTL 2002-G01. It is highly unlikely that objects or artifacts with intrinsic historic or archaeological value would be affected by APC's activities. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with the core policies of Chapter 267.

C&C delineated 140 unidentified sonar targets during the route survey. The locations of all unidentified side-scan sonar contacts as well as manmade features will be noted and avoided during the pipeline installation.

## 8. Chapter 288 - Commercial Development and Capital Improvements

Chapter 288 establishes enforceable policies that promote and develop the general business, trade, and tourism components of the State economy. The policies include requirements to protect and promote the natural, coastal, historical, and cultural tourism assets of the State, foster the development of nature-based tourism and recreation, and upgrade the image of Florida as a quality destination. Natural resource-based tourism and recreational activities are critical sectors of Florida's economy. The needs of the environment must be balanced with the need for growth and economic development.

As APC will be using existing dock and port facilities in the Port Fourchon, Louisiana area and helicopter facilities in Galliano, Louisiana during the proposed operations, there will be no activities conducted in Florida that would affect the general business, trade, or tourism components of the State economy. There will be no project-associated vessel or aircraft traffic in Florida waters, and there are no plans to purchase supplies or equipment in Florida. The project area is at least 214 miles from the nearest Florida shoreline, and activities will not be visible from the coast or Florida State waters. Hydrostatic testing discharges for the proposed activity will be governed by the NPDES General Permit or an Individual Permit; impacts will be localized in deep, offshore waters and will not pollute Florida land or waters. Disposal of trash and debris into the ocean is strictly prohibited, and waste management practices required by MMS under NTL 2003-G11 and Lease Stipulation No. 4 will minimize the chance of trash or debris being lost overboard and subsequently washing up on beaches. Oil spill impacts in Florida coastal areas are highly unlikely due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional OSRP, which addresses procedures for containment, recovery, and removal of an oil spilland (2) the distance from shore (approximately 214 miles). The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of protecting the natural, coastal, historical, and cultural tourism assets of the State and maintaining the image of Florida as a quality destination. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 288.

### 9. Chapter 370 - Saltwater Fisheries

The enforceable policies of this chapter direct the State to conserve and manage its renewable marine fishery resources through the protection and management of marine habitat and saltwater fisheries. The paramount conservation and management objective is the continuing health and abundance of the resource. Best available information must be used to manage and protect the State's marine, crustacean, shellfish, and finfish resources and to regulate the commercial and recreational use of the State's saltwater fisheries to ensure optimum sustained benefits to the people of the State.

Hydrostatic testing discharges will be in compliance with the standards imposed by the NPDES General Permit or an Individual Permit. Water quality is expected to quickly return to normal in the area after operations have been completed. Due to the low toxicity and rapid dispersion of discharges, little or no impact on water column biota is likely, including fish larvae that recruit to nearshore nursery areas.

APC's Sub-Regional OSRP outlines response actions for specific hypothetical spill events. The Sub-Regional OSRP makes provisions for the use of a dispersant by boat or aerial application, but notes that before a dispersant can be applied, Federal and State authorities must grant permission. Additional items that are addressed in the plan include provisions for inspection and maintenance of response equipment; required spill response drills; procedures for spill notification to government agencies; inventories of locally and nationally available response equipment; hierarchy of response team organization; provisions for disposal of wastes; and procedures for monitoring and predicting spill movement. If an oil spill should occur, APC's Sub-Regional OSRP addresses plans and procedures for containment, recovery, and removal. The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of conserving and protecting marine habitat and saltwater fisheries and maintaining the continuing health and abundance of the resource. Therefore, APC's proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 370.

#### 10. Chapter 372 - Wildlife

This chapter discusses the "Florida Endangered and Threatened Species Act" and its implementation by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission to conserve and protect the fish and wildlife resources of the State, particularly those species defined as endangered or threatened. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission has established a Wildlife Habitat Program, and a Conservation and Recreation Lands Program Trust Fund, for acquiring and managing lands for the conservation of fish and wildlife. The enforceable policies direct the State to conserve its diverse fish and wildlife resources. Florida has more endangered or threatened species than any other continental state; therefore, the protection of species defined as endangered or threatened is emphasized. State lands that provide habitat needed by these species shall be maintained and enhanced for their value as fish and wildlife habitat. Substances thrown, spilled, drained, or discharged into fresh waters that injure or kill fish are expressly prohibited.

As APC will be using the existing dock and port facilities in the Port Fourchon, Louisiana area and helicopter facilities in Galliano, Louisiana, there will be no new construction, dredging, or filling on Florida's lands or waters to affect wildlife habitats or recreation lands. Hydrostatic testing discharges for the proposed activity will be governed by the NPDES General Permit or an Individual Permit; impacts will be localized in deep, offshore waters and will not pollute Florida land or waters. Disposal of trash and debris into the ocean is strictly prohibited, and waste management practices required by MMS under NTL 2003-G11 and Lease Stipulation No. 4 will minimize the chance of trash or debris being lost overboard and subsequently endangering Florida wildlife. Oil spill impacts in Florida coastal areas are highly unlikely due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional OSRP, which addresses procedures for containment, recovery, and removal of an oil spill and (2) the distance from shore (approximately 214 miles). The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of conserving Florida's fish and wildlife resources, including endangered or threatened species. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 372.

#### 11. Chapter 373 - Water Resources

This chapter establishes enforceable policies that guide the management and protection of water resources, water quality, and environmental quality. The policies address the conservation of surface and ground waters for full beneficial use; sustainable water management; preservation of natural resources, fish, and wildlife; protecting public land; and promoting the health and general welfare of Floridians. The State manages and conserves water and related natural resources by determining whether activities will unreasonably consume water, degrade water quality, or adversely affect environmental values such as protected species habitat, recreational pursuits, and marine productivity.

As APC will be using the existing dock and port facilities in the Port Fourchon, Louisiana area and helicopter facilities in Galliano, Louisiana, there will be no usage of Florida water resources and no new construction, dredging, or filling on Florida's lands or waters to affect water quality, protected habitat, recreational pursuits, or marine productivity. Hydrostatic testing discharges for the proposed activity will be governed by the NPDES General Permit or an Individual Permit; impacts will be localized in deep, offshore waters and will not pollute Florida land or waters. In addition, oil spill impacts on Florida water resources are highly unlikely due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional OSRP, which addresses procedures for containment, recovery, and removal of an oil spill and (2) the distance from shore (approximately 214 miles). The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of conserving surface and ground waters for full beneficial use and protecting natural resources, fish, wildlife, and public lands. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 373.

## 12. Chapter 375 - Outdoor Recreation and Conservation

This chapter discusses the "Outdoor Recreation and Conservation Act of 1963" and the responsibility of the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) to implement a comprehensive outdoor recreation plan in cooperation with the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and the water management districts. The FDEP participates in the land and water conservation fund program to acquire lands and water areas for outdoor recreation, natural resource conservation, wildlife and forestry management, and water conservation and control. The Act also empowers the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission to regulate motor vehicle access and traffic control on public lands.

APC will be using the existing dock and port facilities in the Port Fourchon, Louisiana area and helicopter facilities in Galliano, Louisiana. Therefore, there will be no new construction, dredging, or filling on Florida's lands or waters, and no new vehicle traffic on public lands. In addition, oil spill impacts on Florida conservation, recreation, or resource areas are highly unlikely due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional OSRP, which addresses procedures for containment, recovery, and removal of an oil spill and (2) the distance from shore (approximately 214 miles). The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of preserving Florida's lands and water areas for outdoor recreation, conservation, and wildlife management. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 375.

## 13. Chapter 376 - Pollution Discharge Prevention and Removal

Chapter 376 declares that the preservation of the seacoast as a source of public and private recreation and the preservation of water and certain lands are matters of the highest urgency and priority and shall be accomplished by maintaining surface and ground water, coastal waters, estuaries, tidal flats, beaches, and public lands adjoining the seacoast in as close to a pristine condition as possible. The discharge of pollutants into or upon any coastal waters, estuaries, tidal flats, beaches, and lands adjoining the seacoast of the State is declared to be inimical to the paramount interests of the State and is prohibited. The statute provides for hazards and threats of danger and damages resulting from any pollutant discharge to be evaluated, requires the prompt containment and removal of pollution, provides penalties for violations, and ensures the prompt payment of reasonable damages from a discharge. Portions of Chapter 376 serve as a complement to the national contingency plan portions of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act.

APC has prepared a Sub-Regional OSRP as required for the Eastern Planning Area, which must be consistent with the National Contingency Plan, and with the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA), in order to obtain MMS approval. As APC will be using the existing dock and port facilities in the Port Fourchon, Louisiana area, there will be no transfers between vessels and Florida onshore facilities. As to transfers between offshore facilities and vessels, APC's Sub-Regional OSRP outlines response actions, inspection and maintenance of response equipment, required spill response drills, governmental notification procedures, inventories of response equipment, response team organization, spill movement monitoring, and contingency plans for oil spill containment, recovery, and removal. The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of preventing unauthorized pollutant discharges and maintaining surface and ground water, coastal waters, estuaries, tidal flats, beaches, and public lands in as close to a pristine condition as possible. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 376.

## 14. Chapter 377 - Energy Resources

The State's policy is to conserve and control the oil and gas resources in the State, including products made from these resources, and to safeguard the health, property, and welfare of Floridians. To accomplish this, Chapter 377 addresses the regulation, planning, and development of the energy resources of the State. The FDEP is authorized to regulate all phases of exploration, drilling, and production of oil, gas, and other petroleum products in the State. This chapter describes the permitting requirements and criteria necessary to drill for and develop oil and gas. FDEP rules ensure that all precautions are taken to prevent the spillage of oil or any other pollutant in all phases of extraction and transportation.

The State explicitly prohibits pollution resulting from drilling and production activities. No person drilling for or producing oil, gas, or other petroleum products may pollute land or water; damage aquatic or marine life, wildlife, birds, or public or private property; or allow any extraneous matter to enter or damage any mineral or freshwater-bearing formation. Penalties for violations of any provisions of this chapter are detailed.

The proposed project does not involve any activities in Florida that are regulated by the FDEP. Hydrostatic testing discharges will be in accordance with the NPDES General Permit or an

Individual Permit; impacts will be localized in deep, offshore waters and will not pollute Florida land or waters, damage wildlife or public or private property, or contaminate any mineral or fireshwater-bearing formation. Disposal of trash and debris into the ocean is strictly prohibited, and waste management practices required by MMS under NTL 2003-G11 and Lease Stipulation No. 4 will minimize the chance of trash or debris being lost overboard and subsequently washing up on Florida shorelines or waters. Oil spill impacts in Florida coastal areas are highly unlikely due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional OSRP, which addresses procedures for containment, recovery, and removal of an oil spill and (2) the distance from shore (approximately 214 miles). The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of safeguarding the health, property, and welfare of Floridians and preventing pollution during offshore activities. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 377.

## 15. Chapter 403 – Environmental Control

Chapter 403 establishes enforceable policies that guide environmental control efforts by conserving State waters, protecting and improving water quality for consumption and for the propagation of fish and wildlife, and maintaining air quality to protect human health and plant and animal life. Statutory provisions are enacted to protect the health, peace, safety, and general welfare of the people of the State. The statute provides wide-ranging authority to address various environmental control concerns, including air and water pollution, resource recovery and management, solid and hazardous waste management, drinking water protection, pollution prevention, ecosystem management, and natural gas transmission pipeline siting. Chapter 403 declares that pollution of the air and waters is a menace to public health and is harmful to wildlife, fish, and other aquatic life; that the policy of the State is to conserve, maintain, and improve its waters and air quality, and to develop a comprehensive program for its prevention, abatement, and control of pollution by establishing ambient air and water quality standards.

Projected air emissions for the proposed activities fall well below allowable exemption levels and will not result in onshore ambient air concentrations above significant levels as prescribed in the regulations. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with the core policies of Chapter 403.

Hydrostatic testing discharges shall be in compliance with the standards imposed by the USEPA Region IV NPDES General Permit or an Individual Permit. Discharges from project activities may temporarily affect water quality in the immediate vicinity of the operations, but would not affect water quality or wildlife in Florida State waters. Pollution of coastal waters by an oil spill is highly unlikely due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional OSRP, which addresses procedures for containment, recovery, and removal of an oil spill; and (2) the distance from shore (approximately 214 miles). The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of conserving State waters and protecting water and air quality. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 403.

## 16. Chapter 582 - Soil and Water Conservation

The enforceable policies in this chapter require the conservation, development, and use of soil and water resources to preserve natural resources and to control and prevent soil erosion. Soil stabilization preserves State and private lands, protects wildlife habitat, maintains water quality, assists in the maintenance of navigable waterways, and prevents the impairment of dams and reservoirs.

The proposed operations will be conducted offshore Alabama, and at APC's existing dock and port facilities located in the Port Fourchon, Louisiana area and helicopter facilities at Galliano, Louisiana. Routine operations will not involve any construction or other activities in Florida that could result in soil erosion. Oil spill impacts on Florida soils are highly unlikely due to (1) the measures detailed in APC's Sub-Regional OSRP, which addresses procedures for containment, recovery, and removal of an oil spill and (2) the distance from shore (approximately 214 miles). Any cleanup or recovery activities in Florida would be conducted using applicable best management practices to minimize soil erosion. The precautions in APC's plan are consistent with the core policies of preserving Florida's natural resources and preventing soil erosion. Therefore, the proposed activities are consistent with Chapter 582.

#### **CERTIFICATION**

The proposed activity complies with the enforceable policies of Florida's approved Coastal Management Program and will be conducted in a manner consistent with such Program.

ANADARKO PETROLEUM CORPORATION

L. Susan Hathcock

Regulatory & Environmental Coordinator

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May 13, 2005

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		91.6	90.4	148 Anode (ife: (years)
		22.0	291	147 Number of anodes
		480	480	146 Spacing (feet)
		400	72.7	
		Audilidia	Aluminum	144 Anode Type, e.g. Galvalum III, Atuminum, etc
		Al Minues	Bracelet Anodes	143 Design Type: e.g.: bracelet anodes; anode sleds
		Dropolo+ Apodos		
		35	NA	F
		VIV	2.21	*\ \(\lambda\)
		90.0	2.2.1	137 Baile pipe specific gravity
-		200	322	136 Coating thickness (mils) (Mils/NA)
		NA .	No.	135 Type internal compation coating (Type/NA)
		NA	NIA	134 Coating thickness (inches)
		NA.	NA	133 Concrete spating density (pdf)
		NA	NA	132 Corresion coating incorress (mus)
		18	18	131 I ype external comosion coausig
		Fusion Bonded Epoxy	Fusion Bonded Epoxy	
		8		129 Fryiliystaliciest pressure (bsg)
		9100 (refer to application)	cation)	
		API-5L X65	API-5L X65	
		0.862	0.675	126 Uptside dialization (include)
		10 3/4	8 5/8	ď
	Diameter 3	Diameter 2	Diameter 1	124
				123 Paraffin anticipated (Y/N)
		7		122 Hydrates anticipated (Y/N)
				121 Inhibition program planned? (Y/N)
				Talvinilisms disserts and
		-	140	Maymin anti-nated bipating immerature (dedices F)
			0	3S. CODECOURTE OF THE CONTROL OF THE
			32.1	alestablically of white in 1911 for the control of
			NA	113 Operation flow rate of oil/contensate (b/d)
			0.65	The Confidence (A) = 1 (A)
			210	10 i Dennie Di Codes voca.
				11) Pineline product data
				112
			11/1/2005	111 Construction start date (projected)
			21	110 Plue in e construction duration (days)
			Fourchon	109 Onshore Facility Location
			NA NA	108 Maximum archor spread (feet or NA)
			DP Vessel	107 Pipeline installation method e.g. lay harge, DP vessel, jeck up
				106 Construction/Air Quality Data
			Z	
				102 Wahifold/subsea templates/etc. along proeting other than at origin or destination? (YVIN):::::::::::::::::
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					NA .	Toro wall if MCD > MAOD is redundant DCH and independent SDVs required (Confirm Yes)
					Yes	
					Yes	301 PSHL required at departing end of pipeline (Confirm Yes)
						299 Safety Design Review
				3	10	298
					Attached	
					2.69	
					9658	
					3591	
					8080	
						292 Collapse Information (Deepwater Pipelines Only)
					¥	290 3tor responsibility transfer point shown? (Yes/NA)
					Varies-refer to application	280 Calculated societies WAOP (OSig)
					NA	
					NA S	286 Origin/destination specification breaks shown on schematic. (1/144)
					Ves	MSH/MAWH/Silit: of source snown: tusig!
					8 100	284 Pressure source identified (   Well; Separator; pump; etc.)
						283 Safety Schematic Information
						282
					8/10/2004	281 Date split plan approved (Actual Date or "Pending")
					OSRP	
						278 Spill Response Plan Data
					NA	Ī
					NA	
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						273 Surface Tie-in Data
						27) Il Saliu Dags useu, 3 coverage required (1745)
					NA	T
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						262 Subsea Tie-in Data
						261
-					NA	
					NA	256 Air Dispersion Model attached as H <sub>2</sub> S concentration greater than 500 ppm (Y/pending/NA)
						Audit (St. Autom (St. Autom))
-					NA	H3S Operations Contingency Plan attached as H3S concentration greater than 20 ppm
						257 H <sub>2</sub> S Contingency Plan and Modeling Data
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Nica	Area	Tacitification (1998)	CINGIN		Dury Core	Product Code	Pine Size	Authority Code	Approval Code	Operator Code	Operator	Right-of-Way Permittee Code	Right-of-Way Permittee	Right-of-Way Number	- gment Number	0	Name	PIPELINE MASTER ENTRY SHEET	Do Not Enter Data Below Hils Lille -	MMS lise Only											If yes, specify.	0ther departures requested? (Y/M)	Waiver from NTL 98-20 (buoying of hazards) requested? (Y/N)	Departure Data		in crossover platform is non-manned and non-production, FSV required (Confirm Yes/NA)		PSHL required at departing point (Confirm Yes/NA)	If crossover platform (pipeline does not receive production), SDV required at boarding point and	If cas lift or water injection flowline on manned platform, SDV required (Confirm Yes/NA)	If gas lift or water injection flowline on unmanned platform, FSV required (Confirm Yes/NA)	If subsea tie-in and bi-directional flow, block valve required (Confirm Yes/NA)	If subsea tie-in and uni-directional flow, FSV and block valve required (Confirm Yes/NA)	ALCHARACT INCIII) CATA ST ST. ST. ST. ST. ST. ST. ST. ST. ST.	If production facility and bi-directional flow, SDV and PSHL required (Confirm Yes/NA)	If production facility and uni-directional flow, SDV and FSV required (Confirm Yes/NA)	builty on the constraint	If pump on line must be consistent with API RP 14C A7 (Confirm Yes/NA)	If his tran present safety equipment can not be bypassed (Confirm True)	Of a vertice of the SDV required (Confirm Yes/NA)	For production equipment, if MSP > MAOP, a feduildaric for which independent of the control of t	A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A  A	
	Lloyd Ridge	NA	PLET				8 5/8		Kiğili-Ul-VVay	Dight of Way	00081	h andarka Datroleum Corporat																		Waive magnetometer for 2000	API 1111 For Collapse Resist	Tes	Sel			NA	<u> </u>	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA		Yes	NA		NA NA	NA	Yes	NA		B
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a .			·	377 378 Comments	Right-of-Way Status Code	Signed MAOF Opeline Status Code	Recv MAOP	Recy Segment No. (Sub-s	870 Bi-directional Flag	Buried Designator Flag	imum Water Depth (fe	366 Minimum Water Depth (feet)	Cathodic Code	363 State + Federal Pipeline Length	OCS Segment Length	360 Lease	Block	Identifier	6 Facility Type		Block		
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